

## **PART VIII.**

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**BIOGRAPHICAL.**



## BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

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### MEMBERS OF THE FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

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#### SENATORS.

**WILLIAM FREEMAN VILAS** (Dem.), was born in Chelsea, Orange county, Vermont, July 9, 1840. He removed with his parents to Wisconsin in 1851, and settled at Madison; graduated from the University of Wisconsin in 1858, and from the Albany, N. Y., law school in 1860. He was admitted to the bar of the supreme court of New York and Wisconsin in 1860, and began practice at Madison, in the 20th year of his age. In 1862 he entered the military service as captain of Company A, 23rd regiment Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry, which company he had raised and organized. The regiment in a few weeks joined the forces under Major General William T. Sherman, who was then preparing for the reduction of the stronghold of Vicksburg, on the Mississippi river. The regiment took part in several of the engagements preceding Grant's investment and siege of Vicksburg. Captain Vilas was promoted major of the regiment, February 23, 1863; and March 23 was promoted lieutenant-colonel. For a month during the siege and two months after, he was in command of the regiment. In August, 1863, he resigned, returned home and resumed the practice of law. He was one of the professors in the college of law, University of Wisconsin; was one of two counselors appointed by the supreme court to revise and annotate the first twenty volumes of the supreme court reports; was appointed by the supreme court one of three commissioners to revise the statutes of the state pursuant to an act passed in 1875; was member of the assembly in 1885, which office he resigned to accept a seat in President Cleveland's cabinet as Postmaster-General. He served in that department until January, 1888, and was then transferred to the Department of the Interior as its secretary for the remainder of President Cleveland's term of office. On the 28th of January, 1891, he was elected United States senator as a democrat, to succeed John C. Spooner, receiving in joint legislative convention, 83 votes against 45 for John C. Spooner, republican. His term of office expires March 4, 1897.

**JOHN LENDRUM MITCHELL** (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born in Milwaukee, October 19, 1842; received an academic education; was second lieutenant of Co. I and first lieutenant of Co. E, 24th Wis. Vols. Inf. in the war of the Rebellion; was adjutant of brigade, aide-de-camp and ordnance officer of division; participated in the battles of Perryville, Murfreesboro and Hoover's Gap. Was state senator in 1872-73, 1876-77; president of the school board of Milwaukee 1884-85; member of the board of managers of the National Home for Disabled Soldiers in 1885; president of the Wisconsin State Agricultural society in 1889-90. Was elected to the fifty-second congress from the Milwaukee district in 1890, and re-elected in 1892, receiving 19,616 votes against 18,294 for Theodore Otjen, republican; 829 for Theodore Fritz, peoples party; 349 for E. L. Eaton, prohibitionist. He was elected, as a democrat, to succeed Philletus Sawyer in the United States senate, receiving 77 votes in joint legislative convention, against 46 for John C. Spooner, republican, and 1 for Gen. Edward S. Bragg. His term of office will expire March 4, 1899.

## REPRESENTATIVES.

### FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

#### *First District.*

Kenosha, Racine, Walworth, Rock, Green and Lafayette counties. Population in 1890—165,920.

HENRY ALLEN COOPER (Rep.), of Racine, Wis., was born in Walworth county, Wisconsin; received a common school and collegiate education, graduating at the Northwestern University in 1873, and from the Union College of Law in 1875; is by profession a lawyer; resided in Chicago from 1873 to 1879; otherwise has always resided in Wisconsin; began practice in Burlington, Racine county, in 1879; in 1880 was elected district attorney; re-elected without opposition in 1882 and 1884; delegate to National republican convention in 1884; state senator in 1886; was elected member of the Fifty-third Congress in 1892. In 1894 he was elected to the Fifty-fourth Congress, receiving 21,973 votes, against 12,334 for Andrew Kull, democrat, 2,828 for Hamilton Utley, peoples, and 1,615 for Alex. S. Kaye, prohibitionist.

#### *Second District.*

Jefferson, Dodge, Dane and Columbia counties. Population in 1890—155,809.

EDWARD SAUERHERING (Rep.) of Mayville, Dodge county, was born at Mayville, June 24, 1864. He was educated in the Mayville public schools and high school and graduated from the Chicago College of Pharmacy in 1885. His occupation is that of a pharmacist. He was nominated for the assembly from the first district of Dodge county in 1892, but was defeated by the democratic candidate, and was elected to congress in 1894. He ran 130 votes ahead of his ticket in the district, receiving 18,497 votes, against 17,933 for Charles Barwig, democrat, 1,433 for John Sutton, prohibition, and 455 for B. W. Hewitt, populist.

#### *Third District.*

Grant, Iowa, Crawford, Richland, Sauk, Vernon, Juneau and Adams. Population in 1890—172,572.

JOSEPH WEEKS BABCOCK (Rep.), of Necedah, Juneau county, was born at Swanton Falls, Vermont, March 6, 1850; received a common school education at Cedar Falls and Mount Vernon, Iowa; came to Wisconsin in 1881; prior to that time residing on a farm in Butler county, Iowa, from 1856 to 1881; in Cedar Falls, Iowa, from 1861 to 1872; and in Dubuque, Iowa, from 1872 to 1881; was chairman of the town of Necedah and president of that village; member of the assembly of the Wisconsin legislature in 1889 and 1890; was elected to the Fifty-third congress in 1892 for the full term, from March 4, 1893, to March 4, 1895. In 1894 he was elected to the Fifty-fourth congress, receiving 22,267 votes against, 14,598 for Cyrus M. Butt, democrat and peoples, and 1,374 for John C. Martin, prohibitionist.

#### *Fourth District.*

The first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, eleventh, twelfth, fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, seventeenth and eighteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee (all the city except the tenth and thirteenth wards) and the towns of Franklin, Greenfield, Lake and Oak Creek in Milwaukee county. Population in 1890—181,975.

THEOBALD OTJEN (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born October 27, 1831, at West China, Michigan. He was educated at an academy at Marine City, Michigan, and at a private school in Detroit. He graduated from the Michigan university law department in 1875. He resided at Milwaukee from 1870 to 1872, and has resided there continuously since 1882.



He was yard foreman of the rolling mills during the former period, and since 1875 has been an attorney at law. He was the village attorney of Bay View, Wisconsin, from 1883 to 1886, alderman of Milwaukee and member of the Milwaukee public library and museum board from April, 1887, to April, 1894. He was defeated for congress in 1892 and 1893, and for comptroller of the city of Milwaukee in 1890; but in every case running largely ahead of his ticket. He was elected to the house of representatives in 1894, receiving 17,997 votes against 12,375 for David S. Rose, democrat, and 7,110 for Henry Smith, populist.

#### *Fifth District.*

Sheboygan, Ozaukee, Washington and Waukesha counties, and the tenth and thirteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee, and the towns of Granville, Milwaukee and Wauwatosa in Milwaukee county. Population in 1890—167,579.

SAMUEL S. BARNEY (Rep.), of West Bend, Washington county, was born January 31, 1846, at Hartford, Wisconsin. He received his education in the public schools and at Lombard University at Galesburg, Ill. He taught at Hartford from 1869 to 1872, when he commenced the study of law with the late attorney general, L. F. Frisby, and was admitted to practice in 1872. He has ever since practiced law at West Bend, and is now senior member of the firm of Barney & Kuechenmeister. He edited the *Washington County Republican*, now the *Hartford Press*, at West Bend from 1872 and 1873; was superintendent of schools of Washington county for four years, beginning January 1, 1876, and was an unsuccessful candidate for congress against General Bragg in the old fifth district in 1884. He was elected to the house of representatives in 1894, receiving 18,681 votes against Henry Blank, democrat, who received 13,057, and Fred C. Runge, populist, who received 3,794.

#### *Sixth District.*

Waushara, Marquette, Green Lake, Fond du Lac, Winnebago, Calumet, and Manitowoc counties. Population in 1890—187,001.

SAMUEL A. COOK (Rep.), of Neenah, was born January 28, 1849, in the province of Ontario, and came to Wisconsin in the year 1856. Received a common school education and is engaged in manufacturing and farming. He enlisted in Company A, Second Wisconsin cavalry, and served under General Custer, being mustered out at close of the war. In 1889 he was mayor of Neenah, and served in the legislature in 1891. In 1892 he was a delegate to the National convention at Minneapolis. His mother and sister are among those lost on the ill-fated "Lady Elgin," in September, 1860. He was elected to the Fifty-fourth congress in 1894, receiving 21,718 votes against 14,919 for Owen A. Wells, democrat; 1,341, for R. S. Bishop, peoples, and 977 for B. E. Van Keuren, prohibitionist.

#### *Seventh District.*

Buffalo, Eau Claire, Jackson, La Crosse, Monroe, Pepin and Trempealeau counties. Population in 1890—150,331.

MICHAEL GRIFFIN (Rep.), of Eau Claire, was born September 9, 1842, in county Clare, Ireland, and went to Canada in 1847, and to Ohio in 1851; coming to Wisconsin in 1856. He received his education in the common schools of Ohio and Wisconsin. He first resided in Sauk county until 1868, and then removed to Kilbourn City, where he resided until 1876, removing that year to Eau Claire, where he has since resided. He enlisted as a private September 11, 1861, in Company E, Twelfth regiment, Wisconsin volunteers, and served until the close of the war, being promoted successively to the grade of second first lieutenant.

He served at the siege of Vicksburg, on the Meridian campaign and in the Atlanta campaign, and marched to the sea and north through the Carolinas with Sherman. Was mustered out July 16, 1865. He was town clerk of Newport, Columbia county, for three years, a member of the county board of Columbia county in 1874 and 1875, member of the assembly in 1876, city attorney of Eau Claire in 1878 and 1879 and 1880, state senator in 1880 and 1881, and department commander of the G. A. R. in 1887-1888. He has been an attorney at law since May 19, 1868. He was elected in 1894 to the Fifty-third congress to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Hon. George E. Shaw, and at the same election to the Fifty-fourth congress, receiving 17,489 votes, against 9,996 for George W. Levis, democrat, 1,250 for Edward Berg, prohibitionist, 1,626 for C. H. Van Wormer, populist, and 128 for W. F. Button, independent.

*Eighth District.*

Wood, Portage, Waupaca, Outagamie, Brown, Kewaunee and Door counties. Population 1890—179,408.

EDWARD S. MINOR (Rep.), of Sturgeon Bay, was born in Jefferson county, New York, in 1840. He came with his parents to Wisconsin in 1845, first settling in the town of Greenfield, Milwaukee county. He subsequently lived in the city of Milwaukee two years. He, with his parents, then settled on a farm in Sheboygan county. In 1857 he removed to Door county. He received his education in the common schools and at a private academy. In 1861 he enlisted as a private soldier in Company G, 2d Wisconsin volunteer cavalry, participating in all the raids, expeditions, engagements and battles in which the regiment took part during the war. He was promoted to corporal-sergeant, second and first lieutenant, and as such was mustered out with his regiment, December, 1865. After his return home from the army he became a merchant in Door county. He continued in this business till the spring of 1884, at which time he was appointed superintendent of the Sturgeon Bay and Lake Michigan Ship Canal, which position he held for seven years. He is the owner of some marine property, and is a licensed master of steam vessels. In connection with a large stone quarry he owns and operates a steam tug and two scows. Mr. Minor was elected to the Wisconsin assembly in 1878, and was re-elected in 1880 and 1881. He was elected to the state senate in 1883 and 1885, and was president pro tempore of that body during the latter term. He was also a member of the Wisconsin fish commission for four years. He has held numerous local offices at various times, and is now mayor of the city of Sturgeon Bay. He was elected to the Fifty-fourth congress, receiving 19,902 votes against 15,523 for Lyman E. Barnes, democrat; 330 for A. J. Larrabee, peoples party, and 949 for John Faville, prohibition.

*Ninth District.*

Clark, Taylor, Price, Ashland, Oneida, Lincoln, Marathon, Shawano, Langlade, Forest, Florence, Marinette and Oconto counties. Population, 1890—164,777.

ALEXANDER STEWART (Rep.), was born September 12, 1829, in York county, Province of New Brunswick, and received a common school education at that place. In 1849 he removed to what is now Marathon county, and settled where the city of Wausau is now located, engaging in the lumber business, which occupation he has ever since followed. Aside from his selection as a delegate from his district to the National republican convention at Chicago in 1894, he has neither aspired to nor held public office of any description. He was elected to the Fifty-fourth congress in 1894, receiving 22,741 votes against 14,910 for Thomas Lynch, democrat; 2,187 for John F. Miles, peoples, and 785 for John J. Sherman, prohibitionist.

*Tenth District.*

Bayfield, Douglas, Burnett, Sawyer, Washburn, Polk, Barron, Chippewa, St. Croix, Dunn, and Pierce. Population, 1890—149,869.

JOHN J. JENKINS (Rep.), of Chippewa Falls, was born at Weymouth, England, August 20, 1843. He received a common school education, and came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1852. He resided at Baraboo until 1870, when he removed to Chippewa Falls, where he has ever since resided, practicing his profession as a lawyer. He was clerk of the Sank county circuit court from 1837 to 1870, when he resigned; he was a member of the assembly in 1872, county judge of Chippewa county from 1872 to 1876, and has been city attorney of Chippewa Falls for five terms. He was appointed United States attorney of the territory of Wyoming by President Grant in 1876. He was elected to the house of representatives of the Fifty-fourth congress in 1894, receiving 19,836 votes against 9,054 for E. C. Kennedy, democrat; 1,531 for John Holt, prohibition, and 3,855 for William Monroe, populist.

## STATE OFFICERS.

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*Terms of office expire first Monday of January, 1897.*

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## GOVERNOR.

**WILLIAM HENRY UPHAM** (Rep.), of Marshfield, was born May 3d, 1841, at Westminister, Mass., and came to Wisconsin in 1852. He was educated at the High School in Racine, and graduated from the United States Military Academy at West Point. In 1861 he enlisted in the government service and continued therein until 1869. He resided in Kewaunee from 1869 to 1872, in Azgellica from 1872 to 1878, when he removed to what is now the city of Marshfield, where he has since resided. By occupation he is a lumberman, being at the head of the Upham Manufacturing company, an extensive concern owning mills, at Marshfield. Aside from other offices held by him he has been mayor of Marshfield, and was Department Commander of the Department of Wisconsin, G. A. R., from March, 1891, to March, 1892. He was elected governor in 1894, receiving 196,150 votes, against 142,250 for George W. Peck, democrat; 25,604 for D. Frank Powell, peoples, and 11,240 for J. F. Cleghorn, prohibitionist.

## LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

**EMIL BAENSCH** (Rep.), of Manitowoc, was born June 12, 1857, at Manitowoc, and received his education in the private and public schools of that city, and at the state university. Prior to attending the university he was a clerk in a general store; but was admitted to the bar in 1882, and has ever since been practicing law at Manitowoc. He founded the *Lake Shore Times*, a republican newspaper at Manitowoc, in 1881, and was its editor until 1883. He is an occasional contributor to the *Central Law Journal* and *Masonic Tidings*, and has delivered addresses before the National Guard Association and the German Press-Verein. He was justice of the peace from 1882 to 1884; city clerk from 1885 to 1888; county judge from 1888 to 1894. He was captain of the "Rankin Guards" from 1882 to 1888, and is president of the Manitowoc Building & Loan Association and of the Humane Society. He was nominated for congress from the Sixth district, in 1892, reducing his opponent's plurality 1,800 below that of Cleveland in the district. He was elected lieutenant governor in 1894, receiving 198,181 votes, against 136,928 for A. J. Schmitz, democrat; 24,676 for Frank Smock, populist, and 11,455 for O. B. Oleson, prohibition, giving him the highest plurality on the ticket.

## SECRETARY OF STATE.

**HENRY CASSON** (Rep.), of Viroqua, Vernon county, was born December 13, 1843, at Brownsville, Fayette county, Penn., and received a common school education. He came to Wisconsin in 1873, making his home at Viroqua, where he has ever since resided. He is a printer and publisher by occupation, and owned and edited the *Vernon County Censor*, at Viroqua, from 1875 to 1885. He was private secretary to Governor Rusk from 1885 to 1889, to Governor Hoard from 1889 to 1891, to Hon. J. M. Rusk, secretary of agriculture, in 1891 and 1892. He was Chief Clerk of the United States Department of Agriculture from January 1, 1892, to March 8, 1893, and private secretary to Hon. J. W. Babcock from August 1, 1893, to August 1, 1894. He was elected secretary of state in 1894, receiving 197,710 votes against 137,585 for Thomas J. Cunningham, democrat; 24,452 for M. P. Larrabee, populist, and 10,969 for T. J. Van Maber, prohibition.

## STATE TREASURER.

SEWELL A. PETERSON (Rep.), was born February 28, 1850, at Soloer, Norway, and came to Wisconsin from the old country in 1864. He received his education in the common schools and at a business college in La Crosse. He resided in Dunn county until 1887, when he removed to Rice Lake, Barron county, where he now resides. In early life he worked on a farm, in the woods, on the drive and at teaching school, but has been engaged in the mercantile business since 1882, and also owns and operates a farm of 240 acres in Dunn county. He was town treasurer of Sand Creek, Dunn county, in 1874 and 1875, register of deeds of Dunn county from January, 1876, to January, 1882, and alderman of Menomonie in 1886 and 1887, city clerk of Rice Lake from 1888 to 1890, city treasurer in 1891 and mayor in 1892 and 1894, and member of assembly of 1893. While he was at Menomonie he was first lieutenant of Company H, Third infantry, Wisconsin national guard. He was elected state treasurer in 1894, receiving 197,742 votes against John Hunner, democrat, who received 137,775 votes; German Scherzinger, populist, 24,405 votes, and William Johnston, prohibitionist, 11,161 votes.

## ATTORNEY GENERAL.

WILLIAM H. MYLREA (Rep.), was born at Rochester, New York, January 1, 1853, and came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1856. He was educated in the common schools and at Lawrence University at Appleton. He resided at Kilbourn City until 1883, when he went to Wausau, where he has since resided, and practiced law. He was district attorney of Marathon county in 1887 and 1888, and was defeated for re-election in 1888. He was elected attorney general in 1894, receiving 197,709 votes against 137,483 for James L. O'Connor, democrat; 24,445 for Carl Runge, populist, and 11,214 for Charles W. Lomas, prohibition.

## STATE SUPERINTENDENT.

JOHN Q. EMERY (Rep.), of Albion, Dane county, was born in Ohio, September 15, 1843, and came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1846. He was educated at the public schools and at the Albion Academy and Normal Institute, graduating from the latter institution in 1866, with the degree of Ph. B. He received the degree of A. M. (Hon.) from Beloit college in 1883. He has resided at different times in Dane, Jefferson, Wood and Pierce counties, holding various responsible educational positions; among others, was county superintendent of the Dane county east district, county superintendent of Wood county and principal of the union graded school at Grand Rapids, sixteen years principal of the high school at Fort Atkinson, and president of the State Normal school at River Falls. Since 1893, he has been residing upon and operating his farm in Albion. He was president of the Wisconsin Teachers' association in 1874-5, and a member of the state board of examiners for teachers state certificates from 1886 to 1889. He has had extensive experience as a special conductor of teacher's institutes and been several times appointed official visitor to state normal schools. He owns a farm in the town of Albion, and is, after education, most deeply interested in the progress of agriculture. He was elected state superintendent in 1894, receiving 197,063 votes, against 137,565 for Wm. H. Schultz, democrat; 24,641 for John Uhlrich, populist, and 11,229 for E. L. Eaton, prohibition.

## RAILROAD COMMISSIONER.

DUNCAN J. MCKENZIE (Rep.), of Alma, Buffalo county, was born in Glengarry county, Ontario, July 4, 1848, and received a common school education in Ontario; came to Wisconsin in 1872 and settled at Chippewa Falls; in 1875 removed to Buffalo county, and has resided there since; is by occupation a farmer and lumberman; was trustee of the village of Alma and one of the first aldermen of the city; was supervisor in 1884; was state lumber inspector of the Ninth district in 1878-89; was chairman of the Buffalo republican county committee in 1888 and 1889; was mayor in 1891, was elected member of the assem-

only in 1892, representing the counties of Buffalo and Pepin. He was elected state railroad commissioner in 1894, receiving 197,299 votes against 137,267 for George C. Prescott, democrat; 24,693 for Nicholas F. Lawler, peoples, and 11,239 for John W. Evans, prohibitionist.

### INSURANCE COMMISSIONER.

WILLIAM A. FRICKE, of Milwaukee, was born in New York city, May 15, 1857; came to Wisconsin with his parents the same year, and has resided in Milwaukee ever since. After passing through public schools and high school, studied medicine and dentistry and has practised dentistry since 1876. He has been prominently identified with insurance organizations—never held public office—is the secretary of the republican county and city committee of Milwaukee. Was nominated for commissioner of insurance by the republican state convention in 1894 by acclamation, and was elected, receiving 197,343 votes, against 136,523 for O. R. Skaar, democrat; 24,616 for Henry Stoltze, populist, and 11,241 for Thomas Edwards, prohibition.

## WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE.

## SENATE.

*First District.*

Door, Kewaunee and Marinette counties. Population in 1890—52,139.

DEWAYNE STEBBINS (Rep.), of Ahnapee, Kewaunee county, was born at Clinton, Oneida county, N. Y., April 5, 1835, and came to Wisconsin with his parents in the fall of the same year. He received a common school education and graduated at the United States naval academy at Annapolis, served four years during the late war as an officer in the United States navy. He resided in Racine until 1856, when he removed to Ahnapee, where he has ever since made his home. He is cashier of the Bank of Ahnapee, and publisher of the *Ahnapee Record*. He was a member of the assembly in 1873, has been a member of the Kewaunee county board for 21 years, and is now chairman of that body. He was nominated for the assembly in 1870, but defeated by a narrow majority, and was elected to the state senate in 1894, receiving 6,332 votes, against 4,571 for C. C. Daily, democrat and populist, and 206 for G. A. Jacobson, prohibition.

*Second District.*

Brown and Oconto counties. Population, 1890—54,173.

ROBERT J. MCGEEHAN (Dem.), of De Pere, Brown county, was born in Canada, August 26, 1854; received a common school education; came to Wisconsin in 1870 and settled at De Pere; was alderman of the city in 1883, 1884 and 1885, supervisor on the county board 1887-90, inclusive, and a member of the board of trustees of the asylum for the chronic insane of the county for five years; was president of the Brown County Agricultural and Mechanical Association for two years; was re-elected at the last annual meeting; is a member of the democratic state central committee; was member of the assembly for Second district of Boown county in 1889, re-elected in 1890; was elected state senator in 1892, receiving 5,049 votes, against 4,449 for Edward Scofield, republican, and 14 for Robert Henderson, prohibitionist.

*Third District.*

Racine and Kenosha counties. Population, 1890, 51,849.

ERNST G. TIMME (Rep.), of Kenosha, was born at Werden, Prussia, June 21, 1843. He received his education in the public schools and at commercial college. He came to this country in the summer of 1848, taking up his residence in Kenosha county. He is a farmer by occupation, but has been in public life for a large part of the time for many years. He was justice of the peace in the town of Wheatland, Kenosha county, from 1865 to 1867; county clerk from 1867 to 1882; secretary of state from 1882 to 1891, and was fifth auditor of the treasury department at Washington from July, 1892 to March 1893. He enlisted in the First Wisconsin volunteers in July, 1861, and having lost his left arm in the battle of Chickamauga, was honorably discharged in May, 1864. He was elected to the state senate in 1894, receiving 6,381 votes against 4,120 for Adam Apple, democrat; 320 for Rhodes, prohibitionist and 1,915 for Warsley, populist.

*Fourth District.*

The First, Third, Seventh, Thirteenth and Eighteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee. Population in 1890—45,390.

JAMES C. OFFICER (Rep.), of Milwaukee (378 Milwaukee street), was born in Vernon county, January 23, 1859. He was educated at the public schools and graduated from the state university in the ancient classical course in 1884, and from the law school in 1886. Since his admission to the bar in 1886, he has practiced law at Milwaukee. He was deputy clerk of the circuit court of Milwaukee county from 1889 to 1891, and assistant district attorney of Milwaukee county in 1891. He was elected to the state senate in 1894, to succeed J. W. Murphy, resigned, running nearly 600 votes ahead of his ticket and overcoming an adverse plurality of 397 at the last preceding general election. He received 4,740 votes against 3,515 for Theodore Engle, democrat, and 1,889 for John Dolan, populist.

*Fifth District.*

The Fifth, Eighth, Twelfth, Fifteenth and Sixteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee. Population in 1890—52,163.

WILLIAM HARVEY AUSTIN (Rep.) was born at Binghamton, N. Y., October 22, 1859; came to Wisconsin in the spring of 1869 and settled at Portage City; moved to Milwaukee in 1871, where he has since resided; was educated in the common schools, studied law with Joshua Stark, and was admitted to the bar in 1879. In 1880 and 1881 he was assistant district attorney for Milwaukee county; was school commissioner in 1889, and was appointed assistant city attorney of the city of Milwaukee in 1890; was city attorney in 1891. In the fall of 1892 he was elected to the assembly upon the republican ticket from the Fifteenth and Sixteenth wards; he was the unanimous choice of his party for speaker during the session of 1893. In the fall of 1894 he was elected senator, receiving 5,697 votes against 2,993 for William G. Bruce, democrat, and 1,875 votes for Mr. McAuliffe, peoples.

*Sixth District.*

The Second, Fourth, Sixth and Ninth wards of the city of Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee. Population, 1890—56,465.

OSCAR ALTPETER (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born in the Sixth ward of Milwaukee, June 1, 1857; was educated in the public schools and graduated from the Spencerian Business College in 1875; is by occupation a malster; was elected member of the board of aldermen from the Sixth ward of Milwaukee for the terms of '85, '86 and '87; re-elected '88 and '89; was member of the board of trustees of the Public Museum of Milwaukee in 1888-89; was elected state senator in 1892, receiving 6,119 votes, against 5,506 cast for H. J. Sullivan, republican, and 312 for Wm. H. Gladding, people's party, and 82 for Silas Chapman, prohibitionist.

*Seventh District.*

The Tenth ward of the city of Milwaukee and the towns of Milwaukee, Granville and Wauwatosa, in the county of Milwaukee, and the towns of Brookfield, Menomonee, Muskego, New Berlin, Vernon, Waukesha, and the village of Waukesha, in the county of Waukesha. Population in 1890—55,574.

CHARLES T. FISHER (Rep.), of Wauwatosa, was born at Wauwatosa, August 11, 1846, and received a common school education and attended the Spencerian commercial college in Milwaukee. He is a farmer and stock raiser by occupation. He has been chairman of his town since April, 1892, and was elected to the senate in 1894, receiving 6,780 votes, against 3,130 for George Winans, democrat, and 1,425 for Chester G. Porter, populist.

*Eighth District.*

The Eleventh, Fourteenth and Seventeenth wards of the city of Milwaukee, and towns of Lake, Oak Creek, Franklin and Greenfield, in the county of Milwaukee. Population in 1890—42,618.

MICHAEL KRUSZKA (Dem.), of Milwaukee (463 Mitchell street), was born in the Province of Posen (Prussian Poland), September 28, 1860; received a collegiate education in the

colleges of Filehne and Wongrowitz, Province of Posen, and business school education in Elizabeth, New Jersey; resided in Elizabeth, New Jersey from April, 1880, to January, 1882; then in Bayonne, N. J., till September, 1883, engaged as insurance agent; came to Wisconsin in 1883 and settled in Milwaukee; is by occupation a publisher and editor; first engaged in the insurance business; in 1835 started the weekly *Krytyka*; in June, 1888, started the daily *Kuryer Polski*, which is the only Polish daily paper published in Wisconsin; has always taken an active part in politics; was elected to the assembly in 1890; and to the state senate in 1892, receiving 4,376 votes against 3,859 for Jacob Kubal, republican, and 134 for Daehn, people's party.

#### *Ninth District.*

Adams, Marquette, Juneau and Green Lake counties. Population in 1890—48,849.

✓ CLARENCE E. PEIRCE (Rep.), of Germania, Marquette county, was born December 25, 1850, and was educated in the common schools and at a business college in London, Canada. He was engaged in the mercantile business from 1870 to 1890, and has since been engaged in stock farming and dairying, and is interested in a milling enterprise at Lawrence, Wisconsin. He was elected to the assembly in 1890 and 1892, and to the senate in 1894, receiving 3,716 votes against 4,200 for Isaac L. Alsbacher, democrat.

#### *Tenth District.*

✓ Pierce, Polk and St. Croix counties. Population in 1890—56,452.

DEMESTER W. WOODWORTH (Rep.), of Ellsworth, was born May 25th, 1846, at Windham, Portage county, Ohio. He was educated in the common schools and attended Hiram college for three years. Graduated from Cleveland medical college in 1868, and in 1875 took a post-graduate degree from Bellevue hospital medical college, New York. In 1868 he moved from Ohio to Ellsworth, Wisconsin, at which place he has ever since been located. By profession he is a physician and surgeon. From 1872 until 1894 he was examining U. S. pension surgeon. He has never before held an elective office. In 1894 he was elected to the senate for the unexpired term of Hon. Wm. H. Phipps, resigned, receiving 6,927 votes, against 3,280 for Wm. M. Blanding, democrat.

#### *Eleventh District.*

✓ Ashland, Bayfield, Douglas, Burnett, Sawyer and Washburn counties. Population in 1890—50,217.

THOMAS B. MILLS (Rep.), of West Superior, was born at Manchester, in Jackson county, October 12, 1857, and was educated in the public schools and at McMynn's academy in Racine. He resided in Jackson county until 1890, when he moved to West Superior. He is engaged in the lumbering and real estate business. He was a member of the assembly from 1885 to 1890, and speaker in 1887 and 1889. He was elected to the state senate in 1894, receiving 8,820 votes against 4,417 for David Dobie, democrat, and 1,876 for Hans T. Engoe, prohibition and populist.

#### *Twelfth District.*

Marathon and Wood counties. Population in 1890—48,496.

NEAL BROWN (Dem.), of Marathon county, was born in Hebron, Jefferson county, in 1856, where he resided until 1880; then removed to Wausau where he has since resided; received a common school education; graduated from the law department of the University in 1880; is a lawyer by profession, and engaged in practice; was elected to the assembly in 1890, and to the state senate in 1892, receiving 6,160 votes against 3,683 for Henry Grob, republican.



*Thirteenth District.*

The towns of Fox Lake, Westford, Calamus, Elba, Portland, Beaver Dam, Lowell, Shields, East ward of the village of Randolph, the village of Reeseville, and the city of Beaver Dam, the towns of Clyman, Emmett, Herman, Hustisford, Lebanon, Rubicon, Ashippun, Oak Grove, and the city of Juneau, and the Fifth and Sixth wards of the city of Watertown, in the county of Dodge, and the towns of Scott, Randolph, Couruand, Springvale, Marcellon, Lowville, Wycena, Leeds, Otsego, Hampden, Fountain Prairie, Columbus, village of Rio, and the West ward of the village of Randolph, and the city of Columbus in the county of Columbia. Population in 1890—44,196.

MICHAEL E. BURKE (Dem.), of Beaver Dam, Dodge county, was born at Beaver Dam on October 15, 1863. He prepared for college in the public schools, graduated at Wayland University, Beaver Dam, in 1884, and attended the state university law school in 1886 and 1887, and has ever since practiced law at Beaver Dam. He was town clerk of the town of Beaver Dam in 1888 and 1889, assemblyman from the Beaver Dam district in 1891 and 1893, and city attorney of Beaver Dam in 1893 and 1894. While in the assembly, he was member of the committees on Claims and on Retrenchment in 1891, and chairman of the committee on Expenditures, and a member of the committee on Retrenchment and chairman of the Judiciary committee in 1893. He was elected to the senate in 1894, receiving 4,945 votes, against 4,240 for C. A. Pettibone, republican, and 170 for Charles S. Williams, populist.

*Fourteenth District.*

Lincoln, Langlade, Forest, Florence and Shawano counties. Population, 1890—44,325.

DAYN ELDRIDGE WESCOTT (Dem.), of Shawano, Shawano county, was born at Oshkosh, Wis., December 11, 1850; removed with his parents to Shawano in 1851, and has since resided there; received a common school education; is engaged in business as an insurance agent; was register of deeds of Shawano county from 1873 to 1877; county clerk from 1879 to 1883; county treasurer from 1885 to 1889; was elected to the state senate in 1892, receiving 5,325 votes to 3,801 for Evan J. Homme, republican.

*Fifteenth District.*

Calumet and Manitowoc counties. Population, 1890—54,470.

JOHN E. McMULLEN (Dem.), of Chilton, was born at Kingston, Canada, Oct. 7, 1843, and came to Wisconsin in 1855. Was educated at the University of Wisconsin and completed a law course at Michigan University. Since 1868 he has been engaged in the practice of law at Chilton. He held the office of district attorney of Calumet county continuously from 1868 to 1878. Was elected to the senate in 1894, receiving 4,854 votes, against 3,940 for Fred Schube, republican, and 344 for Walter Witman, populist.

*Sixteenth District.*

Crawford and Richland counties, and the towns of Beetown, Bloomington, Boscobel, Castle Rock, Fennimore, Hickory Grove, Lancaster, Little Grant, Marion, Muscoda, Mt. Hope, Mt. Ida, Millville, Patch Grove, Watertown, Woodman, Wyalusing and Wingville, in the county of Grant. Population in 1890—53,278.

CHARLES HENRY BAXTER (Rep.), of Lancaster, Grant county, was born in Stillwater, Saratoga county, New York, November 15, 1841, and was educated in the public schools in New York and Wisconsin; came to Wisconsin in 1857 and settled on a farm near Lancaster; enlisted as private in Company C, 25th Regiment Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry, in August, 1862; was with that regiment until after the fall of Vicksburg; was also private in Company A, 41st Regiment Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry, and afterward captain Company K, 47th Regiment Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry; was appointed chief of ordinance, district of Middle Tennessee, by Gen. Geo. H. Thomas, and attached to the staff of Gen. Van Cleve and Gen. Milroy; was mayor of the city of Lancaster; member of the council; member of county board of supervisors; member republican state central committee eight years; chairman of the county central committee twenty years; president Southwestern Wisconsin Veterans' Association ten years; delegate at large to the G. A. R. encampment in California in 1885; also in Boston, Mass., in 1890; was elected to the state senate in 1892, receiving 5,972 votes against 5,211 for Jacob Bremer, democrat, and three scattering.

*Seventeenth District.*

The county of Green, and towns of Union, Porter, Magnolia, Center, Spring Valley, Plymouth, Avon, Newark, Beloit, and the third and fourth wards of the city of Beloit in the county of Rock, and the towns of Cottage Grove, Deerfield, Pleasant Springs, Dunkirk, Dunn, Rutland, Christiana, Albion, and the city of Stoughton in the county of Dane. Population, 1890—57,804.

HENRY CLAY PUTNAM (Rep.), of Brodhead, was born at Newark, Ohio, in 1847; came to Wisconsin in 1849. His first home was in Decatur, Green county; has resided in that township ever since. Received a common school education; enlisted at the age of sixteen years in Company B, 1st Wisconsin Cavalry, serving in the ranks; was in the campaign against Longstreet in East Tennessee; engaged in the battles of Mossy Creek and Dandridge, in all the battles during Sherman's Atlanta campaign up to July 1, 1864; was on detached service with the troops that drove Wheeler and Forest from Tennessee in 1864; was engaged with his regiment in the last raid of the war—"Wilson's raid"—from Tennessee river to Macon, Georgia, participating in the engagements at Montgomery, Selma, Columbus and West Point, Georgia, which last place was captured and many prisoners taken. Returning home, was a commercial traveler for nine years; is by occupation lumberman and farmer. Was president of the village of Brodhead in 1883-4; was elected to the assembly in 1890 from the district composed of the south half of Green county, and re-elected in 1892 from the new district, embracing the county. He was elected to the senate in 1894, receiving 7,129 votes, against 3,314 for Edward Drotning, democrat; 741 for F. R. Derrick, prohibitionist, and 526 for E. P. Hassinger, populist.

*Eighteenth District.*

Fond du Lac county. Population, 1890—44,088.

LYMAN WELLINGTON THAYER (Rep.), of Ripon, Fond du Lac county, was born in Wausau, Marathon county, October 30th, 1854. Was educated in the Wausau common schools and Jones' Commercial College, St. Louis, Mo. Is by occupation a farmer; resided in Wausau until 1886; engaged while there in lumbering; removed to Ripon in 1886. Has held various town offices; was elected chairman of town of Ripon in 1890 without opposition, and in 1891, '92, '93 and '94, and is at present chairman of the county board. Was elected to the assembly in 1892. In 1894 he was elected to the senate to succeed S. M. Smead, resigned, receiving 4,893 votes, against 4,381 for Ignatius Klotz, democrat, and 144 for Chas. M. Hubbard, peoples.

*Nineteenth District.*

Winnebago county. Population in 1890—50,097.

CHARLES W. DAVIS (Rep.), of Oshkosh, was born in Castleton, Vt., on January 5, 1827. He was educated in the common schools of Warren county, N. Y., with one term in Chester academy. He came west in 1857, settling in Oshkosh in 1860, where he has ever since resided. During his residence in Oshkosh he has been engaged in various manufacturing and lumbering enterprises, and is now president of the German-American bank at Oshkosh, and is a member of the concern of Davis, Hansen & Co., iron pump manufacturers. He is also interested in a lumber business in South Dakota. Mr. Davis served several terms as an alderman during the "sixties," and was elected mayor in 1868, taking a conspicuous part as such in the government improvement of the Fox and Wisconsin rivers. For six years he has been a member of the county board, and has been chairman of the board since 1889, having been repeatedly chosen to that office when the board was democratic. He was elected to the senate in 1894, receiving 6,591 votes against 3,721 for Lucas M. Miller, democrat; 371 for Wesley Mott, prohibition, and 878 for Jens P. Jasper-son, populist.

*Twentieth District.*

Sheboygan county. Population 1890—42,489.

DENNIS T. PHALEN (Dem.), of Sheboygan, was born in Sheboygan county, April 29, 1856, where he has since resided; received a common school education; taught school from 1876 to 1879, devoted his leisure time to the study of law; read law in the office of

Albert Phalen at Sheboygan, was admitted to the bar in 1880, and has since been engaged in practice; was elected district attorney of Sheboygan county in 1882, re-elected in 1884; member of the board of education from 1885 to 1888; elected member of the assembly in 1890, and state senator in 1892, receiving 4,957 votes against 3,813 for Chas. A. Born, republican.

#### *Twenty-first District.*

The counties of Portage and Waushara, and the towns of Dupont, Helvetia, St. Lawrence, Waupaca, Fremont, Weyauwega, Dayton, Farmington, Iowa, Scandinavia, Harrison, Wyoming, Lind, and the villages of Fremont and Weyauwega, and the city of Waupaca, in Waupaca county. Population, 1890—51,553.

JOHN PHILLIPS (Rep.), of Stevens Point, was born at Richmond, Vermont, November 4, 1823, and was educated in the common schools and at Johnston (Vt.) academy. He graduated at the Rush Medical College, Chicago, in 1853. He came to Wisconsin in 1845, and has practiced his profession as a physician since 1848, at Stevens Point. He has been supervisor of the town of Stevens Point, a member of the Portage county board of supervisors, school superintendent of the town of Stevens Point, and was a member of the assembly in 1860 and 1864. He was pension examiner from 1863 to 1865. He was a regent of normal schools from 1876 to 1891, and was treasurer and president of the Stevens Point board of education from 1876 to 1881. He was on the board of visitors to West Point in 1864. He was elected to the senate in 1894, receiving 7,637 votes, against 3,593 for A. R. Lea, democrat, and 603 for George Ratcliff, prohibitionist.

#### *Twenty-second District.*

Outagamie county and towns of Union, Bear Creek, Lebanon, Royalton, Mukwa, Caledonia, Larrabee, Matteson, Little Wolf, city of Clintonville, and the First, Second, Fourth and Fifth wards of the city of New London in the county of Waupaca. Population in 1890—52,267.

WILLIAM KENNEDY (Dem.), of Appleton, Outagamie county, was born in county Limerick, Ireland, January 1, 1844; received a common school and partly collegiate education; is by profession a lawyer; came to Wisconsin in 1857, settling at Whitewater, where he remained until 1869, when he removed to Janesville; thence to Appleton in 1871, where he has continued to reside; was district attorney for Outagamie county thirteen years, from January 1, 1872, to January 1, 1885; was elected state senator in 1884; re-elected in 1888, and in 1892, receiving at the last election 5,917 votes against 3,980 for A. B. Whitman, republican, and 228 for Wm. D. Boynton, prohibitionist.

#### *Twenty-third District.*

Jefferson county, and the towns of Delafield, Eagle, Genesee, Summit, Merton, Oconomowoc, Lisbon, Pewaukee, Ottawa and Mukwonago, and the city of Oconomowoc. Population in 1890—50,694.

ALBERT SOLLIDAY (Dem.), of Watertown, Jefferson county, was born in Lehigh county, Penn., February 13, 1841; was educated in Pennsylvania and Ohio, graduating from the high school at Circleville, Ohio, in 1861; enlisted in the One hundred and fourteenth regiment Ohio volunteer infantry, August 11, 1862, and took part in the following engagements: Chickasaw Bayou, Arkansas Port, Port Gibson, Champion Hill, Black River Bridge, siege of Vicksburg, siege and assault of Fort Blakeley; was mustered out of service at Houston, Tex., July 31, 1865; came to Wisconsin in 1868, settled at Watertown, Wis.; is by occupation a dentist; served four years on the school board, part of time as its president; alderman one year, and mayor in 1884; served six years as captain of the Watertown rifles; commissioned adjutant of the Second regiment, Wisconsin national guards, April 25, 1888; major commanding First battalion, Second regiment, Wisconsin national guards, February 23, 1892, and lieutenant colonel January 7, 1895; was elected at special election to fill vacancy caused by the death of Walter S. Greene, and was re-elected in 1894, receiving 5,611 votes against 5,326 for Edwin Huebert, republican, and 326 for W. P. Stair, prohibitionist.

*Twenty-fourth District.*

Walworth county and the towns of Milton, Lima, Harmony, La Prairie, Rock, Johnstown, Bradford, Clinton and Turtle, the First and Second wards of the city of Beloit, the towns of Janesville and Fulton, and the cities of Janesville and Edgerton, in Rock county. Population in 1890—56,493.

✓ THOMPSON D. WEEKS (Rep.), of Whitewater, Walworth county, was born in Norwich, Mass., November 5, 1822; was educated in common schools and academies and graduated at Lawrence university in 1858, and at the Albany law school in 1859; came to Wisconsin in 1842, and settled at Lyons, Walworth county; is by profession a lawyer; was a member of assembly in 1867; a state senator in 1874 and 1875; presidential elector in 1876; a member of the board of regents of Normal schools for 17 years prior to 1889; was elected to the state senate in 1892, receiving 7,552 votes to 5,300 for Archibald Woodward, democrat, and 863 for J. H. Gould, prohibitionist.

*Twenty-fifth District.*

✓ Clark and Eau Claire counties. Population in 1890—48,331.

CLARION A. YOUMANS (Rep.), of Neillsville, Clark county, was born October 14, 1847, at Kenosha, Wisconsin. He was educated in the common schools and in the law school of the state university, from which he graduated in 1876. He resided in Kenosha until 1852, then in Arlington, Columbia county, until 1872, in which year he went to Neillsville, where he has since resided. He was raised on a farm, but for a few years before attending the law school had been in the mercantile business at Neillsville. Was county judge of Clark county in 1877, and district attorney of Clark county from 1882 to 1885. He has been interested in farming, lumbering and flouring enterprises, and was from 1890 to 1893 president of the Clark County Agricultural society. He has been since 1876 engaged in the practice of law at Neillsville. He was elected to the state senate in 1894 as a republican by a plurality of 2,050 votes over H. P. Graham, democrat, and Peter Truax, prohibition.

*Twenty-sixth District.*

The county of Dane, excepting the towns of Cottage Grove, Deerfield, Pleasant Springs, Dunkirk, Dunn, Rutland, Christiana and Albion, and the city of Stoughton. Population in 1890—45,093.

ROBERT M'KEE BASHFORD (Dem.), of Madison, Dane county, was born in Fayette, La Fayette county, Wisconsin, December 31, 1845; graduated from the University of Wisconsin, from the ancient classical course in 1870, and from the law school of the same institution in 1871. Was one of the editors and proprietors of the Madison daily and weekly *Democrat* from 1871 to 1876. Is by profession a lawyer, and since 1876 has been engaged in the practice of his profession, from 1885 to 1889 in Chicago, and is now a member of the firm of Bashford, O'Connor & Polleys, at Madison. In 1875, '76, '77 and '78 he compiled the legislative annual Blue Book by appointment of Hon. Peter Doyle, then secretary of state; was city attorney at Madison from 1881 to 1886, and served on the committee for constructing waterworks and sewerage in the city; was also member of the board of water works and of education. Was delegate to the national convention in Chicago in 1884 and one of the secretaries of that body. Was elected mayor of Madison in 1890. Was employed by Gov. George W. Peck as special counsel in the "treasury suits," and assisted the attorney general in the preparation, prosecution and trials of the actions against the several former state treasurers to recover interest received by them on deposits in banks of public funds. Was elected to the senate in 1892, receiving 5,718 votes against 4,369 for A. L. Sanborn, republican, and 565 for Frank W. Hall, prohibitionist.

*Twenty-seventh District.*

The county of Sauk and the towns of Newport, Lewiston, Ft. Winnebago, Caledonia, Pacific, Dekorra, West Point, Lodi and Arlington, and the city of Portage, in Columbia county. Population in 1890—44,629.

✓ WILLIAM F. CONGER (Rep.), of Prairie du Sac, was born March 5, 1844, at Bloomfield, New Jersey, and received his education in the public schools of Bloomfield and of New York City. He came to Wisconsin at the age of eighteen in 1862, and worked as a clerk at Prairie du Sac until 1871, since which date he has been engaged in a general mercantile

business and dealing in wool. He enlisted in the 7th New York Volunteers in 1862, coming to Wisconsin at the expiration of his term of service in the same year and enlisted in the 42d Wisconsin Volunteers. He held the rank of sergeant and acting sergeant major. He was a delegate to the national republican convention in 1892, and was an unsuccessful candidate for the assembly in 1890. He was elected to the state senate in 1894, receiving 5,637 votes against Evan W. Evans, democrat, who received 4,194, and Joseph W. Wood, prohibitionist, who received 390.

*Twenty-eighth District.*

Iowa and La Fayette counties, and the towns of Cassville, Clifton, Ellenborough, Harrison, Hazel Green, Jamestown, Liberty, Lima, Paris, Platteville, Potosi, Smelser, Waterloo, and Glen Haven, in the county of Grant. Population in 1890—60,863.

CALVERT SPENSLEY (Rep.), of Mineral Point, Iowa county, was born at Stockton-on-the-Tees, England, January 2, 1846; came with his parents to Wisconsin in 1849, and settled at Shullsburg; removed to Mineral Point, in 1857 and has since resided there; was educated in common schools, Mineral Point Seminary, Western Union college, Fulton, Illinois, and graduated from Columbia college law school, New York City, in 1869; while a student at Western Union college, he enlisted and served as sergeant of Company D, 140th Regiment of Illinois Infantry volunteers; was mayor of the city of Mineral Point in 1877-78; chairman of the board of supervisors of Iowa county in 1875-1876; was a delegate to the republican national convention in Chicago in 1892; is a member of the state commission of fisheries, and is a practicing lawyer by profession; was elected to the state senate in 1892, receiving 6,740 votes against 6,590 for Edmund W. Baker, democrat, and 709 for John Hardcastle, prohibitionist.

*Twenty-ninth District.*

Buffalo, Dunn, Barron and Pepin counties. Population in 1890—61,009.

JAMES H. STOUT (Rep.), of Menomonie, was born at Dubuque, Iowa, September 25, 1848, and was educated in the public schools of Dubuque and in the Chicago university. He came to Wisconsin in 1869, and has ever since been engaged in the lumber business at Menomonie. He has been for several years one of the trustees of the Dunn county insane asylum; president of the Menomonie board of education and life member of the Dubuque library and life trustee of the Findlay hospital at Dubuque. He was elected to the senate in 1894, receiving 7,298 votes against 1,405 for Carl Preper, populist, and ten scattering.

*Thirtieth District.*

Chippewa, Price, Taylor and Oneida counties. Population in 1890—42,142.

LEVI F. MARTIN (Dem.), of Chippewa Falls, Chippewa county, was born in Danby, Tompkins county, New York, April 3, 1845; received a common school education in New York and Wisconsin; came to Wisconsin in 1857 and settled at Chippewa Falls; is by occupation a hardware merchant; has held various local offices; was elected to the state senate in 1892, receiving 5,686 votes against 4,968 for B. F. Millard, republican, and 311 for H. Kramer, peoples party.

*Thirty-first District.*

Jackson, Monroe and Vernon counties. Population in 1890—64,119.

JAMES J. MCGILLIVRAY (Rep.), of Black River Falls, Jackson county, was born at Barrachois, Gasbie county, Canada, East, June 16, 1848. He received his education in the common schools, and came to Wisconsin making his home at Black River Falls, November 21, 1866. He is an architect and manufacturer of sash, doors and blinds. He was elected to the assembly in 1890, and re-elected in 1892. During his first term in the assembly he was sponsor of the "anti-trust bill," also exempting wide tired wagons from taxes. The reduction of interest on money loaned to school districts from 6 and 7 to 4 per cent. The reduction of interest on tax sale certificates from 25 to 15 per cent., and during his entire experience in the assembly took an active and earnest part in all the important legislation brought before the assembly. He was elected to the state senate in 1894, receiving 5,573 votes against 3,820 for J. R. Hinckley, democrat, and 491 for D. L. Brown, prohibition.

*Thirty-second District.*

✓ La Crosse and Trempealeau counties. Population, 1890—57,721.

LEVI WITHEE (Rep.), of La Crosse, La Crosse county, was born in Norridgewock, Me. October 26, 1834, and received a common school education in Maine; came to Wisconsin in 1853, and settled at La Crosse; has for the most of the time resided there since; is by occupation a lumberman; has not before held public office; was elected state senator in 1892, receiving 5,802 votes to 5,293 for George Y. Freeman, democrat, 644 for Jon N. Jones, people's party, and 38 for C. H. Van Wormer, prohibitionist.

*Thirty-third District.*

The counties of Ozaukee and Washington, and the towns of Chester, Leroy, Lomira, Burnett, Williamstown, Theresa, Hubbard, Trenton and the south ward of the city of Wupun, and the city of Mayville, in the county of Dodge. Population in 1890—52,778.

✓ STEPHAN F. MAYER (Dem.), of West Bend, was born in West Bend, February 1, 1854. He was educated in the common schools and took a commercial course at the university of Notre Dame, Indiana. He has resided all his life at West Bend, where he engaged in business as a brewer and malster. He was elected county treasurer without opposition in 1886 and in 1888; has been a member of the county board since 1891, and was chairman in 1893. He was elected to the state senate in 1894, without opposition, receiving 6,005 votes.

## ASSEMBLY.

*Adams and Marquette Counties.*

Population in 1890—16,565.

SOPHRONIUS S. LANDT (Rep.), of Friendship, was born November 1st, 1842, at Aztalan, Jefferson county, removing in 1849 to Big Spring, Adams county, where he resided until 1879. Since then he has resided at Packwaunakee, Big Spring and Friendship, having taken up his residence in the latter place in 1886. Received a common school education and entered Brunson institute at Point Bluff, but before completing his course there enlisted on September 14, 1861, in Company D, Tenth Wisconsin infantry. He was promoted orderly sergeant of his company, and served with his regiment in the department of the Cumberland for three years and two months, except while absent in Wisconsin on a recruiting commission. He returned to his company, having enlisted 84 men. Participated in the battles of Perryville, Stone River, Chickamagua, Lookout Mountain, Kennesaw Mountain, Altuna Pass, Buzzard Roost Gap, and finally in the siege of Atlanta. He was mustered out in November, 1864. From 1886 to 1892 he was treasurer of Adams county, having previously held numerous minor town offices, and is an officer of the Adams county agricultural society. In 1889 Governor Hoard appointed him a delegate to the farmers' national congress at Montgomery, Ala. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,446 votes, against 1,139 for Wm. Risk, democrat.

*Ashland County.*

Population—20,063.

HENRY L. BESSE (Rep.), of Butternut, was born at Wauwatosa, October 14, 1853, and was educated at the Milwaukee public schools. He resided in Milwaukee county until 1877, since which time he has resided in Ashland county, most of the time in Butternut. He is engaged in the lumbering and real estate business, and runs a summer resort at Butternut lake. He was town treasurer of Butternut from 1883 to 1886, chairman 1887-8, and 1890-91, and chairman of the county board 1890-91, president of the school board in 1889; register of the U. S. land office in 1892-3, and is now town chairman of Butternut. He was a candidate for sheriff in 1890, but was defeated. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,655 votes, against 1,780 for Burt Williams, democrat, and 286 for F. H. Wright prohibition and populist.

*Barron County.*

Population in 1890—15,416.

JONATHAN J. SMITH (Rep.), of Barron, was born January 13th, 1844, in McHenry county, Ill. He received a common school education, and in 1862 enlisted in the 65th Illinois Infantry and took part in all the battles and campaigns of his regiment until April, 1864, when he re-enlisted and served until June, 1865, when he was discharged for disability. He settled on a farm in Butler county, Iowa, where he resided until 1878, when he came to Wisconsin, locating at Barron, where he has ever since resided. He has held numerous offices, among which are town treasurer, city treasurer and mayor. He was postmaster during President Harrison's administration, and since April, 1893, has been part owner and manager of the *Barron Republican*. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,952 votes, against 518 for F. M. Angel, democrat, and 474 for J. B. Bennett, populist.

*Bayfield, Burnett, Sawyer and Washburn Counties.*

Population in 1890—16,686.

WILLIAM O'NEILL, (Rep.), of Washburn, Bayfield county, was born in the town of Scott, Columbia county, Wisconsin, September 20, 1848, and attended schools in Columbia

county until eleven years of age; enlisted in the Thirteenth United States Infantry in the fall of 1861; served until March, 1862; was then discharged for disability; re-enlisted in June, 1862, in the Twentieth Regiment Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry, and served till the close of the war, participating in all engagements in which the regiment took part; then traveled, sojourning in various states and territories from 1865 to 1872; then settled at Chipewewa Falls, where he lived till 1880, then removed to Eau Claire; thence to Washburn in 1886; is by occupation a merchant; was elected chairman of town in 1887, and has been twice re-elected. In 1890 was elected president of the school board and still holds. In 1892 was elected to the assembly and re-elected in 1894, receiving 3,546 votes against 1,303 for N. Boutin, democrat.

#### *Brown County.*

*First District.*—The towns of Bellevue, DePere, Eaton, Humboldt, Green Bay, Glenmore, New Denmark, Preble, Scott and the city of Green Bay. Population in 1890—19,493.

✓ HENRY F. HAGEMEISTER (Dem.), of Green Bay, was born in Green Bay, November 8, 1855, and was educated in the parochial and public schools. He was alderman of Green Bay from 1885 to 1888, and a county supervisor since 1890. He is by occupation a brewer. He was elected to the assembly in 1892 and re-elected in 1894, receiving 1,783 votes, against 1,666 for S. J. Murphy, republican.

*Second District.*—The towns of Allouez, Ashwaubenon, Howard, Suamico, Pittsfield, Lawrence, Morrison, Holland, Rockland, Wrightstown, and the cities of De Pere and Fort Howard. Population in 1890—19,668.

✓ TIMOTHY BURKE (Rep.), of Wayside, was born in the town of Morrison, February 2, 1866, and received a common school and partial collegiate education. He is a teacher by profession and has taught the past ten years in Manitowoc and Brown counties, but is interested in farming and other business in his native town. He was a delegate to the republican state conventions of 1892 and 1894, and was republican candidate for county superintendent of schools for Brown county for 1892. He ran ahead of his ticket in nearly every town in the county, but was defeated with the rest of the ticket. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,880 votes, against 1,701 for Anton Van der Heiden, democrat, and 157 for Hugh McDonald, prohibition.

#### *Buffalo and Pepin Counties.*

✓ Population in 1890—22,929.

ALLEN H. DEGROFF (Rep.), of Nelson, Buffalo county, was born in Dodge county, September 12, 1848. He received a common school education. He removed to Buffalo county in 1857, and has ever since resided in the town of Nelson. Up to 1880, his occupation was farming and teaching school. Since that date he has been in the mercantile business. He was town chairman for eight years, and has been town clerk and town treasurer, chairman of the county board two terms, postmaster for eight years, and chairman of the republican county committee from 1888 to 1890. He enlisted January 3, 1861, in the 25th Wisconsin volunteers, and took part in the Atlanta campaign and in Sherman's march to the sea. He was junior vice department commander of the G. A. R. in 1891 and is now commander of Post 252. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,708 votes against 1,799 for Robert Lees, democrat, and 178 for Len. Fried, populist.

#### *Calumet County.*

Population in 1890—16,639.

JOSEPH WOLFINGER (Dem.), of Dundas, was born at Wilson, Sheboygan county, January 7, 1857, and received a common school education in that county. He learned the blacksmith's trade and settled in Dundas, as a blacksmith in 1877. In 1881, he went into the manufacture of cheese boxes and butter tubs, and is now proprietor of one of the largest establishments in that line in the state. He is president of the Dundas Butter and Cheese Company, and of the Sprangers Clothing Company, at South Kaukauna. He has been on the town board of Woodville since 1890, and on the county board since 1892. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,440 votes, against 1,063 for S. M. Scott, republican, 120 for Charles Hatch, populist, and 30 for S. D. Maltby, prohibitionist.



*Chippewa County.*

*First District*—The towns of Tilden, Wheaton and Eagle Point, and the city of Chippewa Falls. Population in 1890, 12,665.

CHARLES A. STANLEY (Rep.), of Chippewa Falls, was born May 3, 1849, at Baraboo, Wisconsin. He received his education in the public schools and at the state university; has resided at Chippewa Falls since 1870, and is junior member of the firm of F. G. & C. A. Stanley, manufacturers of lumber, lath and shingles, sash, doors and blinds, at Chippewa City, and is the owner of a machine shop and factory at Chippewa Falls. Was a member of the Chippewa Falls common council in 1885, and of the board of supervisors in 1886 and 1887. Was nominated for mayor in 1888 but was defeated by a plurality of 64. Has been a member and president of the Chippewa board of bonding commissioners since 1892, having been re-appointed for four years in 1894. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,052 votes against James A. Taylor, democrat, receiving 979, Alver D. Shattuck, prohibition, 54, and George B. Harwood, populist, 395.

*Second District*—The towns of Anson, Arthur, Auburn, Big Bend, Bloomer, Cleveland, Colburn, Edson, Flambeau, La Fayette, Lawrence and Sigel. Population in 1890—12,478.

JOHN W. THOMAS (Rep.), of Anson, was born in Wales, March 31, 1846, coming to this country with his parents in 1849. His first residence was in Tioga county, Pennsylvania, where he received a common school education. He was left an orphan at the age of seven, and he came to Wisconsin in 1857 with a family of friends with whom he settled in the town of Anson. He is a farmer and dairyman by occupation, and received first premium on wheat and dairy butter at the world's fair. He enlisted in February, 1864, in the Thirty-sixth Wisconsin Volunteers, serving to the end of the war. He participated in the brilliant service of his regiment in Grant's campaign of 1864, before Richmond and Petersburg. He was town clerk seven years, secretary of the school board for three years, and served four years as town treasurer, two years as supervisor and seven years as town chairman. He was chairman of the county board for two years, was elected county treasurer in 1884, and was defeated for re-election in 1886 by a small majority, receiving over five hundred votes more than Governor Rusk in the county. He was president of the Chippewa County Agricultural Society in 1883, and has served eight years as secretary. He was treasurer of the Eagle Point Insurance company two years and director for thirteen years, and is now chairman of his town, a member and secretary of the committee on building of county insane asylum, and director of the Eagle Point Insurance company. He has become by his long service and intimate connection with local affairs, an expert in town and county matters. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,551 votes, against 1,020 for Henry Lebeis, democrat, 61 for George Kindern, prohibition, and 244 for C. P. Hanson, populist.

*Clark County.*

Population in 1890—17,708.

JOSEPH C. MARSH (Rep.), of Loyal, was born at Herricksville, Penn., January 1, 1852, and received a common school education, with two years at Oskaloosa college, at Oskaloosa, Iowa. He came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1857, settling in Clark county, where he has continuously resided; he is a farmer and lumberman. He was town clerk of York in 1873 and 1874, chairman of the town of Loyal from 1888 to 1890, and chairman of the county board since 1882. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,476 votes against 1,300 for George C. Andrews, democrat and prohibition.

*Columbia County.*

*First District*.—The towns of Newport, Lewiston, Fort Winnebago, Caledonia, West Point, Lodi, Arlington, Pacific and Dekorra, and the city of Portage. Population in 1890—14,054.

CHARLES MOHR (Rep.), of Portage, was born October 6, 1836, at Kleinschmalkalden, Thuringen, Germany, coming to America in 1853, and to Wisconsin in 1857. He received his education in the public schools of his native village and at the Portage high school. He resided in Caledonia, Portage county, from 1857 to 1862, in Milwaukee until 1867, and ever since in Portage. While in Milwaukee he was connected with the *Banner and Volks-*

*Freund*, and since his return to Columbia county has been a merchant, now being senior in the firm of Charles Mohr & Bro., of Portage. He was city treasurer of Portage in 1884 and 1885, and was nominated, but failed of election, for city clerk in 1882, and for member of assembly in 1892. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,790 votes against 1,436 for H. P. Jamieson, democrat, and 78 for C. D. Maine, prohibition.

*Second District.*—The towns of Scott, Randolph, Courtland, Springvale, Marcellon. Lowville, Wyocena, Leeds, Otsego, Hampden, Fountain Prairie, Columbus, the village of Rio, the West ward of the village of Randolph, and the city of Columbus. Population in 1890—14,296.

JOSEPH SANDERSON (Rep.), of Randolph, was born March 11th, 1841, at Slaidburn, Yorkshire, England. He received his education in the common schools. In 1851 he came to this country and settled in the town of Randolph, where he has since resided. He is by occupation a farmer, and has been for several years chairman of his town. He was elected to the assembly in 1891, receiving 1,962 votes, against 1,347 for Marcus W. Spear, the fusion candidate of the democrats, peoples and prohibition party.

#### *Crawford County.*

Population in 1890—15,987.

JAMES O. DAVIDSON (Rep.), of Soldiers' Grove, was born in Norway, February 10, 1854, and was educated in the common schools of his native country. He came to Wisconsin in 1872, residing first at Madison, later at Boscobel, and since 1877 at Soldiers' Grove. He has been engaged for seventeen years in a mercantile business. He was president of the village of Soldiers' Grove in 1888 and 1889, treasurer in 1892 and 1893, and was elected to the assembly in 1892, his seat being unsuccessfully contested by James Fisher, Jr., democrat. He was re-elected in 1894, receiving 1,962 votes against 1,326 for W. S. Manning, democrat, and 121 for H. A. Anderson, populist.

#### *Dane County.*

*First District.*—The towns of Madison and Blooming Grove, and the city of Madison. Population, 1890—15,344.

GEORGE B. BURROWS (Rep.), of Madison, was born October 20, 1832, at Springfield, Vermont. He received a common school and academic education, and came to Sauk City in Wisconsin in 1858, where he engaged in the banking business. He came to Madison in 1865, where he has since resided. He was a member of the state senate from 1877, '78, '79, '80, '81 and '82, and was president pro tem. of the senate in the latter year. He is a dealer in real estate. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,975 votes, against 1,917 for Oscar Schlotthauer, democrat, 135 votes for H. A. Miner, prohibition, and 101 for D. W. McDonald, populist. He was chosen speaker of the assembly for the Forty-second session, having been nominated by acclamation at the republican caucus.

*Second District.*—The towns of Roxbury, Dane, Vienna, Windsor, Burk, Westport, Springfield, Berry, York, Medina, Bristol, Sun Prairie and the village of Sun Prairie. Population, 1890—14,773.

HILAND J. SPAULDING (Rep.), of Vienna, was born in Ludlow, Vermont, October 16th, 1841, and came to Wisconsin in 1856, settling in the town of Windsor where he resided until 1864, when he removed to Vienna, where he has since resided. He is a farmer by occupation and has held numerous offices in his town, treasurer, supervisor or chairman continuously since 1882. He enlisted April 17, 1861, in Company E, First Wisconsin Volunteers, and was honorably discharged at the end of his term of service. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,623 votes against 1,596 for Geo. Maloney, democrat, 102 for James Melville, prohibitionist, and 25 for George Starker, peoples.

*Third District.*—Towns of Cottage Grove, Deerfield, Pleasant Springs, Dunkirk, Dunn, Rutland, Christiana, Albion, and the city of Stoughton. Population, 1890—14,485.

OLE CHRISTOPHER LEE (Rep.), of Stoughton, was born in Norway, September 27th, 1847. He came to this country in 1850, and to Wisconsin in 1852. His education was received in the academies in Albion, Marshall and Waterloo. He has resided in Stoughton since 1873, where he is a dealer in leaf tobacco. He was city clerk of Stoughton during

the years 1881-1887, with the exception of the year 1884. He was mayor in 1888, and member of the county board of supervisors of Dane county for the years 1889-1893. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,308 votes against E. E. Ladd, democrat, who received 892, James A. Roberts, prohibitionist, who received 299, and Dennis M. Clancey, populist, who received 37.

*Fourth District.*—The towns of Black Earth, Mazomanie, Oregon, Montrose, Primrose, Perry, Blue Mounds, Springdale, Verona, Fitchburg, Vermont, Middleton and Cross Plains. Population in 1890—14,976.

HENRY F. WILKE (Rep.), of Verona, was born at Phenegge, Waldeck, Germany, February 5, 1857, and received a common school and collegiate education in Germany. He came to Wisconsin in 1880, and was employed for three years as a clerk in a dry goods store at Madison. He then conducted a mercantile business for three years at Blue Mounds, removing in 1886 to Verona, where he has been in a general merchandise and lumber business until November, 1894. Mr. Wilke has always been a republican, and was postmaster at Verona from 1889 to 1893. He has for seven years been one of the trustees of the German Lutheran church at Verona. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,765 votes against 1,624 for N. Z. Evans, democrat, 201 for C. W. Bennett, prohibition, and 48 for James C. Hate, populist.

#### *Dodge County.*

*First District.*—The towns of Chester, Leroy, Lomira, Burnett, Williamston, Theresa, Hubbard, Trenton, and South ward of the city of Waupun, and city of Mayville. Population in 1890—15,084.

HERMAN ROSENKRANZ (Dem.), of Lomira, was born May 4th, 1859, at Holland, Sheboygan county, and received his education in the common schools. When 5 years of age he removed with his parents to Dodge county, where he has since resided. He is a farmer by occupation, and has held office in his town. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,796 votes, against 1,284 for Ernst Adelmeyer, republican, and 140 for Henry Spiering, independent democrat.

*Second District.*—The towns of Fox Lake, Westford, Calamus, Elba, Portland, Beaver Dam, Lowell, Shields, the East ward of the village of Randolph, and the village of Reeseville, and the city of Beaver Dam. Population in 1890—15,249.

HENRY S. GILMORE (Dem.), of Beaver Dam, was born in Yorkville, Racine county, November 14, 1848, and went with his parents to Dodge county in 1855. He was educated in the common schools and at Wayland University at Beaver Dam, and followed the occupation of farming until 1883, when he removed to Beaver Dam, where he has substantially ever since resided. He was chairman of the town board of Calamus in 1877 and 1881, and member of the county board for seven years. He has for eight years past been a member of the Beaver Dam common council and is now president of that body and of the Beaver Dam Investment Company. He is now operating his farm in North Dakota, and is secretary and treasurer of the Beaver Dam Implement Manufacturing Company. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,728 votes, against 1,370 for J. W. Ganes, republican, and 109 for D. Walters, prohibition.

*Third District.*—The towns of Clyman, Emmett, Herman, Hustisford, Lebanon, Rubicon, Ashippun, Oak Grove and the city of Juneau and Fifth and Sixth wards of the city of Watertown. Population in 1890—14,651.

WILLIAM JECHE (Dem.), of Hustisford, was born at Posedin bei Wrietzen, Prussia, June 22, 1835, and came to this country with his parents in 1848, settling at Hustisford, where he has ever since resided. He received his education in the public schools of Germany and Wisconsin, and is by occupation a farmer. He has been a supervisor continuously since 1877, and chairman of the board since 1880, and was a member of the assembly in 1882. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,329 votes, against 833 for Frederic Sette, republican.

#### *Door County.*

Population in 1890—15,682.

JAMES HANSON (Rep.), of Ephraim, was born in Norway, August 20, 1852. He came to America with his parents in 1854, settling first at Manitowoc. He received a common

school education, and attended a business college in Milwaukee. Having lost his parents in his early childhood, he removed to New Denmark, Wis., and was taken into the family P. Peterson in 1856, at that place. He removed to Ephraim in 1857, to Green Bay in 1867, and later in the same year to Fort Howard. In 1868 he removed to Sturgeon Bay, where he remained a little over a year, returning thence to Ephraim, where he remained till 1878. From 1878 till 1881 he was in Sister Bay, returning in the latter year to Ephraim. He has been in a mercantile business at Ephraim since 1881. He was town clerk of Liberty Grove from 1878 to 1881, and has for three years been chairman of the town of Gibraltar. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,011 votes against 938 for Ludlow L. Hill, democrat, and 64 for Charles Jenquinne, populist.

#### *Douglas County.*

Population in 1890—13,468.

HENRY C. SLOAN (Rep.), of Superior, was born at Ruyter, Madison county, N. Y., on August 12, 1847, and came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1854. He is a son of Hon. A. Scott Sloan, now judge of the Thirteenth judicial circuit. He received an academic education at Beaver Dam and other places, residing at Beaver Dam until 1863, when he enlisted as a private in the Fifth Wisconsin volunteers, with which regiment he served as a private in the battles of the Wilderness, Spottsylvania, North Anna, Cold Harbor, Petersburg, Weldon R. R., and many minor engagements. He was promoted to a first lieutenancy in the Forty-eighth Wisconsin volunteers, serving as such to the close of the war. In February, 1866, he was appointed second lieutenant in the Fourth United States infantry, regular army; was promoted to the grade of first lieutenant in July of the same year, and served on the western frontier until 1871, when he was honorably discharged under the act of congress reducing the army. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1872. He practiced at Beaver Dam until 1875, then at Appleton until 1882, then at Milwaukee until 1889; in which year he removed to Superior, where he has since resided. He was city attorney of Appleton, 1876-1879, was elected to the assembly in 1880 from Outagamie county, receiving all the votes, democrat and republican, excepting 88 cast for L. L. Randall, greenbacker. He has been city attorney of Superior, and was for three years a member of the board of education, serving the past year as its president. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 3,066 votes against 1,080 for John J. Atkinson, democrat, 990 for A. G. Newberg, populist, and 39 for F. E. C. Bryant, independent republican.

#### *Dunn County.*

Population, 1890—22,664.

ALBERT R. HALL (Rep.), of Knapp, was born at Hartford, Windsor county, Vermont, April 20, 1841; removed with his parents to Boston, Mass., four years later; attended the public schools of Boston until 1856, when he removed with his parents to Minnesota. Enlisted in Company D, Second regiment Minnesota Volunteer Infantry, June 21st, 1861; promoted corporal and first sergeant; engaged in battles of Mill Springs, Perryville, Hoover's Gap and Chickamauga; was wounded at Chickamauga September 20th, 1863; taken prisoner, paroled ten days thereafter and exchanged the following May; joined his regiment near Resaca, Georgia, and continued with it on the Atlanta campaign as far as Kenesaw Mountain, when his three years' term of service expired. Was mustered out July 4th, 1864; returned to Minnesota and assisted in recruiting Company G, Eleventh regiment Minnesota Volunteer Infantry; commissioned first lieutenant; returned south with his regiment and was appointed provost marshal of the post of Gallatin, Tennessee, which position he held until the close of the war; was mustered out with his regiment June 26th, 1865; served as town clerk and justice of the peace, and represented Hennepin county in the lower house of the Minnesota legislature seven terms, three of which he served as speaker; removed to Knapp in 1880, where he has since resided. Is by occupation a farmer and manufacturer. Has served as chairman of the town board, and president of the Dunn County Agricultural society. Was one of the Dunn County Asylum building commission, and is now one of the asylum trustees. Was elected to the assembly in 1890 and re-elected in 1892. Was again re-elected in 1894, receiving 2,551 votes, against 1,542 for A. J. Tibbetta, the fusion candidate of the democrats, populists and prohibitionists.

*Eau Claire County.*

*First District.*—The First, Second, Third, Fifth, Sixth and Eighth wards of the city of Eau Claire, the town of Seymour and the city of Altoona. Population in 1890—15,463.

MARSHALL COUSINS (Rep.), of Eau Claire, was born September 4, 1860, at Eau Claire, and received a common school education. He is engaged in lumbering and banking, being now bookkeeper of the bank of Eau Claire. Was an editorial writer for the *Workman's Gazette* in 1888. He is a thirty-second degree mason (member of the Wisconsin Consistory), and a member of Tripoli Temple, Mystic Shrine, Chippewa Commandery No. 8, Knights Templar, Eau Claire chapter and Blue lodge, Germania lodge No. 49, Knights of Pythias, and of the Concatenated Order of Hoo-Hoo. He has been an active partisan, holding several responsible party offices, and has been sergeant-major of the Third infantry, W. N. G., for two years past. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,608 votes, against 1,094 for Andrew Foss, democrat, and 182 for C. A. Alexander, populist.

*Second District.*—The towns of Bridge Creek, Brunswick, Clear Creek, Drammen, Fairchild, Lincoln, Luddington, Otter Creek, Pleasant Valley, Washington, Union, and the city of Augusta, and the Fourth and Seventh wards of the city of Eau Claire. Population in 1890—15,210.

CHARLES F. HANKE (Rep.), of Augusta, was born at Stettin, Germany, September 20, 1853, coming to Wisconsin in November, 1868. He was educated in the public schools of Germany and Wisconsin. He resided in Amherst, Portage county, until 1884, and has since resided at Augusta. He was a grain dealer, and is now manager of the Stanley Manufacturing Company. He was an alderman of the city of Augusta in 1889-1890; chairman of the county board from 1891 to 1893, and was a member of the assembly in 1893. He was re-elected in 1894, receiving 1,612 votes, against 1,089 for W. A. Cernahan, democrat and populist, and 267 for O. Works, prohibition.

*Fond du Lac County.*

*First District.*—The towns of Ripon, Rosendale, Eldorado, Metomen, Springvale, Laramie, Alto and Waupun, the North ward of the city of Waupun, and the city of Ripon. Population in 1890—14,770.

FRANK L. BACON (Rep.), of Waupun, was born in Dayton, Cattaraugus county, New York, September 16, 1841. He was educated at the public schools in Gowanda, in that state, and removed to Wisconsin in 1866, and settled in Waupun, where he has since resided. He engaged in the milling business and continued it until 1871. Since that time he has conducted a butter and cheese factory in connection with his farm. He has held numerous town offices, having been chairman of the town of Waupun from 1877 to 1887, and from 1890 to 1892. He belongs to the Masonic order and is a member of Fond du Lac Commandery No. 5. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,019 votes against 1,133 for Hugo Shultz, democrat, and 28 for R. C. Abocrombie, populist.

*Second District.*—The towns of Fond du Lac, Friendship, Empire, and the city of Fond du Lac. Population in 1890—14,579.

LOUIE A. LANGE (Dem.), of Fond du Lac, was born in Chicago, Illinois, May 31, 1854; came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1856, settling in Fond du Lac; in 1861 moved with his father's family to Milwaukee, where he was educated in the public schools and Engleman's Academy, until he entered the law offices of John W. and A. L. Cary, at the age of 13 years, continuing his studies while messenger boy and clerk; returned to Fond du Lac in 1870; entered the printing office of Edward Beeson, attending evening school while he learned the printing business; in 1874 was city editor of *La Porte (Ind.) Chronicle*, and in 1877 of the *Fond du Lac Commonwealth*; was engaged on the *Evening Wisconsin*, Milwaukee; in 1883 bought an interest in the *Reporter* at Fond du Lac, establishing a daily. In 1885 he purchased *The Reporter* plant, and now conducts the business of *The Reporter* Printing House as its proprietor, publishing the daily and weekly (Saturday) *Reporter*, and doing a general job printing business; was appointed a director of the public library in 1891; was elected alderman and president of the common council and board of education for four years; was elected to the assembly in 1892; appointed by Governor Peck as a member of the visiting committee of the charitable and penal institutions of the state. He was re-elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,686 votes against 1,549 for Thomas Hastings, republican, 43 for Spencer Palmer, populist, and 28 for James M. Boyd, prohibitionist.

*Third District.*—The towns of Calumet, Taycheedah, Marshfield, Forest, Oakfield, Byron, Eden, Osceola, Ashford and Auburn. Population in 1890—14,439.

PETER McGALLOWAY (Dem.), of Forest, was born June 14, 1852, on a farm in the town of Forest. He has resided on the same farm ever since his birth. He received a common school education, and is a farmer by occupation. He was town clerk from 1881 to 1887, and has for three years been chairman of the town board. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,810 votes, against 1,161 for Paul Tillack, republican, 1 for C. Hubbard, prohibition, and 4 for C. E. Tripp, populist.

#### *Grant County.*

*First District.*—The towns of Cassville, Clifton, Harrison, Hazel Green, Jamestown, Ellenborough, Liberty, Lima, Paris, Platteville, Potosi, Smelser, Waterloo and Glen Haven. Population in 1890—18,481.

ADELBERT L. UTT (Rep.), of Platteville, was born June 11, 1857, in the town of Harrison, where he now resides. He received the advantages of a common school education, and is by occupation a farmer, stock shipper and merchant. For the last sixteen years he has held the office of town treasurer. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,122 votes against 1,730 for J. J. Tobin, democrat, and 5 for Henry Stoker.

*Second District.*—The towns of Beetown, Bloomington, Boscobel, Castle Rock, Fennimore, Hickory Grove, Lancaster, Little Grant, Marion, Muscoda, Mt. Hope, Mt. Ida, Millville, Patch Grove, Watertown, Woodman, Wyalusing and Wingville. Population in 1890—18,170.

JOSHUA B. BRADBURY (Rep.), of Mt. Ida, was born in Potosi, Grant county, February 9, 1849, and was educated in the common schools and the Platteville normal school. He worked on his father's farm until he was twenty-one, and then taught school, holding the principalship of the Arthur and Potosi schools at different times. In 1879, at the age of thirty, he began farming for himself in Lancaster township, removing in 1882 to the farm in Mt. Ida, which he has ever since occupied. He has been assessor and chairman of his town several terms, now holding the latter office, and was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,292 votes, against 1,569 for John Carey, democrat, and 166 for John Dinsdale, prohibition.

#### *Green County.*

Population in 1890—22,732.

NATHANIEL B. TREAT (Rep.), of Monroe, was born at Orono, Maine, March 12, 1839, and received his education in the public schools of that place. He came to Wisconsin in September, 1858, and settled at Monroe where he has ever since resided. He has been engaged in the mercantile business since 1865. He served during the late war as lieutenant and captain in the Thirty-first regiment of Wisconsin volunteers from July, 1862, until the close of the war, and participated in Sherman's march to the sea. He has held the offices of alderman of Monroe and supervisor of Green county. He was chairman of the republican county committee in 1884, and has held various offices in the local post of the G. A. R. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,301 votes against G. T. Hodges, democrat, who received 1,648; Lemuel Taylor, prohibition, 265, and W. H. Hudson, populist, 345.

#### *Green Lake County.*

Population in 1890—15,163.

FRANK E. CLARK (Rep.), of Princeton, was born at Wausau, November 12, 1860, and was educated in the Northern Indiana normal school at Valparaiso, graduating both in law and in engineering. He worked on a farm until 1880, taught school until 1889, and has since that date practiced law at Princeton. He was county surveyor of Green Lake county from 1885 to 1887, and deputy county clerk in the latter year, and was an unsuccessful candidate for district attorney in 1892. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,739 votes, against 1,339 for Perry Niskern, democrat; 77 for Geo. W. Sherwood, prohibition, and 47 for Alex. Patrick, populist.

*Iowa County.*

Population in 1890—22,117.

**WILLIAM A. JONES** (Rep.), of Mineral Point, was born in South Wales, September 27, 1844, and came to Wisconsin in 1851, settling in Iowa county. He received a common school education and graduated later from the Platteville state normal school. He is a farmer by occupation, but has taught in the schools of Iowa county and served two terms as county superintendent, and has been mayor of Mineral Point. In 1894 he was elected to the assembly, receiving 2,829 votes against 1,925 for A. J. Doran, democrat, 324 for Geo. E. Plant, prohibitionist, and 93 for Harvey Cushman, peoples.

*Jackson County.*

Population in 1890—15,797.

**JEROME B. MILLER** (Rep.), of Alma Center, was born at Sherman, Chautauqua county, N. Y., August 12, 1846. He came west with his parents in infancy, and was educated at the common and high schools of Marengo, Ill. At the age of 17 he enlisted in the One Hundred and Forty-first Illinois volunteers, serving until the regiment was mustered out in 1864. He then went to the oil region of Pennsylvania, "struck oil," and made and lost several fortunes. He came to Wisconsin in 1873, locating at Alma Center, where he has ever since resided. He is president of the Miller Hardware & Lumber Company, a corporation with \$35,000 paid up capital, which conducts the business established by him in 1873. He has been town chairman for eight years, and was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,091 votes, against 740 for C. W. Vangorden, democrat and populist, and 184 for W. T. Murray, prohibition.

*Jefferson County.*

*First District.*—The towns of Concord, Ixonia, Lake Mills, Milford, Waterloo, Watertown, the village of Waterloo and the first, second, third, fourth and seventh wards of the city of Watertown. Population in 1890—16,403.

**JOHN G. CONWAY** (Dem.), was born August 31, 1852, in Saratoga county, New York, and came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1864. He was educated and prepared for college in the public schools of New York and Wisconsin, and graduated from the state university in 1879. Subsequent to his graduation, he was principal of the public schools at Hillsborough and Waterloo, and has since 1883 practiced law at Watertown. He was district attorney of Jefferson county from 1885 until 1887, and is now a member of the board of education of Watertown. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,983 votes against Augustus E. Needham, republican, who received 1,121 votes.

*Second District.*—The towns of Aztalan, Cold Spring, Farmington, Hebron, Jefferson, Koshkonong, Oakland, Palmyra, Sullivan and Sumner. Population in 1890—17,127.

**HENRY C. CHRISTIANS** (Dem.), of Johnson's Creek, was born in the town of Aztalan, Jefferson county, June 16, 1862, and received a common school education. He resided with his parents at the town of Aztalan until 1882, when he went into business at Johnson's Creek. Since 1887 he has been engaged in the creamery, produce and general cold storage business. He was town clerk of Aztalan in 1893 and 1894, and postmaster of Johnson's Creek in 1885-1889. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,019 votes, against 1,781 for Paul W. Cartwright, republican.

*Juneau County.*

Population in 1890—17,121.

**FRANK E. HURD** (Rep.), of New Lisbon, was born November 16, 1847, at Clyde, Sandusky county, Ohio, coming to Wisconsin by ox teams with his parents in 1856, settling on a farm in the town of Germantown, Juneau county, where he spent five years, but moved into New Lisbon in 1861, and has resided there ever since. He was a private in Company E, Forty-first Wisconsin Volunteers, and is a member of the G. A. R. He was employed as a clerk after his discharge from the service, in 1864 until 1869, when he



opened a general store, and has ever since been in a general mercantile business at New Lisbon, with a branch store at Necedah. He also operates a large farm, and is a cranberry grower. He has served several terms as an alderman, and is now mayor of New Lisbon. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,386 votes, against 1,736 for Job N. Grant, populist and democrat, and 98 for John I. Herrick, prohibition

#### *Kenosha County.*

Population in 1890—15,561.

JOHN F. REYNOLDS (Rep.), of Genoa Junction, was born at the town of Randall, in Kenosha county, July 25, 1852. He received a common school education, and attended a commercial college at Rockford, Illinois, and the state normal school at Platteville. With the exception of nine years' residence at Rockford, he has spent his entire life farming in the town of Randall. He has been chairman of the town of Randall since 1892, and was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,137 votes, against 1,623 for George H. Kroncke, democrat, and 91 for Larrabee, populist.

#### *Kewaunee County.*

Population in 1890—16,152.

JACOB RODRIAN (Dem.), was born November 6, 1845, at Fuerfeld, Hesse Darmstadt, Germany, and came to the United States in 1869, with his parents, settling at Hartford, Washington county. He received his education in the public schools; has resided in Ahnapee, Kewaunee county, since 1871. He is by occupation a farmer. He was town treasurer of Ahnapee from 1884 to 1886, assessor in 1887 and 1888, and has been continuously county treasurer since 1888. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,938 votes against J. F. C. Kuehl, republican, receiving 1,121, and A. B. Opicka, independent democrat, who received 187.

#### *La Crosse County.*

*First District.*—The towns of Bangor, Barre, Burns, Greenfield, Hamilton, Shelby, Washington, and Third, Fourth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Thirteenth, Fourteenth, Sixteenth, Seventeenth and Eighteenth wards of the city of La Crosse. Population, 1890—19,627.

GEORGE H. RAY (Rep.), of La Crosse, was born at St. Stephens, New Brunswick, October 4, 1847, both his father and mother being American citizens. He was educated in the common schools at St. Stephens, and came to this country at the age of eighteen, and resided in Rockland and Gardner, Maine. During his residence at Gardner he served two years in the city council of that place. He came to Wisconsin in 1878, and has with the exception of a brief residence at Neillsville, resided continuously at La Crosse. He has been engaged at La Crosse as agent for ex-Gov. Abner Coburn, of Maine, and since his death in 1885, as agent for his heirs until 1893, attending to their lumbering interests in Wisconsin. He served six years upon the county board of La Crosse county, being for two years chairman of the board. He is a member of the board of trustees of Beloit College, a director of the State Bank of La Crosse, and a stockholder and director in the Gem City Saw Mill company of Quincy, Illinois. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,070 votes, against 1,536 for H. A. Pammel, democrat; 124 for John N. Jones, prohibition, and 470 for John Marquette, populist.

*Second District.*—The towns of Campbell, Farmington, Holland, Onalaska; the city of Onalaska, and the First, Second, Fifth, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Fifteenth, Nineteenth, and Twentieth wards of the city of La Crosse. Population in 1890—19,174.

LEMUEL B. COX (Rep.), of Stevenstown, was born in La Grange, Walworth county, January 21, 1846. He removed to the town of Farmington in La Crosse county in 1852, where he has since resided. He was educated at Galesville university. He is a farmer by occupation, and has always taken an active interest in politics, as a republican, but never held public office. He enlisted in Company K, of the Second Wisconsin cavalry, in 1864, at the age of seventeen, and was discharged the following year, having participated in en-



gements at Yazoo City, Egypt Station, Bentonville and other minor engagements. He was elected to the assembly in 1892, and re-elected in 1894, receiving 2,313 votes against 1,103 for William Storant, democrat, 431 for C. P. Merriam, populist, and 107 for Abe Merrill, prohibition.

### *La Fayette County.*

Population in 1890—20,265.

JAMES W. FREEMAN (Rep.), of Shullsburg, was born June 17, 1842, in St. Louis, and came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1844, living at Avon, Rock county, until 1855, when he removed to La Fayette county. He was a member of the assembly in 1887 and 1889, and was mayor of Shullsburg and town chairman for three terms. He has been a dealer in stock and grain for thirty years, and has been interested in mining and ore buying for fifteen years. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,557 votes, against 2,025 for Geo. W. Larse, democrat; 175 for T. H. Sheldon, prohibition, and 102 for C. B. Legoe, populist.

### *Langlade, Forest and Florence Counties.*

Population in 1890—13,081.

GEORGE W. LATTA (Rep.), of Antigo, Langlade county, was born July 29, 1851, in Bradford, Rock county. He was educated at the Albion academy, and graduated from the law school of the state university in 1874. He practised law at Shawano until 1881, when he removed to Antigo, where he has since made his home. He was district attorney of Shawano county in 1877-78, and of Langlade county from 1881 to 1885. He was a member of the Langlade county board three years, and city attorney of Antigo one term. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,850 votes, against 1,562 for Peter McGovern, democrat, and carrying both the formerly democratic counties of the district.

### *Lincoln County.*

Population in 1890—12,008.

DAVID FINN (Dem.), of Merrill, Lincoln county, was born in Philmont, N. Y., April 23, 1851; came to Wisconsin in 1853 with his parents, who settled at Milwaukee; was educated in the common schools and at Lawrence University, Appleton; resided in Oconomowoc from 1854 to 1859, and in Marathon and Lincoln counties from last date to the present; his occupations are various, principally lumbering and farming; was county superintendent of schools of Lincoln county from 1877 to 1880, and from 1880 to 1890 inclusive; was chairman of the county board for several years between 1880 and 1888, besides holding various other public offices; was elected to the assembly in 1892, and re-elected in 1894, receiving 1,285 votes against 1,230 for Martin Foss, republican, and 536 for Leonard Kabot, populist.

### *Manitowoc County.*

*First District.*—The towns of Centerville, Cato, Eaton, Liberty, Meeme, Rockland, Schleswig, Manitowoc Rapids, Kossuth, Franklin, Maple Grove, Newton, and the villages of Reedsville and Kiel. Population in 1890—19,564.

FRED C. MAERTZ (Dem.), was born February 29, 1852, in Germany, coming to Wisconsin with his parents in the same year. Settled in Milwaukee, and removed to his present home in 1858. Was educated in the common schools of Manitowoc county, and in the Spencerian business college at Milwaukee. He was a member of the district school board of Reedsville for three years, and was assessor of the town of Maple Grove from 1886 to 1890. Was chairman of Maple Grove in 1891, and has been a supervisor from Reedsville since 1893. He was a lumber manufacturer from 1873 until 1889, since which he has been a general merchant. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,597 votes against 1,523 for Chas. Sweeting, republican, and 81 for J. McCarthy, populist.

*Second District.*—Towns of Manitowoc, Two Rivers, Two Creeks, Michicott, Gibson, Cooperstown and the cities of Two Rivers and Manitowoc. Population in 1890—18,267.

WILLIAM CROLL (Dem.), was born at Greenwich, Berks county, Pennsylvania, March 24, 1833; received a common school education; came to Wisconsin in 1855, settling at West

Granville, Milwaukee county, where he resided until 1877, when he removed to Manitowoc, where he has since resided. Served as a private in the 51st Wisconsin volunteers until the close of the Rebellion; was elected to the assembly in 1890, 1892, and again re-elected in 1894, receiving 1,773 votes, against C. D. Fahrney, republican, who received 1,367, and A. Pohl, populist, who received 222.

#### *Marathon County.*

*First District.*—The towns of Bergen, Brighton, Berlin, Cleveland, Cassel, Day, Hamburg, Halsey, Holton, Hu'l, Eau Pleine, Johnson, Mosinee, Marathon, Rietbrock, Rib Falls, Spencer, Stettin, Wien, Emmett, Frankfort, McMillan, Manville, Knowlton, Maine and the village of Marathon City. Population in 1890—15,140.

ROBERT PLISCH (Dem.), of Ziegler, was born in Prussia, Germany, April 7, 1845, and came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1856. He received his education in the public schools of Germany and Wisconsin. From 1864 to 1883 he taught school through the winter, working on his farm in the summer. He has been president of the Marathon county board for five years, and of the county agricultural society for three years, besides holding various township and district offices. He was deputy sheriff in 1893 and 1894, and was employed in the legislature in 1893. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,744 votes against 1,325 for A. Cook, republican; 18 for D. R. Olin, prohibition, and 62 for E. Limmer, populist.

*Second District.*—The towns of Easton, Kroneuweather, Norrie, Plover, Pike Lake, Texas-Wausau, Weston, Eldron, Harrison, and the city of Wausau. Population, 1890—15,229.

GEORGE WERHEIM (Rep.), of Wausau, was born in Hesse-Darmstadt, Germany, January 6, 1834. He was educated in the public schools of his native land and came to Wisconsin in 1855, taking up his residence in Wausau, where he has ever since remained. He has held the office of village trustee and under sheriff, and was city treasurer from 1876 to 1883. He was a candidate for the assembly in 1880 and in 1883, and for mayor of Wausau in 1890, but failed of election. He was a carpenter and contractor until 1872, when he became a manufacturer of sash, doors, and blinds, and is now president of the Werheim Manufacturing company. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,869 votes, against 1,357 for B. E. Jones, democrat; 47 for E. Gamble, prohibition, and 132 for George W. Racy, populist.

#### *Marinette County.*

Population in 1890—20,304.

GEORGE W. TAYLOR (Rep.), of Marinette, was born in Wenham, Mass., March 31, 1855, and fitted for college at the high schools of Middletown and Hartford, Conn., but preferred a business life, and has been engaged in the lumber business since 1873. He came to Wisconsin in 1890, settling at Oconto, but removing to Marinette in 1892, where he has since resided. Prior to coming to Wisconsin he had resided for fourteen years at Chicago. Mr. Taylor is a lineal descendent of John Alden, of Mayflower fame. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,866 votes against 2,059 for Amos Holgate, democrat and populist, and 139 for Jacob O. Lindern, prohibition.

#### *Milwaukee County.*

*First District.*—The Third and Seventh wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1890—13,463.

HENRY SCHOOLEY DODGE (Rep.), was born in Genesee county, N. Y., in the year 1832. He received an academic education in his native state, and in 1849 made the overland trip to the Pacific. He returned to Buffalo, N. Y., and in 1857 located in Milwaukee. For more than twenty years he was a member of the firm of A. H. Gardner & Co., fur dealers, but retired therefrom some years since, and has traveled extensively in this country and Europe. He represented the Seventh ward of Milwaukee in the city council continuously from 1880 to 1889. Mr. Dodge is connected directly with Wisconsin's first governor, Henry Dodge. In 1894 he was elected to the assembly, receiving 1,194 votes against 1,192 for Paul I. Foley, democrat, and 346 for M. Hamhitzer, populist, and—, prohibitionist, 13.

*Second District.*—The First and Eighteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1890—17,264.

✓ **GEORGE R. MAHONEY** (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born in that city, February 15, 1858, and has always resided there. He was educated in the public schools. He was, during several years prior to 1886, deputy city clerk, when he was elected city clerk, which position he held until April, 1894. At present he is engaged in the manufacturing business in Milwaukee. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,678 votes against 1,560 for Byron P. McGarigle, republican, and 492 for Chas. J. Shurr, populist.

*Third District.*—The Thirteenth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1890—14,658.

**GUSTAV J. JESKE** (Rep.), of Milwaukee (1089 Richards street), was born December 11, 1855, in West Prussia. He was educated in the public and parochial schools of Germany and Milwaukee, having come to this country and settled at Milwaukee with his parents in 1866. He is a mason and contractor. He was elected to the assembly in 1892, and re-elected in 1894, receiving 1,738 votes against 836 for Albert Runkel, democrat, and 1,076 for Gustav Patzer, populist.

*Fourth District.*—The Fifteenth and Sixteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1890—15,968.

✓ **FRANK A. ANSON** (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born at Peru, Clinton county, New York, March 8th, 1844. He received a common school education. From the age of 13 to 16 he was a sailor on the lakes. He then settled in Montpelier, Vt., where he engaged in clerking in a store. In 1863 he enlisted as a private in Battery "E," 1st Artillery 11th Vermont Reg. Vol. He was promoted to regimental commissary sergeant, thence to regimental quartermaster sergeant, thence to Second Lieut., Battery "C," 1st Artillery 11th Vermont Reg. Vol., thence to First Lieut. Battery "A," 1st Artillery of the same regiment; thence to adjutant of the regiment. He was mustered out of service, September 1st, 1865. He served during the year 1864 and spring of 1865 in 2d Brigade (Old Vermont Brigade), 2d Division 6th Army Corps, Army of the Potomac, and participated in battles of Spottsylvania, Cold Harbor, Petersburg, June 18th to 20th, Fort Stevens, Petersburg, March 25th, Petersburg, April 2d, and Appotomax (Lee's Surrender), April 9th, 1865. He is a member of E. B. Wolcott Post No. 1, G. A. R., Milwaukee, also of the Commandery of Wisconsin, Military Order of Loyal Legion of the United States. During the years 1866-7 he was engaged in business at Whitehall, Washington county, N. Y. In 1868 he came to Wisconsin, settling in Milwaukee where he has since resided. He is a wholesale grocer, and has never before held public office. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,240 votes against 1,336 for Joseph P. Carney, democrat and peoples.

*Fifth District.*—Tenth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1890—19,579.

**ALBERT WOLLER** (Rep.), of Milwaukee (1118 Walnut street), was born in Milwaukee November 17, 1861, and has always resided in that city. He received his education in the schools of Milwaukee, and is by occupation an insurance and real estate agent. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,361 votes, against 1,048 for Chas. G. Kuhn, populist, and 778 for George Dittmar, democrat.

✓ *Sixth District.*—The Ninth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1890—22,463.

**REINHARDT KLABUNDE** (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born in Germany, March 14, 1858. He came to Milwaukee in 1867, and received his education in the public schools of that city. He has always resided in that city, and is a liquor dealer by occupation. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,857 votes, against 1,398 for Ferdinand Luedke, democrat, and 1,255 for Frank Krueger, populist.

*Seventh District.*—Second and Fourth wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1890—20,976.

✓ **EDWARD C. NOTBOHM** (Rep.), 102 Eighth street, Milwaukee, was born in Brunswick, Germany, November 3, 1837, coming to Wisconsin with his parents in 1848. He received a common school education. Until 1859 he resided in Jefferson county, in Milwaukee until 1866, in Waterville, Minn., until 1871, in Milwaukee again until 1876, in Janesville until 1881,

and continuously since 1881 in Milwaukee. Until 1893 he was engaged in milling and mill machinery, and is now a contractor for cement pavements. He invented, patented and introduced in this country an important improvement in milling machinery, known as the "middlings purifier," by which the brand of so-called "patent flour" was created. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,017 votes against 1,408 for Matthew Killilea, democrat, and 779 for Mr. Wieman, populist.

*Eighth District*.—The Fifth and Twelfth wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1890—21,959.

ELLICOTT R. STILLMAN (Rep.), of Milwaukee (299 Maple street), was born in Rochester, N. Y., March 6, 1844, and was educated in the public schools of his birth place. He came west in 1867, and to Wisconsin in 1877; since which time he has resided in Milwaukee, engaged in the manufacture of lumber and cooperage. He served in the Union army throughout the war. He was a candidate for alderman in the spring of 1894, but was defeated; but was elected to the assembly the same year, receiving 1,953 votes against 1,436 for George H. Chase, democrat, and 865 for Mr. Cyborowski, populist.

*Ninth District*.—The Eighth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1890—14,236.

CHARLES A. WINTERSJ (Rep.), (433 Park street) of Milwaukee, was born July 26, 1855, at Bremen, Germany, and came to this country in 1875. He received his education in the German public schools and at Dehnenforth college at Chicago. He came to Wisconsin in 1877, making his home at Milwaukee. He was in the police department from 1889 to 1892, and has since been engaged in the manufacture of cigars. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,399 votes, against 780 for Hubert Schloemer, democrat, and 629 for Edgar Wood, populist.

*Tenth District*.—The Eleventh ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1890—13,786.

THEODORE PROCHNOW (Rep.), of Milwaukee (625 Eighth avenue), was born September 24, 1850 at Virchow, Pommerette, Germany, and was educated in the public schools of that country. He came to Wisconsin in 1868, settling at Portage city and removing to Milwaukee, where he has since resided, in 1873. He worked in the lake marine service from sailor to captain, and from fireman to engineer, until 1878, after which he was a member of the Milwaukee fire department until 1881. After six months' absence in Europe, he was first employed as engineer by the Pabst Brewing Company, and then went into the saloon and liquor business until 1890. After a second visit to the old country, he engaged in real estate and insurance business, which he still pursues. He was a county supervisor from 1888-90, was returned by the county canvassers as elected to the assembly in 1892 by a plurality of 1, but was unseated by the assembly in favor of P. J. Rademacher. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,278 votes, against 863 for Joseph Knapp, democrat, and 660 for Aug. Schmitt, populist.

*Eleventh District*.—The Sixth ward of the city of Milwaukee, Milwaukee county. Population in 1890—13,020.

CHRISTOPH PAULUS (Rep.), (579 Fourth street), Milwaukee. No biographical report received. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,069 votes, against 756 for J. Brueso, democrat, and 609 for L. Elsner, peoples.

*Twelfth District*.—The Fourteenth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1890—11,107.

ANDREW H. BONCEL (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born in Province of Posen, Germany, November 29, 1860, and was educated in the parochial schools of the city of Milwaukee, having come to this country with his parents in February, 1870. He resided in Milwaukee until 1878, and after three years' absence returned to Milwaukee in 1881. He is a carpenter by trade, but has for several years been connected with the sheriff's office of Milwaukee county. He was in 1887 president of the corporation which started the first Polish daily newspaper in America, which bore the name of *Dziennik Polski*. He has also been interested in two weekly newspapers, the *Orzel Bialy* and the *Opeikun*. He has held a number of important offices in trades unions, church societies and Polish National Building and Loan Association. In 1891 Mr. Boncell was an independent candidate for alderman and

was endorsed by the republicans. He was defeated by 36 votes. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,645 votes, against 507 for Andrew Brzankala, populist, and 333 for Charles Zube, republican.

*Thirteenth District*—The Seventeenth ward of the city of Milwaukee, and the towns of Lake, Oak Creek, Greenfield and Franklin, in Milwaukee county. Population in 1890—13,740.

BARNEY A. EATON (Rep.), of Cudahy, was born in the town of Lake, Milwaukee county, October 29, 1853. He received a common school education and attended a business college in Milwaukee. He resided in Milwaukee county until 1873, and permanently in Milwaukee after five years at Georgetown, Colo. During his residence in Milwaukee county he has been engaged in farming and growing small fruits. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,207 votes against 1,223 for S. I. Henderson, democrat, and 303 for Mr. Graham, populist.

*Fourteenth District*.—The towns of Milwaukee, Wauwatosa and Granville. Population in 1890—19,589.

EMERSON D. HOYT (Rep.), of Wauwatosa, was born March 7, 1847, at Wauwatosa, and received a common school education. He is a dealer in real estate by occupation. He was a member of the assembly in 1887 and 1893, and president of the village of Wauwatosa in 1893, 1894. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,377 votes against 905 for George Everts, democrat, and 270 for Fred Stearns, populist.

#### *Monroe County.*

Population in 1890—23,211.

THOMAS L. MARTIN (Rep.), of Wilton, was born in Ireland, November 6, 1851, and came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1852. He was educated in the common schools and at Milton college, Milton, Wis. He resided in Dane county until 1861, in Milton, Rock county, until 1874, and since that date has resided in Wilton, and engaged in the mercantile business. He was postmaster at Wilton for twelve years, and from 1883 to 1887 was county clerk. He is now president of the Wilton village board. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 3,010 votes against 2,109 for D. C. Hope, democrat and populist, and 180 for John P. Shattuck, prohibition.

#### *Oconto County.*

Population in 1890—15,000.

ANDREW C. FROST (Rep.), of Mountain, was born in Denmark, September 30, 1847. After obtaining a common school education in his native land, and spending nine years as a clerk in a dry goods and grocery establishment, he came to the United States in 1873. He spent four years in Illinois, and, coming to Wisconsin, settled in Oconto county in 1878. He procured the establishment of a needed postoffice at Maple Valley, and was postmaster for several years. He started a settlement in the northwestern part of the county in 1887: started a farm, built a hotel, and when the postoffice of Mountain was established, became postmaster. He was justice of the peace for seven years in Maple Valley, and has been town chairman and justice of the peace of the township his enterprise created during his entire residence. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,701 votes, against 1,476 for J. P. Merline, democrat; 61 for John Hanson, populist, and 35 for T. F. Reynolds, prohibition.

#### *Oneida, Price, Vilas and Taylor Counties.*

Population in 1890—16,999.

CYRUS C. YAWKEY (Rep.), of Hazelhurst, was born in the city of Chicago, August 29, 1862. He removed from Chicago, when quite young, to Saginaw, Mich., where he resided until 1889, since which time he has resided in Oneida county. He was educated in the common schools and at the Michigan Military Academy at Orchard Lake, graduating

therefrom in June, 1881. In 1888 he was appointed by Governor Luce captain of Company E, Third regiment Michigan national guard, and in 1889 was promoted to major of the same regiment. He has been chairman of the town of Hazelhurst since its organization, and chairman of the county board in the years 1891, 1892 and 1893. He is at the head of the Yawkey Lumber Company, extensive manufacturers of all kinds of lumber, etc. In 1894 he was elected to the assembly, receiving 4,168 votes against 2,292 for A. McKenzie, democrat, and 33 for K. McRae, peoples.

#### *Outagamie County.*

*First District*.—The towns of Dale, Greenville, Ellington, Grand Chute, Center and the city of Appleton. Population in 1890—18,621.

HUBERT WOLF (Dem.), of Greenville was born August 22, 1833, in Prussia, where he received a common school education. In 1854 he migrated to the United States and settled in Outagamie county the year following. He has ever since resided there, and is a farmer by occupation. He has held numerous town offices, having been chairman of his town from 1891 to 1894, and during the year 1893 was chairman of the county board of supervisors. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,952 votes against 1,897 for John Dey, republican, and 147 for H. W. Bussell, prohibition.

*Second District*.—The towns of Black Creek, Bovina, Hortonia, Liberty, Maple Creek, Seymour, Kaukauna, Freedom, Buchanan, Osborn, Cicero, Main, Deer Creek, and the cities of Seymour and Kaukauna, and the Third ward of the city of New London. Population in 1890—20,069.

JOHN UECKE (Rep.), of Seymour, was born December 15, 1845, in Pommerania, Germany, and came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1852. He studied with his father, who was a teacher at Watertown and Lake Mills, and also attended the public schools. He resided in Jefferson county until 1863, in Brown county until 1872, and ever since 1872 in the town of Osborn, Outagamie county. He is a farmer, nurseryman and gardener, and has written several articles for agricultural and horticultural journals, and for farmers institutes, etc. He has been chairman of his town since 1889, receiving a unanimous vote for three successive years; a trustee of the county asylum for chronic insane from 1890 to 1894, and has been trustee and treasurer of the Outagamie county and Seymour fair associations for six years. He was a candidate for the assembly in 1892, but was unsuccessful, and was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,097 votes against 1,767 for John Brill, democrat, and 103 for James Douglass, prohibition.

#### *Ozaukee County.*

Population in 1890—14,943.

HERMAN SCHELLENBERG (Dem.), of Horns Corners, was born August 18, 1842, in Saxe Altenberg, Germany, coming to the United States in 1855. He was educated in the public schools of Germany. He was first employed for three years in a toy store in New York city, but came to Wisconsin in 1859 and worked as a blacksmith's apprentice until in 1861 he went to the Superior copper region, where he worked in the mines until 1865. He then operated a farm in Trenton, Washington county, until 1872, and then operated a general store in Horns Corners, which he still conducts, together with a cheese factory, since established. He was a supervisor of Trenton in 1866 and 1867, of the town of Cedarburg, Ozaukee county, in 1872 and 1873, and chairman of said town in 1874 and 1875; has been town clerk since 1885, justice of the peace for twenty years, and postmaster of Horns Corners post office since its establishment in 1875. He has for six years been secretary of the Cedarburg Driving Association. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,417 votes, against 743 for D. E. McGinley, republican, and 656 for Louis C. Kieker, independent democrat, being a majority over both of 18 votes.

#### *Pierce County.*

Population in 1890—20,385.

FREEMAN H. LORD (Rep.), of River Falls, was born in Hancock county, Maine, March 10th, 1842. In 1851 he removed, with his parents, to Wisconsin, settling in Oshkosh. Later in the same year the family removed to Stillwater, Minn. In 1853 they settled in

Pierce county, where Mr. Lord has since resided. He was educated in the common schools, and in 1862 enlisted in the Thirtieth Regiment, Wisconsin volunteer infantry, and served until August, 1865. He is a farmer by occupation, and has served his town as assessor two terms and as chairman ten years consecutively. He is president of the River Falls fire insurance company. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,561 votes against 808 for J. M. Bailey, democrat; 195 for Victor Bailey, prohibition, and 176 for J. Mealey, peoples.

#### *Polk County.*

Population in 1890—12,963.

HENRY P. BURDICK (Rep.), of Osceola Mills, was born in Warren county, Pennsylvania, January 11, 1849, and came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1854. After two years' residence at Waterloo, the family removed to St. Croix county, where Mr. Burdick resided, with the exception of a brief residence in Minnesota, until 1877, when he removed to Polk county. He enlisted at the age of fifteen in the First Minnesota heavy artillery in 1864 and served as a private until October, 1865. He was admitted to the bar in 1880, and has practiced his profession at Osceola Mills ever since. He was a member of the county board of Polk county from 1880 to 1882, and district attorney of Polk county from 1884 to 1887. He was elected to the assembly in 1892 and re-elected in 1894, receiving 1,365 votes against 563 for W. L. Tuttle, democrat, and 260 for C. W. Staple, populist.

#### *Portage County.*

Population in 1890—24,793.

HERMAN H. HOFFMAN (Rep.), of Amhurst Junction, was born April 1, 1844, at Goerlitz, Prussia, and was educated in the public schools of Germany and Wisconsin. He came with his parents to Wisconsin in 1856, settling first in Jefferson county, whence he removed to Portage county in 1859. He worked as a young man on farms and in the pineries, and served in the Seventh Wisconsin volunteers in 1864 and 1865. He is a farmer by occupation, and has for thirteen years been a director of the Stoughton fire insurance company, of which he is now president. He was on the town board eight terms and on the county board in 1892-3. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,750 votes against 2,671 for Robert Maine, democrat, and 47 for S. A. Sherman, populist.

#### *Racine County.*

*First District.*—The First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth wards of the city of Racine. Population in 1890—18,488.

CHARLES M. HAMBRIGHT (Rep.), of Racine, was born in Racine county, July 7, 1845, and received his education in the public schools. He resided in Dodge county from 1849 to 1867, and for three years in the seventies, but with those exceptions, has spent his entire life in Racine. He has for a number of years been traveling for the Racine woolen mills, and is a stockholder in that company. He enlisted for one year in March, 1865, and was discharged in the following June. He was an alderman of Beaver Dam in 1876 and 1877, and was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,119 votes against 1,185 for Peter Galloway, democrat, 1,288 for Andrew Hanson, populist, and 113 for J. B. Corse, prohibition.

*Second District.*—The towns of Burlington, Caledonia, Dover, Mt. Pleasant, Norway, Raymond, Rochester, Watford and Yorkville, and the seventh ward of the city of Racine. Population in 1890—17,820.

GEORGE H. BLAKE (Rep.), of Rochester, was born July 23, 1848, in the town of New Lisbon, Waukesha county, and when nine years of age settled in Rochester where he has since resided. He received a common school education, with a four years' course at Rochester seminary. He has served his town as chairman two years. By occupation he is a manufacturer of butter and cheese, and is a prominent member of the National dairy men's association. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,053 votes against 1,502 for H. E. Zimmermann, democrat, 152 for Thos. Moyle, prohibitionist, and 393 for Wm. Williams, populist.



*Richland County.*

Population in 1890—19,121.

JAY G. LAMBERSON (Rep.), of Sextonville, Richland county, was born at Elkhorn, Walworth county, August 27, 1846; came to Sextonville with his parents in 1858; attended the public schools until seventeen years of age; enlisted in the Sixth Wisconsin battery in 1863, serving till the close of the war. Returned home, entered the high school at Sextonville, from which he graduated; taught in the public schools of the county; afterwards engaged for ten years in mercantile business; retired from this occupation because of failing health. Became a practical farmer, engaged in dairying and dealing in live stock. Was elected to the assembly in 1890, re-elected in 1892 and again re-elected in 1894, receiving 2,389 votes, against 1,426 for J. M. Ferebee, democrat, and 383 for H. J. Noyes, populist.

*Rock County.*

*First District.*—The towns of Union, Porter, Magnolia, Center, Spring Valley, Plymouth, Avon, Newark, Beloit, the village of Evansville, and the Third and Fourth wards of the city of Beloit. Population in 1890—14,587.

EDWARD F. HANSEN (Rep.), was born October 7, 1860, in Beloit. He was educated in the public schools of Beloit, and is by trade a machinist, but has been employed since January 1, 1892, as secretary and treasurer of the Beloit savings bank. Was city treasurer in 1885, 1886 and 1887, and has been city clerk since 1888, and treasurer of the Beloit city school district since 1889. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,456 votes against R. M. Richmond, democrat, who received 786; W. H. Doolittle, prohibition, 171, and W. J. Beals, populist, 67.

*Second District.*—The towns of Milton, Lima, Harmony, La Prairie, Rock, Johnstown, Bradford, Clinton and Turtle, and the First and Second Wards of the city of Beloit. Population in 1890—13,913.

SAMUEL S. JONES (Rep.), of Clinton Junction, was born September 3, 1854, at Clinton Junction, and was educated in the common schools of Clinton, and at Allen's Grove academy and at Milton College. He was a teacher from 1873 to 1890, and since 1890 has been engaged in farming. He was town clerk of Clinton from 1888 to 1892, and has been school district clerk for several years. He has since his majority always voted the republican ticket. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,993 votes against 928 for Clark B. Palmer, democrat, and 204 for Sherril J. Clark, prohibition.

*Third District.*—The towns of Janesville and Fulton, and the cities of Janesville and Edgerton. Population in 1890—14,720.

FENNER KIMBALL (Rep.), of Janesville, was born October 6, 1822, at North Scituate, Providence county, Rhode Island. Received a common school education in Rhode Island, and subsequently lived in Fall River, Mass., two years, and in East Greenwich, R. I., eleven years. He came to Wisconsin in 1856, engaging in farming until 1865, when he removed to Janesville, and conducted a retail furniture business until 1881, and was also a member of Janesville Furniture Co., manufacturers, from 1871 to 1877. He then engaged in the hardware business until 1893, when he became a member of the firm of Thoroughgood & Co., manufacturers of cigar boxes and lumber for cigar boxes. In this business, employing 45 to 50 hands, he is still engaged. He was president of the town council and court of probate in East Greenwich, R. I., and has been a member of the Rock county board almost continuously since 1876, being chairman of the board in 1889 and 1890. He was an unsuccessful candidate for the assembly in 1875, but was a member of the assembly in 1878. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,101 votes against 1,544 for J. C. Zinck, democrat, and 120 for John Haviland, prohibition and populist.

*St Croix County.*

Population in 1890—23,139.

ORRIN J. WILLIAMS (Rep.), of New Richmond, was born in Somerset county, Me., March 14, 1844, and received a common school education in his native state. He came to



Wisconsin in 1867, settling in St. Croix county, where he was a farmer and lumberman until 1885, when he opened a large hardware store at New Richmond, which he still conducts. He was chairman of the town of Stanton and member of the county board from 1874 to 1878 and in 1880, president of the common council of New Richmond in 1887, and mayor in 1888 and 1889. He was a member of the assembly in 1893, and re-elected in 1894, receiving 2,720 votes against 1,941 for Jas. H. Kinsey, democrat, 336 for H. P. Blake, prohibition, and 162 for Griffin, populist.

#### *Sauk County.*

*First District.*—Towns of Delton, Baraboo, Fairfield, Greenfield, Freedom, Honey Creek, Sumpter, Merrimac, Troy, Prairie du Sac, Sauk City and village of Prairie du Sac, and the city of Baraboo. Population in 1890—15,298.

CHARLES HIRSCHINGER (Rep.), of Baraboo, was born at Catatne, Ohio, February 26, 1837, and received a common school education. He came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1847, settling upon a farm in the town of Baraboo, which he has ever since occupied. Besides his occupation of farming, he conducts a nursery business and is a breeder of Devon cattle. He was supervisor of the town of Freedom three years and chairman for fifteen years; supervisor of the town of Baraboo one year and chairman three years; four years county bridge commissioner, and for fourteen years justice of the peace. He has been district school clerk for twenty-one years, treasurer of his school district for eight years and president of the Old Settlers' association of Sauk county, and president and director of the Farmers' Mutual Insurance company. He was elected to the assembly in 1892 from Sauk county, and was re-elected in 1894, receiving 2,229 votes, against 1,009 for George A. Gross, democrat; 202 for Shively Mather, prohibition, and 3 scattering.

*Second District.*—The towns of Dellona, Winfield, La Valle, Woodland, Ironton, Reedsburg, Excelsior, Washington, Westfield, Bear Creek, Franklin, Spring Green, the village of La Valle and the city of Reedsburg. Population in 1890—15,273.

HENRY W. SORGE (Dem.), of Reedsburg, was born in Hanover, Germany, March 18, 1852, and came to this state with an elder brother in 1868. He was educated in the public schools of Germany and Wisconsin. He has ever since coming to this country been a farmer in the town of Reedsburg, and was treasurer of the school district nine years, supervisor of the town seven years, and has been a member of the county board since 1889. He has been secretary of the Reedsburg mutual farmers' fire insurance company since 1890. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,661 votes against 1,597 for Abijah Beckwith, republican, and 100 for Frank Holton, prohibition.

#### *Shawano County.*

Population in 1890—19,236.

CHRISTIAN BONNIN (Rep.), of Bonduel, was born in Prussia, February 18, 1853, and came to West Bend in 1857. Has resided in Outagamie and Washington counties, and in 1880, moved to Shawano county, where he has since resided. He received a common school education, and prior to 1880 he followed lumbering and cruising. In 1880 he engaged in the mercantile business and still follows it, owning a general store at Bonduel. He has been often chosen to local offices and is chairman of his town. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,704 votes, against 1,552 for Chas. Kelian, democrat; 283 for E. E. Breed, populist and prohibition, and 137 for F. A. Miller, independent.

#### *Sheboygan County.*

*First District.*—The First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Eighth wards of the city of Sheboygan. Population in 1890—14,827.

CHRISTIAN ACKERMAN (Rep.), of Sheboygan, was born in the city of Ottendorf, Hanover, Germany, September 4, 1850. He received his education in the common schools of his native city and came to Chicago in 1869. He located in Sheboygan in 1874, and has since resided there. By occupation he is a mason contractor and manufacturer of brick. He was a member of the board of supervisors in his county from 1884 to 1888, and was one

of the incorporators of the Sheboygan mutual building and loan association, and has been one of its directors since 1885. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,412 votes against 1,216 for H. Mueller, democrat, and 589 for Wm. Schultz, populist.

*Second District.*—The towns of Sheboygan Falls, Herman, Holland, Wilson, Sheboygan, Mosel, and the village of Sheboygan Falls, and the Seventh ward of the city of Sheboygan. Population in 1890—13,223.

WILLIAM F. SIEKER, (Rep.), of Herman, was born at Lippe, Detmold, Germany, January 28, 1849, and came to Wisconsin with his parents in the spring of the same year. He was educated in the district schools and in the Sheboygan city high school. He has resided ever since coming to this country in the town of Herman, Sheboygan county and is a farmer. He was town clerk in 1879, census enumerator in 1880, and has since 1887 been chairman of the town board. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,419 votes against 967 for Ferdinand Brehm, democrat, and 164 for Carl Arnoldi, populist.

*Third District.*—The towns of Lima, Russell, Greenbush, Mitchell, Scott, Sherman Lyndon, Rhine, Plymouth and city of Plymouth. Population in 1890—14,439.

GEORGE W. WOLFF (Rep.), of Rhine, was born on the farm where he now lives, in the year 1848. He received a common school education, and has always been a farmer. Has been several years chairman of his town, and was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,886 votes, against 1,218 for Richard Phalen, democrat, and 89 for John Baurnefeind, populist.

### *Trempealeau County.*

Population in 1890—18,920.

EUGENE F. CLARK (Rep.), of Galesville, was born August 14, 1850, at Kingfield, Maine, and came to Wisconsin in 1854 with his parents. Was brought up on a farm in Trempealeau county, receiving his education in the Galesville university and the La Crosse business college. He was a farmer until 1894, when he became president of the bank of Galesville. He has been secretary of the Trempealeau county farmers' mutual fire insurance company since 1887, and chairman of the town of Gale since 1889. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,157 votes against 919 for A. Bausch, democrat; 234 for Field, prohibition, and 69 for Immell, populist.

### *Vernon County.*

Population in 1890—25,111.

DANIEL O. MAHONEY (Rep.), of Viroqua, Vernon county, was born in Moscow, Livingston county, New York, June 8th, 1855; was educated in common schools, Wisconsin academy, Northwestern business college and university of Wisconsin during a part of a course; is by occupation a teacher; came to Wisconsin in 1857 and settled at Madison, and near there was engaged in farming until 1880, when he became principal of the schools at Ontario, Vernon county, as which he served five years; was justice of the peace in Whites-town in 1881, 1882 and 1883, and elected town clerk without opposition in 1884; elected county superintendent of Vernon county in 1884 without opposition; re-elected for four successive terms, declining a fifth nomination unanimously tendered; was president of the Wisconsin teachers' reading circle, and president of the southwest Wisconsin teachers' association; is president of the Viroqua school board; was elected member of the assembly in 1892, and re-elected in 1894, receiving 3,577 votes, against 1,234 for S. A. Meelen, democrat and peoples.

### *Walworth County.*

*First District.*—The towns of Whitewater, Lagrange, Troy, East Troy, Richmond, Sugar Creek, La Fayette, Elkhorn, Spring Prairie, and the city of Whitewater. Population in 1890—13,878.

FRANK L. FRASER (Rep.), of Lake Beulah, was born in Sacramento, California, September 29, 1854, and was educated at Rochester seminary and the Whitewater normal school. He came to Wisconsin in 1860, and has, excepting for three years spent at Racine.

resided continuously in Walworth county, pursuing his occupation as farmer. While in Racine, from 1875 to 1877, he was a clerk in the probate court, and studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1877. He has been a member of the county board since 1887, and was elected to the assembly in 1890 and in 1892, and re-elected in 1894, receiving 1,912 votes, against \$93 for William Knilans, democrat; 147 for Charles E. Badger, prohibition; 70 for Sherman Harrington, populist, and 2 scattering.

*Second District.*—Town of Darien, Delavan, Geneva, Lyons, Sharon, Linn, Walworth, Bloomfield, and the city of Lake Geneva. Population in 1890—13,982.

✓ **THOMAS H. GRIER** (Rep.), of Bloomfield, was born on the farm which he now owns and occupies, March 24th, 1851. After attending the common schools he entered Geneva Lake Seminary, and later, in 1869, entered Notre Dame University graduating from the commercial course in 1871 and from the scientific course in 1875. He has always been active in politics, and is one of the promoters of the famous Walworth County Agricultural society. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,996 votes, against Richard Bingel, democrat, who received 700 votes, and D. E. LaBarr, who received 414.

#### *Washington County.*

Population in 1890—22,751.

**WILLIAM H. FROEHLICH** (Rep.), of Jackson, was born at Jackson, his present home, June 22, 1857. He was educated in the public, private and parochial schools of the town of Jackson, and graduated at the Spencerian Business College at Milwaukee. He was employed as a clerk at Milwaukee from 1874 to 1877, as assistant bookkeeper for T. A. Chapman Company from 1878 to 1880, and has been a dealer in general merchandise and grain at Jackson since June 1, 1880. He was postmaster at Jackson from 1881 to 1893, has been justice of the peace since 1887, member of the school board since 1891, and was elected town clerk in 1893, and re-elected in 1894 without opposition. He was nominated for the assembly in 1892, but was defeated by the democratic candidate; but was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,310 votes, against 2,200 for Herman Karten, democrat.

#### *Waukesha County.*

*First District.*—The towns of Brookfield, Menomonee, Muskego, New Berlin, Vernon, Waukesha, and the village of Waukesha. Population in 1890—16,106.

✓ **DELBERT K. SMITH** (Rep.), of Big Bend, was born at Big Bend, November 15, 1862. He was educated in the district schools, at Rochester seminary, and at the state university. He is and has been a farmer since his graduation. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,207 votes against 1,528 for Frederick Classen, democrat, 101 for Hazlett, prohibition, and 74 for Babcock, populist.

*Second District.*—Towns of Delafield, Eagle, Genesee, Merton, Mukwanago, Otiawa, Oconomowoc, Summit, Lisbon and Pewaukee, and the city of Oconomowoc. Population in 1890—17,164.

**CALEB C. HARRIS** (Rep.), of Dousman, was born in Springfield, Erie county, Penn., September 22, 1836. He came to Wisconsin in 1850 and settled in Walworth county, where he remained until 1855. He received a common school education, and studied the languages under private tutors. Is a physician and has practiced his profession in Waukesha county since 1867. Has served his town two terms as chairman, and was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,332 votes against 1,649 for John A. Krause, democrat; 106 for ———, prohibitionist, and 101 for ———, populist.

#### *Waupaca County.*

*First District* —The towns of Union, Bear Creek, Lebanon, Royalton, Mukwa, Caledonia, Larrabee, Matteson, Little Wolf, city of Clintonville and the First, Second, Fourth and Fifth wards of the city of New London. Population in 1890—13,577.

**ROGER S. JOHNSON** (Rep.), of New London, was born at Northfield, Mass., June 10, 1851, and graduated at Dartmouth college, Hanover, N. H., in 1874. He came to Wisconsin in

1880, and after one year's residence in Royalton, made his home at New London, where he has since resided. He is a manufacturer of lumber and excelsior. He was mayor of New London for five terms, from 1887 to 1892, and was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,423 votes, against 1,133 for David Jennings, democrat, and 72 for B. P. Rice, prohibition.

*Second District.*—The towns of Dupont, Helvetia, St. Lawrence, Waupaca, Lind, Dayton, Farmington, Iola, Scandinavia, Harrison, Wyoming, Fremont, Weyauwega, and the villages of Fremont and Weyauwega, and the city of Waupaca. Population in 1890—13,217. ✓

PHILIP A. HAM (Rep.), of Crystal Lake, was born in Oneida county, New York, July 26, 1843, and received a common school education. He came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1853, and after a brief residence in Columbia county, removed to Waupaca county in 1856, where he has substantially ever since resided. He is a farmer, and was assessor of his township in 1884 and 1893, member of the county board from 1885 to 1889, and is now president of the Waupaca Fire Insurance company. He enlisted in the 21st Wisconsin Volunteers, and was mustered out with his regiment in 1865. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,537 votes, against 503 for Winfield Scott, democrat, and 207 for James F. Knudson, prohibition.

#### *Waushara County.*

Population in 1890—13,507.

JAMES T. ELLARSON (Rep.), of Wautoma, was born in Racine county, April 23, 1835, and received a common school and high school education. He removed to Wautoma in 1876, and with the exception of two years in Plainfield, has resided in Wautoma ever since. He has been publisher and editor of the *Waushara Argus* since 1880. He was appointed postmaster at Wautoma by President Harrison, and was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,474 votes, against 175 for Samuel P. Delap, prohibition.

#### *Winnebago County.*

*First District.*—First, Second, Third and Fourth wards of the city of Oshkosh. Population in 1890—15,776. ✓

AUGUST C. THALACKER (Rep.), of Oshkosh, was born in Columbia county, July 23, 1860, but removed to Oshkosh at an early age. He received a common school education, but values most the education of business and the world. He was a merchant in Oshkosh for several years, but is now a manufacturer of cigars, and is interested in cutting and shipping ice. He has always been a consistent republican; is a member of the board of education, and a prominent member of the Lutheran church. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,020 votes, against 1,244 for Herman Dercksen, and 431 for John Rote, populist.

*Second District.*—The towns of Clayton, Menasha, Neenah, Oshkosh, Poygan, Viroqua, Winchester and Wolf River, and the cities of Neenah and Menasha. Population in 1890—17,088. ✓

SILAS BULLARD (Rep.), of Menasha, was born December 9, 1841, at Greenfield, Franklin county, Massachusetts. He attended the common schools in Massachusetts, Power's institute, Bernardstown, Massachusetts, and Bridgeton academy at Bridgeton, Maine; working on a farm to earn his way through school. He came to Wisconsin August 4, 1871, settling at Menasha, where he has ever since resided. In 1873 and 1874, he was part owner of the *Menasha Press*. He studied law at Portland, Maine, and was admitted to the bar in 1867. He was superintendent of the Menasha schools for six years; mayor of Menasha in 1881-2, county supervisor for seven years; city attorney 1882-3, and since 1893. Was district attorney from January 1, 1883, to January 1, 1889, and has held various other offices. He is a lawyer, banker and manufacturer, being secretary and treasurer of the Paul paper company and vice-president of the First National bank of Menasha. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 1,821 votes against 1,415 for M. M. Schoetz, democrat, and 309 for Sam'l Neff, populist.

*Third District.*—The towns of Algoma, Black Wolf, Nekimi, Omro, Utica, Nepeuskun, Rushford, Winneconne, the village of Winneconne, and the Fifth and Sixth wards of the city of Oshkosh. Population in 1890—17,233.

GEORGE A. BUCKSTAFF (Rep.), was born at Oshkosh, December 22, 1861. He prepared for college in the public schools of Oshkosh, and attended the Wisconsin State University in the civic-historical course from 1882 to 1885. He graduated from Columbia Law School and from the University of Wisconsin law school in 1886. Upon his admission to the bar in 1886, he entered the Buckstaff-Edwards Company, manufacturers of caskets and chairs, at Oshkosh, and has ever since been manager of the chair department and secretary of the company. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,749 votes over Leo L. Larrabee, democrat, who received 1,036, and Nick Becker, populist, who received 252.

#### Wood County.

Population in 1890—18,127.

HERMAN C. WIPPERMAN (Rep.), of Grand Rapids, was born in the town of Mose, Sheboygan county, July 28, 1853. He received a common school education; is a lawyer by profession, having graduated from the law department of the state university with the class of 1880. In 1873 he removed from Mosel to Chilton, in Calumet county, where he remained until 1891, when he located at Grand Rapids. Aside from minor town offices to which he was chosen, he was city attorney of Grand Rapids from 1893 to 1894; was nominated by the republicans of Calumet county for district attorney in 1890, but failed of election. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, receiving 2,504 votes against 1,565 for Michael Rupplinger, democrat, and 52 for M. V. Payne, prohibitionist.

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### OFFICERS OF SENATE.

WALTER L. HOUSER, of Mondovi, Buffalo county, chief clerk of the senate, was born May 6, 1855, at Tidioute, Pennsylvania, and came to Wisconsin in 1865. He received a common school and academic education. He first settled in Pierce county where he resided until 1870, when he removed to Pepin county, where he remained until 1874, when he returned to Pierce county for a short time. Since 1875 he has resided in Mondovi. He is editor and publisher of the Mondovi *Herald*. Has been justice of the peace, municipal judge for five years, and mayor. At the session of the legislature of 1895 he was chosen chief clerk of the senate, having been nominated by acclamation in the republican caucus.

CHARLES A. PETTIBONE, of Juneau, Dodge county, Wisconsin, sergeant-at-arms of the senate, was born in the town of Hartsville, St.uben county, New York, May 26, 1841; received a common school and partial collegiate education at Wayland and Lawrence universities; is by profession an editor; came to Wisconsin in 1850 and settled in the town of Beaver Dam, Dodge county; published the New London *News* at New London, in 1874, and *The Telephone*, at Mayville, in 1877; enlisted August 15, 1861, in Company C, First Wisconsin cavalry; served as a private, second lieutenant and captain, acted as A. A. Q. M. of brigade and first division cavalry department of Cumberland; took part in most of the engagements in which the regiment participated; was mustered out of service March 7, 1865; was elected state senator for the thirteenth district in 1883, for four years. Was chairman of the committee on Printing in the 38th session. In 1895 he was chosen sergeant-at-arms of the senate by acclamation, receiving the nomination in the republican caucus by acclamation.

## OFFICERS OF THE ASSEMBLY.

WINSLOW A. NOWELL, chief clerk of the assembly, of Milwaukee, was born at Portsmouth, N. H., January 31, 1840. His education was received in the common schools and academies of his native place. He resided in New York city from 1856 until 1863, when he came to Milwaukee, and has ever since resided there. By occupation he is a merchant, and is also engaged in manufacturing. He has contributed quite extensively to literary and other publications; was an alderman in 1872, commissioner of public works from 1873 to 1876, chief clerk of the assembly in 1877, deputy United States marshal, 1877 to 1880, and postmaster of Milwaukee from 1889 to 1894. In 1883 he served as secretary of the republican state central committee. He was chosen chief clerk of the assembly in 1895, receiving 80 votes out of a total of 99 cast.

BENJAMIN F. MILLARD, of Chippewa Falls, sergeant-at-arms of the assembly, was born at Baraboo, Wisconsin, in 1856, and received a common school education. He has resided, with brief exceptions, since his early infancy, in Chippewa county. At the age of fifteen he began the life of a lumberman as cook in a lumber camp, was foreman at the age of twenty and was in charge of the Mississippi River Logging Company's woods work from 1875 to 1893, since which time he has been engaged in a lumbering and real estate business for himself. He is a practical surveyor and engineer. He was a member of the common council of Chippewa Falls and of the Chippewa county board of supervisors from 1886 to 1889, was elected to the assembly in 1888 and was defeated of re-election in 1890 by forty-two votes. He was defeated for the senate in 1892 in the Thirtieth district. He ran for mayor of Chippewa Falls in 1889, in 1891, in 1893 and in 1894, and was defeated in every instance by a close vote, but was elected by 287 votes in 1892. At the election in 1894, the contest was particularly sharp, 300 more votes being cast than were ever before polled in the city. He was a member of the republican state central committee in 1892 and in 1894, and in the last a member of the executive committee. He was elected sergeant-at-arms of the assembly at the present session, receiving 56 out of 81 votes in the republican caucus.

## JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

HARLOW S. ORTON, chief justice, was born November 25, 1817, in Niagara county, New York. He was educated at Hamilton academy and Madison university in that state; taught school and devoted his spare time to the study of the law. In 1837 he removed to La Porte, Indiana, spent a year in the further study of law and was admitted to the bar March 8, 1838, and entered upon the practice in that year; when 26 years of age he was appointed probate judge in 1843. In 1847 he came to Wisconsin, and practiced law four years in Milwaukee. In January, 1852, he accepted the office of private secretary to Gov. Leonard J. Farwell, and took up his residence in Madison. He was a member of the assembly in 1854, 1859 and 1871. In 1859 he was chosen to succeed Luther S. Dixon as circuit judge of the ninth judicial circuit. He was once re-elected, and in 1865 declined a second re-election. He then entered upon the practice of his profession. In 1876 he was a candidate for member of congress for the Second district; was mayor of Madison in 1877, and the same year was appointed on the commission to revise the statutes. He was dean of the law faculty of the University of Wisconsin from 1869 to 1874, and lecturer on several legal topics, and received from that institution the degree of LL.D. Upon the increase of the number of judges of the supreme court in 1878, he was elected justice and is now serving on his second term of ten years. He became chief justice by virtue of seniority in service, in January, 1894.

JOHN B. CASSODAY was born in Herkimer county, New York, July 7, 1830; removed with his widowed mother to Tioga county, Pennsylvania, three years later. His early studies were pursued in the common schools, at the academies in Wellsboro and Knoxville, Pennsylvania, and two years at the Alfred academy, where he graduated. He spent one year at the Michigan university and then attended the Albany law school; afterwards reading in a law office in Wellsboro, Pennsylvania. In July, 1857, he settled in Janesville, Wisconsin, and continued actively in practice until called to the supreme bench; was member of the assembly in 1865, and again in 1877, when he was elected speaker of that body. In 1880, November 11, he was appointed by Governor William E. Smith, as associate justice of the supreme court, a vacancy having been caused by the promotion of Associate Justice Cole to the chief justiceship to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Chief Justice Edward G. Ryan. He was elected associate justice in April, 1881, and again in April, 1889, and is a professor in the college of law, university of Wisconsin, lecturing on constitutional law. He is the author of "Cassoday on Wills," a law text-book published in 1893.

JOHN B. WINSLOW was born October 4, 1851, at Nunda, Livingston county, New York. He graduated at Racine college, Wisconsin, in 1871, and entered upon the study of the law in the law office of E. O. Hand, and later in the law office of Fulmer & Dyer. He finished his course of reading at the law department of the University of Wisconsin, from which he graduated in 1875, and entered upon the practice at Racine. He was for several years city attorney of Racine. In April, 1883, he was elected circuit judge of the first judicial circuit, and entered upon judicial duties in January, 1884, serving in that capacity, being re-elected, until May 4, 1891, when he was appointed associate justice of the supreme court, in place of Hon. David Taylor, deceased. In April, 1892, he was elected to fill the residue of Judge Taylor's term; in 1889 he was special lecturer on criminal practice in the College of Law in the University of Wisconsin.

SILAS U. PINNEY was born in Rockdale, Crawford county, Penn., March 3, 1833. In 1846 his father moved with his family to Dane county, Wisconsin, settling in what is now the town of Windsor. The country was then new and sparsely settled. He received the benefit of some private instruction, and at the age of seventeen years taught district school; while working on a farm he began reading text-books of law, and in 1853 entered the law office of Vilas & Remington, in Madison, as a student. In February, 1854, he was admitted to the bar, and was actively engaged in the practice until his entry upon judicial

labors in 1892. In 1858 he was attorney for the city of Madison; in 1863 member of the city council; in 1869 he was the democratic candidate for attorney general; in 1874 he was mayor of Madison; re-elected mayor in 1875 without opposition, and was elected member of the assembly the same year. He prepared the 16th volume of Wisconsin Reports in 1865; in 1870 he was appointed special reporter by the supreme court to report for publication the decisions of the territorial supreme court. He was elected justice of the supreme court in April, 1891, and entered upon his duties January 5, 1892; for several years, while in practice, he was lecturer in the College of Law of the University of Wisconsin.

ALFRED W. NEWMAN, associate justice, was born April 5, 1834, at Durham, Green county, New York, and graduated from Hamilton college at Clinton, Oneida county, New York, with the class of 1857. He came to Wisconsin the following year, and after a brief residence at Ahnapee, Kewaunee county, removed to Trempealeau, Trempealeau county, where he resided until he was elected associate justice. He was county judge of Trempealeau county from 1860 to 1867, district attorney from 1867 to 1876, excepting during the years 1871 and 1872, was a member of the assembly in 1863, state senator in 1868 and 1869, and was circuit judge of the sixth circuit from June, 1876, to October, 1893. He was elected associate justice of the supreme court to succeed Hon. William P. Lyon, in April, 1893, receiving 123,476 votes, against 73,803 for Charles M. Webb.



## HEADS OF INSTRUCTIONAL FORCE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN.

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### PRESIDENT OF THE UNIVERSITY.

**CHARLES KENDALL ADAMS, LL. D.**, president of the University of Wisconsin, was born January 24, 1835, at Derby, Vermont; graduated at the University of Michigan; pursued his studies at Ann Arbor, Bonn, Heidelberg, Leipzig, Berlin and Paris; received the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1861; Master of Arts in 1862; Doctor of Laws by Harvard University in 1883; was student in University of Michigan from 1857 to 1862; assistant professor of Latin and history from 1862 to 1867; professor of history from 1867 to 1885; dean of the school of political science from 1881 to 1885; president of the Cornell University from 1885 to 1892, and elected president of the University of Wisconsin in 1892; president of Am. Historical Association, 1890; is the author of *Democracy and Monarchy in France*, 1872, German edition, 1874; *Manual of Historical Literature*, 1882, 3d edition, 1889; *British Orations*, 3 vols., 1883; *Christopher Columbus, His Life and Works*, 1892; editor in chief of *Johnson's Universal Cyclopædia*, 8 vols., 1895.

### VICE-PRESIDENT OF THE UNIVERSITY.

**JOHN BARBER PARKINSON, A. M.**, vice-president of the university, professor of civil polity and political economy, was born near Edwardsville, Madison county, Illinois, April 11, 1834; graduated at the University of Wisconsin in 1860; was appointed instructor in 1861; was a regent of the university in 1866; appointed full professor—the first from the Alumni—in 1867, and vice-president in 1885; has been connected with the university over thirty years; several addresses of his read before the State Agricultural Society, the Academy of Sciences, Arts and Letters, and other societies have been published; courses of lectures on International Law, English and American Constitutional Law and Political Economy have also been prepared, but have not yet been published.

**EDWARD ASAHEL BIRGE, Ph. D.**, Dean of the College of Letters and Science, was born September 7, 1851, at Troy, N. Y.; graduated from Williams College in 1873, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and received the degree of Master of Arts in 1876; studied zoology in the Agassiz Museum of Comparative Zoology at Cambridge, Mass., until December, 1875; received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from Harvard University in 1878; studied histology and physiology in the University of Leipzig, Germany, during the college year 1880-1; elected instructor in natural history at the University of Wisconsin in 1875; professor of zoology in 1879, and in 1891 received the additional office of dean of the College of Letters and Science. His papers are scientific papers, mainly in the *Archiv für Physiologie*, and the *Transactions of the Wisconsin Academy of Sciences, Arts, and Letters*.

**WILLIAM ARNON HENRY, Agr. B.**, Dean of the College of Agriculture, was born at Norwalk, Ohio, June 16, 1850. His early life was spent on a farm in northwestern Ohio. He studied at the Defiance, Ohio, high school, Holbrook normal school, and Ohio Wesleyan University. Was principal of the New Haven, Indiana, high school, 1871. Principal of the Boulder, Colorado, school, 1873-76. Entered Cornell University in the fall of '76, and was graduated from that institution in 1880, with the degree of Bachelor of Agriculture. In the summer of 1879 was with Professor C. V. Riley of the United States Entomological Commission, Washington, D. C. During 1879 and '80 was assistant in the botanical department at Cornell. Was appointed professor of botany and agriculture, University of Wisconsin, beginning work in September, 1880. In 1882 was relieved of botanical work and elected professor of agriculture. In 1887 was given charge of the work of the experi-

ment station under the title of Director. In 1891 was appointed Dean of the College of Agriculture. Present title, Dean of the College of Agriculture and Director of the Agricultural Experiment Station. Since 1887 has served as staff correspondent for the *Breeders' Gazette*, Chicago. In 1881-2, under the direction of the legislature, he conducted experiments in the manufacture of sugar from amber cane, and the ensiling of fodders, the report of the work being embraced in two volumes published by the state. The Experiment station, under his direction, has issued ten annual reports and forty-two bulletins. He is the author of the chapter on Cattle Feeding in the recent special report on Diseases of Cattle and Cattle Feeding, Published by the Department of Agriculture, Washington.

RICHARD THEODORE ELY, Ph. D., LL. D., Director of the School of Economics, Political Science and History, and Professor of Political Economy, was born at Ripley, Chautauqua county, N. Y., April 13, 1854. Columbia College, A. B., 1876; A. M., Columbia College, 1879; Ph. D., Heidelberg University, 1879; LL. D., Hobart College, 1892; Fellow in Letters, Columbia College, 1876-79; student at the universities of Halle, Heidelberg and Geneva, and at the Royal Statistical Bureau, Berlin, 1877-80; holder of the chair of Political Economy, Johns Hopkins University, 1881-92; secretary of the American Economic Association, 1885-92; member of the Baltimore Tax Commission, 1885-89; member of the Maryland Tax Commission, 1886-89; Professor of Political Economy and Director of the School of Economics, Political Science and History in the University of Wisconsin, 1892. Publications—French and German Socialism in Modern Times, New York, 1883; The Past and the Present of Political Economy, Baltimore, 1884; Japanese translation, Japan, 1888; Taxation in American States and Cities, New York, 1888; Japanese translation Tokyo, Japan, 1894; Problems of Today, New York, 1888; Social Aspects of Christianity, New York, 1889; also London, 1894; An Introduction to Political Economy, New York and London, 1891; Japanese translation, Tokyo, Japan, 1890; Outlines of Economics (College edition), New York, 1893; Socialism and Social Reform, New York and London, 1894. Frequent contributions to the *North American Review*, the *Forum*, *Harper's Magazine*, the *Century*, *Outlook*, *Harper's Weekly*, the *Independent*, etc.

GEORGE CARY COMSTOCK, Director of Washburn Observatory, was born in 1855, at Madison, Wis. Was educated in common schools and University of Michigan, graduating from the latter in 1877. Recorder and Assistant United States Lake Survey seasons of 1874-77. Assistant in Observatory of the University of Michigan, 1878. Assistant Engineer, United States Improvement of the Mississippi River, 1879. Assistant in Washburn Observatory, University of Wisconsin, 1880-83. Graduated from Law School, University of Wisconsin, 1883. Computer, Nautical Almanac Office, Washington, 1883-84. Astronomer, Washburn Observatory, 1884-85. Professor of Mathematics and Astronomy, Ohio State University, 1885-87. Professor of Astronomy, University of Wisconsin and Associate Director Washburn Observatory, 1887. Director Washburn Observatory, 1889. Visited the principal European observatories, 1890 and 1894. Published four volumes of Publications of the Washburn Observatory. Method of Least Squares, 1889. Numerous scientific papers in the *Astronomical Journal*, *Sidereal Messenger*, *Astronomy and Astro-Physics*, *Astronomische Nachrichten*, etc.

NELSON OLIVER WHITNEY, C. E., Chairman of the Board of Engineers, was born at Aiken, S. C., in 1858. He was graduated at Mantua Academy, Philadelphia, in 1874, and at the University of Pennsylvania in 1878. During the following summer he was on the Geodetic survey in Pennsylvania, and during the winter was instructor in Civil Engineering in the University, and also in the Pennsylvania School of Industrial Art. During the year 1879-80 he was in the office of the chief engineer of the Pennsylvania Railroad, where he was engaged in construction work. The next year he spent in Mexico, occupying the position of locating engineer under A. M. Wellington on the Mexican National Railroad. In 1882 he returned and became locating engineer on the South Pennsylvania Railroad and resident engineer of the Tuscarora Tunnel Division. He held these positions until 1886, when he became assistant to the chief engineer of the Pennsylvania Company at Chicago, where he remained until 1891, when he became Professor of Railway Engineering at the University of Wisconsin.

EDWIN EUSTACE BRYANT, Dean of the College of Law, was born January 10, 1835, in Milton, Chittenden county, Vt. He received an academic education in the New Hampshire Institute, spending two years in the classical department; removed to Wisconsin in 1857, was admitted to the bar and began the practice of law at Monroe. Was engaged in the practice of law at Monroe until the Rebellion broke out, when he enlisted as a private in Company C, Third Wisconsin Infantry. He was promoted to sergeant-major before leaving the state; served three years, first as lieutenant, and in 1862 became adjutant of his regiment under Colonel, now General, Thomas H. Ruger. In July, 1864, he was appointed commissioner of enrollment for the third district of Wisconsin, and in February, 1865, was commissioned lieutenant-colonel of the Fiftieth Wisconsin Infantry, and served one year in Missouri. In 1868 he was appointed adjutant-general of the state and private secretary to Governor Fairchild. At the expiration of Governor Fairchild's administration in 1872, he re-entered the practice of law, in partnership with W. F. Vilas. In 1876, he again became adjutant general under Governor Ludington, was reappointed by Governor Smith, in 1878, and continued in office until 1882; was a member of the legislature in 1878, and served as chairman of the committee on revision of the state statutes; was appointed with W. F. Vilas to revise and annotate eighteen volumes of the supreme court reports, and reported the thirty-seventh volume. In 1884 was appointed assistant attorney general of the Postoffice Department, which position he held four years. In 1889, General Bryant was elected Dean of the College of Law of the University of Wisconsin, to which he has since given his entire time and attention. He has been a fertile writer on subjects relating to his profession. In 1869, associated with John C. Spooner, he published an edition of Town Laws, with forms and instructions for town officers. While connected with the postoffice department he edited the *Postal Guide*, and compiled a volume of postal laws and regulations and a manual of instructions to postoffice inspectors. He is the author of several works on legal subjects: *The Wisconsin Justice*, a manual for justices of the peace (1884), *Code Pleading* (1894), *Elementary Law* (1895), *Code Forms for use in Wisconsin*, besides various notes of lectures. His military experiences are recorded in the *History of the Third Regiment Wisconsin Veteran Volunteers*, written by him, published in 1891.

CHARLES NOBLE GREGORY, A. M., LL. B., Professor of Law and Associate Dean of the College of Law, University of Wisconsin, was born at Unadilla, Otsego county, N. Y., August 27, 1851. He removed to Madison, Wis., with his father (the late Hon. J. C. Gregory) in 1858. Graduated with honor at the University of Wisconsin in 1871, taking the Latin salutatory, and a year later graduated in the College of Law of the University of Wisconsin. Studied law with the firm of Gregory & Pinney, composed of his father and Mr. Justice Pinney, now of the supreme court of Wisconsin, and became junior partner of the firm. Later was a member of firms of Gregory & Gregory, and of Gregory, Bird & Gregory. He for years held an annual retainer from C., M. & St. P. Ry. Served three years as alderman of the city of Madison (1882-3-4), one year as a member of the Board of Education, and one year as president of the Alumni Association of the University of Wisconsin. Edited *The Tariff Reform Advocate* in 1888, and has published articles in old *Scribner's Magazine*, *Littell's Living Age*, *Overland Monthly*, *Harper's Weekly*, *Outing*, *Youth's Companion*, *New York Nation*, *New York Evening Post*, *New York Independent*, and many western newspapers and publications. Has also published pamphlets on "The Corrupt Use of Money in Elections, and Laws for Its Prevention," and given addresses in New York, Chicago and elsewhere on the topic. He has long been a member of the General Committee of the National Civil Service Reform Association, and also a member of the American Bar Association. He was elected to his present position in the faculty in June, 1894.