PART VIII.

BIOGRAPHICAL.



BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

MEMBERS OF FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

SENATORS.

WILLIAM FREEMAN VILAS (Dem.), was born in Chelsea, Orange county, Vermont, July 9, 1840. He removed with his parents to Wisconsin in 1851, and settled at Madison; graduated from the University of Wisconsin in 1858, and from the Albany, N. Y., law school in 1860. He was admitted to the bar of the supreme court of New York and Wisconsin in 1860, and began practice at Madison, in the 20th year of his age. In 1862 he entered the military service as captain of Company A, 23rd regiment Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry, which company he had raised and organized. The regiment in a few weeks joined the forces under Major General William T. Sherman, who was then preparing for the reduction of the stronghold of Vicksburg, on the Mississippi river. The regiment took part in several of the engagements preceding Grant's investment and siege of Vicksburg. Captain Vilas was promoted major of the regiment, February 22, 1863; and March 23 was promoted lieutenant-colonel. For a month during the siege and two months after, he was in command of the regiment. In August, 1863, he resigned, returned home and resumed the practice of law. He was one of the professors in the College of Law, University of Wisconsin; was one of two counselors appointed by the supreme court to revise and annotate the first twenty volumes of the supreme court reports; was appointed by the supreme court one of three commissioners to revise the statutes of the state pursuant to an act passed in 1875; was member of the assembly in 1885, which office he resigned to accept a seat in President Cleveland's cabinet as Postmaster-General. He served in that department until January, 1888, and was then transferred to the Department of the Interior as its secretary for the remainder of President Cleveland's term of office. On the 28th of January, 1891, he was elected United States Senator as a democrat, to succeed John C. Spooner, receiving in joint legislative convention, 82 votes against 45 for John C. Spooner, republican. His term of office expires March 4, 1897.

JOHN LENDRUM MITCHELL (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born in Milwaukee, Octaber 19, 1842; received an academic education; was second lieutenant of Co. I and first neutenant of Co. E, 24th Wis. Vols. Inf. in the War of the Rebellion; was adjutant of brigade, aide-de-camp and ordnance officer of division; participated in the battles of Perryville, Murfreesboro and Hoover's Gap; was state senator in 1872-73, 1876-77; president of the school board of Milwaukee, 1884-85; member of the board of managers of the Nacional Home for Disabled Soldiers in 1885; president of the Wisconsin State Agricultural Society in 1889-90; was elected to the Fifty-second Congress from the Milwaukee district in 1890, and re-elected in 1892, receiving 19,616 votes against 18,294 for Theodore Otjen, Republican; 829 for Theodore Fritz, People's party; 349 for E. L. Eaton, Prohibitionist. He was elected, as a Democrat, to succeed Philetus Sawyer in the United States senate, receiving 7 votes in joint legislative convention, against 46 for John C. Spooner, republican, and 1 for Gen. Edward S. Bragg. His term of office will expire March 4, 1899.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

First District.

Kenosha, Racine, Walworth, Rock, Green and Lafayette counties. Population in 1890—165,920.

HENRY ALLEN COOPER (Rep.), of Racine, Wis., was born in Walworth county, Wisconsin; received a common school and collegiate education, graduating at the Northwestern University in 1873, and from the Union College of Law in 1875; is by profession a lawyer; resided in Chicago from 1873 to 1879; otherwise has always resided in Wisconsin; began practice in Burlington, Racine county, in 1879; in 1880 was elected district attorney; re-elected without opposition in 1882 and 1884; delegate to national republican convention in 1884; state senator in 1880; was elected member of the Fifty-third Congress in 1892, receiving 20,222 votes against 16,449 votes for Clinton Babbitt, democrat, and 2,021 for T.C. Murdock, prohibitionist.

Second District.

Jefferson, Dodge, Dane and Columbia counties. Population, 1890-155, 809.

CHARLES BARWIG (Dem.), of Mayville, Dodge county, was born in Hesse Darmstadt, Germany, March 19, 1837; was educated in Milwaukee and graduated from the Spencerian Business College in that city in 1857; located in Mayville in 1865, where he has since resided; is by occupation a distiller and rectifier, but has retired from business; was elected to the Fifty-first Congress in 1888; to the Fifty-second in 1890, and was re-elected to the Fifty-third Congress in 1892, receiving 21,303 votes against 15,003 for Lucien B. Caswell, republican, and 1,777 for G. S. Martin, prohibitionist.

Third District.

Grant, Iowa, Crawford, Richland, Sauk, Vernon, Juneau and Adams. Population in 1890-172,572.

JOSEPH WEEKS BABCOCK (Rep.), of Necedah, Juneau county, was born at Swanton Falls, Vermont, March 6, 1850; received a common school education at Cedar Falls and Mount Vernon, Iowa; came to Wisconsin in 1881; prior to that time residing on a farm in Butler county, Iowa, from 1856 to 1861; in Cedar Falls, Iowa, from 1861 to 1872; and in Dubuque, Iowa, from 1872 to 1881; was chairman of the town of Necedah and president of that village; member of the assembly of the Wisconsin legislature in 1889 and 1890; was elected to the Fifty-third congress in 1892 for the full term, from March 4, 1893, to March 4, 1895, receiving 19,506 votes against 16,419 for A. H. Krouskop, democrat, 1,820 for J. homas, prohibitionist, and 954 for R. Stevens, people's party.

Fourth District.

The First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth, Seventeenth and Eighteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee (all the city except the Tenth and Thirteenth wards), and the towns of Franklin, Greenfield, Lake and Oak Creek, in Milwaukee county. Population in 1890—181, 975.

John Lendrum Mitchell was elected as representative from this district at the general election in 1892, but was elected United States Senator on January 27th, 1893, and at the date of publication of the Blue Book, his successor had not been elected. See biographical sketch of Senator-elect Mitchell, on page 615.

Fifth District.

Sheboygan, Ozaukee, Washington and Waukesha counties and the Tenth and Thirteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee, and the towns of Granville, Milwaukee and Wauwatosa in Milwaukee county. Population, 1890—167,579.

GEORGE H. BRICKNER (Dem.), of Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan county, was born in Bavaria, Germany, in 1834; received a common school education in Ohio; came to Wisconsin in 1855 and settled in Cascade, Sheboygan county; removed to Sheboygan Falls in 1868; has held various local offices; is by occupation a manufacturer of woolens; was elected in 1888 member of the Fifty-first Congress, in 1890 to the Fifty-second Congress; re-elected in 1892 to the Fifty-third, receiving 17,929 votes against 15,960 for Julius Wechselberg, republican, and 786 for M. Audier, people's party.

Sixth District.

Waushara, Marquette, Green Lake, Fond du Lac, Winnebago, Calumet and Manitowoo counties. Population, 1890—187,001.

OWEN A. WELLS (Dem.), of Fond du Lac, was born at Catskill, Green county, New York, February 4, 1844, and removed with his parents in his boyhood to Fond du Lac, where he has since resided; is a lawyer by profession, and interested in farming and stock raising; has held no public office, except that he was appointed collector of internal revenue by President Cleveland in 1885, and held the office for two years, when the districts were consolidated and his district merged; was delegate to the national democratic convention at St. Louis in 1888; was nominated for congress in 1892 on the 470th ballot, and was elected as a democrat, receiving 20,212 votes against 17,347 for Emil Baensch, republican; 583 for P. A. Griffiths, people's party, and 892 for C. H. Forward, prohibitionist.

Seventh District.

Pepin, Eau Claire, Buffalo, Trempealeau, Jackson, Monroe and La Crosse counties. Population in 1890—150,331.

GEORGE B. SHAW (Rep.), of Eau Claire, was born March 12, 1854, in the village of Alma, Allegheny county, New York; came to Eau Claire in 1857, and has since resided there; received a common school education; in 1874 was elected secretary of the Daniel Shaw Lumber Co., an enterprise founded by his father, Daniel Shaw, one of the pioneers of northern Wisconsin, and has continuously held this office; has been a promoter of many of the quasi-public and manufacturing enterprises of Eau Claire; has been a delegate to state and national conventions of the republican party; was a member of the common council of the city of Eau Claire continuously for eleven years, and was then elected for two successive terms as mayor; has held various offices in the order of Knights of Pythias, and in 1890 was elected supreme chancellor; was elected to the Fifty-third Congress, receiving 15,344 votes against 18,074 for F. P. Coburn, democrat; 1,635 for O. B. Olson, prohibitionist and 1,572 for D. F. Powell, people's party.

Eighth District.

Wood, Portage, Waupaca, Outagamie, Brown, Kewaunee and Door counties. Population, 1890—179,408.

LYMAN E. BARNES (Dem.), of Appleton, was born in Weyauwega, Waupaca county, Wisconsin, June 30th, 1855; was educated in the public schools; was admitted to the bar in 1876 after four years' study in a law office and at Columbia Law School, New York; began the practice of law in Appleton in 1876, and soon afterward formed a partnership with Judge Goodland (now one of the circuit judges of Wisconsin), which continued till 1882; removed to Rockledge, Brevard county, Florida, where he remained about five years; he practiced law there; was nominated by acclamation for state senator by the democratic party of Bevard and Dade counties, but declined; returned to Appleton and resumed the practice of his profession; was district attorney of Outagamie county; has held no other public office; is a democrat, and was elected as such to the Fifty-third Congress, receiving 18,194 votes against 15,167 votes for Henry A. Frambach, republican, and 736 votes for J. P. Zonne, prohibitionist.

Ninth District.

Clark, Taylor, Price, Ashland, Oneida, Lincoln, Marathon, Shawano, Langlade, Forest, Florence, Marinette and Oconto counties. Population, 1890—164,777.

THOMAS LYNCH (Dem.), of Antigo, Langlade county, was born in Granville, Milwaukee county, November 21, 1844; was educated in the common schools and graduated from the College of Law, University of Wisconsin in 1875; removed to Calumet county in 1864; is by profession a lawyer; was member of the Assembly in 1872 from Calumet county; was district attorney of Calumet county in 1878 and 1880; removed to Antigo in 1882; was mayor of Antigo in 1885 and 1888; was elected to the Fifty-second congress in 1890, and reelected in 1892, receiving 19,608 votes against 16,519 for M. H. McCord, republican, and 1,423 for A. D. Pergoli, people's party.

Tenth District.

Bayfield, Douglas, Burnett, Sawyer, Washburn, Polk, Barron, Chippewa, St. Croix, Dunn, and Pierce. Population, 1890—149,869.

NILS P. HAUGEN (Rep.), of River Falls, Pierce county, was born in the parish of Modum, Norway, Europe, March 9th, 1849; received a common school education; graduated from the law department of the Michigan State University in 1874; came to Wisconsin in 1854 and settled in Pierce county; was phonographic reporter for the eighth and eleventh judicial circuits for several years; was member of the assembly in 1879 and 1880; was railroad commissioner of the state of Wisconsin in 1882; was elected to the forty-ninth congress on January 18, 1887, to fill vacancy caused by the death of Wm. T. Price; was elected to the fiftieth congress in 1887; to the fifty-first in 1888; to the fifty-second in 1890, and to the fifty-third in 1892, receiving in this last election 17,674 votes, against 13,044 for D. Buchanan, Jr., democrat, and 4,186 for P. L. Scritsmeier, people's party.

STATE OFFICERS.

Terms of office expire on the first Monday in January, 1895.

GOVERNOR.

GEORGE WILBUR PECK (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born September 23, 1840, at Henderson, Jefferson county, New York: came to Wisconsin in 1843 with his parents, who settled at Cold Spring, Jefferson county; received a common school education and learned the art of printing, which occupation he followed until 1863, when he enlisted in the Fourth Regiment, Wisconsin Cavalry; was commissioned second lieutenant in 1864, and served with the regiment until its muster-out in 1866, the last year of service being on the Rio Grande in Texas, after the close of the war. Returning to Wisconsin he published a paper at Ripon for two years; then he was engaged in editorial work in New York for two years; in 1871 removed to La Crosse and, for two years, was the editor of the Democrat; in 1874 engaged in the publication of the Sun; which a few years later he removed to Milwaukee. This enterprise proved to be a great financial success, the paper having an immense circulation; was city treasurer of Ripon in 1867; chief of police of La Crosse in 1873; chief clerk of the assembly in 1873-74; mayor of Milwaukee in 1890, which position he resigned upon his election as governor. In 1890 he was elected as governor, receiving 160,388 votes against 132,068 for William D. Hoard, republican, 5,477 for Reuben May, union labor, and 11,246 for Charles Alexander, prohibition, and 105 blank. He was re-elected in 1892, receiving 178,245 votes, against 170,538 for John C. Spooner, republican, 13,265 for Thomas C. Richmond, prohibitionist, and 9,640 for C. M. Butt, people's party.

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

CHARLES JONAS (Dem.), of Racine, was born at Malesaw in Bohemia, October 30, 1840; graduated from the Bohemian Real School at Prague in 1859, and entered the Polytechnic Institute, attending, aiso, courses of lectures at the university. He left his native country in October, 1860, and was employed in London, England, as newspaper correspondent; came to the United States in March, 1863, and settled at Racine, where he now resides; is editor and publisher of the Rodina, a literary journal, and of the Slavie, a democratic newspaper, both in the Bohemian language; was member of the board of managers of the State Industrial School for Boys in 1873-74; alderman of Racine in 1876-80; president of the common council of Racine in 1878-80; member of assembly in 1878; state senator for the years 1883-86; appointed U. S. Consul at Prague by President Cleveland, November 17, 1886, serving as such until July 16, 1889; was elected lieutenant-governor in 1890, receiving 159,710 votes against 124,746 for Joseph B. Treat, republican; 13,361 for Wm. R. Nethercut, prohibitionist, and 7,000 for Nelson E. Allen, union labor. His plurality was 34,974. He was re-elected in 1892, receiving 176,860 votes against 170,097 for John C. Koch, 13,122 for Gilbert Shepard, prohibitionist, and 9,885 for M. Pattison, people's party.

SECRETARY OF STATE.

THOMAS JEFFERSON CUNNINGHAM (Dem.), of Chippewa Falls, was born in Brooktyn, N. Y., March 17, 1852; received a common school education at New Haven, Conn.; came to Wisconsin in 1869, and settled at Stoughton, Dane county; is a printer and editor; removed to Chippewa Falls October 6, 1875, where he now resides; was clerk in the office of the secretary of state from January, 1873, to October, 1875; mayor of Chippewa Falls, Wis., from April, 1885, to May, 1885; delegate from the Ninth congressional district to the national democratic convention at Cincinnati in 1880; member of the assembly from Chippewa county, in 1887; was elected secretary of state in 1890, receiving 160,453 votes against 124,764 for Edwin D. Coe, republican, 7,115 for Wm. N. Lockwood, union labor, 11,685 for George McKerrow, prohibitionist, and 153 scattering or blank. His plurality was 35,729. He was re-elected in 1892, receiving 177,052 votes against 169,718 for R. W. Jackson, republican, 9,670 for A. Broughton, people's party, and 13,172 for E. F. Russell, prohibitionist.

STATE TREASURER.

JOHN HUNNER (Dem.), of Eau Claire, was born at Buffalo, N. Y., November 12, 1843. Received a common school and business college education; is by occupation a wholesale grocer; came to Wisconsin in 1862 and settled at Alma, where he remained until the fall of 1872, when he removed to Eau Claire; was editor of the Alma Journal from 1864 to 1872; business manager and city editor of the Eau Claire Free Press from 1872 to 1880; elected first president of the village of Alma, in 1866; city clerk of Eau Claire, 1879-80; mayor in 1890; is at present secretary of the Eau Claire Grocery Company; was elected state treasurer in 1890, receiving 160,744 votes against 123,298 for Albert R. Geilfuss, republican; 6,554 for Alfred Manheimer, U. L.; 12,779 for Robert Fargo, prohibitionist; 1 for John Weise, 1 for J. Flannigan, 1 for L. Bennett, and 153 blank. His plurality was 35,476. He was reelected in 1892, receiving 177,466 votes to 169,434 for A. Petersen, republican; 9,617 for A. Manheimer, people's party, and 13,185 for J. C. Martin, prohibitionist.

ATTORNEY GENERAL.

JAMES L. O'CONNOR (Dem.), of Madison, was born in Hartford, Washington county, Wisconsin, in 1858; was educated in the common schools and at the State University at Madison; spent three years in the University proper, two years in the law school, from which he graduated in 1881; is a lawyer by profession, and member of the firm of Bashford, O'Connor & Polleys, Madison; was assistant clerk in the assembly in 1874; district attorney of Dane county from 1884 to 1888, and city attorney of the city of Madison in 1890; was elected attorney general in 1890, receiving 159,716 votes against 126,310 for James O'Neill, republican; 7,108 for Michael Shiel, union labor; 11,282 for Byron E. VanKuren, prohibitionist, 1 for Bennett Luther, and 146 blank. His plurality was 33,406. He was re-elected in 1892, receiving 177,147 votes against 169,444 for James O'Neill, republican; 9,675 for M. W. Stevens, people's party; 13,196 for F. A. Watkins, prohibitionist.

STATE SUPERINTENDENT.

OLIVER ELWIN WELLS (Dem.), of Appleton, was born at Lamartine, Fond du Lac county, July 2, 1853; received a common school and part collegiate education, completing at Chicago University, in June, 1878, the sophomore year of the ancient classical course, doubling the work in Greek and Latin throughout the year; resided in Vermont from February, 1859, to November, 1862, when he returned to Fond du Lac county; resided there until 1878, when he removed to Waupaca county to accept the principalship of the school in the village of Manawa, where he remained until 1880, when he removed to New London to serve as principal of south side school, which position he held until 1882, when he was elected without opposition county superintendent of schools of Waupaca county; re-elected in 1884, and served to 1887, when he was chosen principal of the third district school of the city of Appleton, to which place he removed and now resides; was unanimously re-elected for 1890, but declined to accept as he desired to engage in editorial work; was elected secretary of the Wisconsin State Teachers' Association in 1887, and held the position by re-election until 1889; was elected state superintendent in 1890, receiving 159,034

votes, against 126,989 for Lorenzo D. Harvey, republican; 6,908 for Joseph Stewart, union labor; 11,844 for Henry Lummis, prohibition; 1 for Mrs. Starks, and 150 blank. His plurality was 32,045. Was re-elected in 1892, receiving 176,666 votes, against 169,737 for W. H. Char-ller, republican; 13,258 for L. W. Underwood, prohibition; 9,723 for Sarah Potter, farmers' alliance; 1 for Emil Baensch, and 175 blank.

RAILROAD COMMISSIONER.

THOMAS THOMPSON (Dem.), of Independence, was born in Varmeland, Sweden, November 7, 1851; came to Wisconsin in 1857 and settled at Norway, Racine county, where he remained until 1864, then removed to Trempealeau county, where he now resides; received a common school education; is by occupation a merchant; was nominee for presidential elector in 1888; was supervisor in 1888, and president of village in 1889-90; was elected railroad commissioner in 1890, receiving 158,293 votes against 124,140 for Syver E. Brimi, republican; 7,494 for Bella S. Bishop, union labor; 12,713 for John Q. Black, prohibitionist; 1 for John Lundt, and 169 blank. His plurality was 34,153; was re-elected in 1892, receiving 176,709 votes against 169,482 for J. D. Bullock, republican; 9,784 for Charles Hatch, people's party, and 13,233 for J. E. Clayton, prohibitionist.

COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE.

WILBUR M. ROOT (Dem.), of Sheboygan, Wis., was born at Cleveland, Ohio, December 27, 1843; received a common school education, and is by occupation a marble dealer; came to Wisconsin in 1849, and settled at Plymouth, Sheboygan county; moved to Sheboygan city in 1871; was a justice of the peace for several years, sheriff in 1871-72, and 1883-84; chief of police of Sheboygan, 1887-89; alderman two years, 1889-90, resigning said office to accept the office of insurance commissioner; was member of assembly in 1879-80, 82 and '87; enlisted April 23, 1861, in Co. C, 4th Wis. Cavalry, and discharged July 9, 1864, on expiration of enlistment; was elected commissioner of insurance in 1890, receiving 157,440 votes against 124,018 for David Schreiner, republican; 6,965 for Charles Hatch, union labor; 13,006 for Andrew Peterson, prohibition, and 176 blank. His plurality was 33,422. He was re-elected in 1892, receiving 176,792 votes against 169,474 for J. E. Heg, republican; 9,646 for Eugene Low, people's party; 13,232 for O. A. Ritan, prohibitionist.

WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

The senate consists of thirty-three members, who hold their offices for four years. Their compensation is \$500 for each regular session. Senators representing odd numbered districts were elected in 1890, and those representing even numbered districts were elected in 1892. The lieutenant-governor is president of the senate, having only the casting vote in case of a tie.

The senate, at the session of 1893, consists of 26 democrats and 7 republicans.

President of the Senate.

Hon. Charles Jonas, Lieutenant-Governor.

President Pro. Tem.
Hon. Robert J. MacBride.

First District.

Door, Kewaunee and Marinette counties. Population in 1890-52,139.

JOHN FETZER (Dem.), of Forestville, Door county, was born in Ingelheim, Hesse Darmstadt, Germany, July 8, 1949; received a common and high school education, is a merchant and miller by occupation; came to Wisconsin ir 1850 and settled in Manitowoc, removing thence to Door county in 1867; enlisted in Co. B., Ninth Regiment, Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry, in September, 1831, and served to December, 1834; was engaged in all the battles in which the regiment participated; was wounded at the battle of Saline Bottoms, April 30, 1864; was commissioned captain by brevet for gallantry in that battle; was elected chairman of the town board in 1868, and has held the office ever since, except for three years; has been chairman of the county board for three terms; has been school district clerk and justice of the peace since 1868; was member of the assembly in 1885; was elected to the senate in 1890, having successfully contested the election of Edward Schofield. He was found by the senate committee on Privileges and Elections to have received 3, 304 votes against 5, 334 for Schofield, republican.

Second District.

Brown and Oconto counties. Population, 1890--54, 173.

ROBERT J. McGEEHAN (Dem.), of De Pere, Brown county, was born in Canada, August 26, 1854; received a common school education; came to Wisconsin in 1870 and settled at De Pere; was alderman of the city in 1883, 1884 and 1885, supervisor on the county board in 1887-90, inclusive, and member of the board of trustees of the asylum for the chronic insane of the county for five years; was president of the Brown County Agricultural and Mechanical Association for two years; was re-elected at the last annual meeting; was monber of the assembly for Second district of Brown county in 1889, re-elected in 1890; was elected state senator in 1892, receiving 5,049 votes against 4,449 for Edward Schofield, republican, and 14 for Robert Henderson, prohibitionist.

Third District.

Racine and Kenosha counties. Population, 1890-51,849.

ADAM APPLE (Dem.), of North Cape, Racine county, was born November 28, 1831, in Rhine Province, Bavaria; received a common school education; came to Wisconsin in 1856, and settled at Norway, Racine county; learned the trade of cabinet maker in Philadelphia before coming to Wisconsin, and went to California during the early excitement about the discovery of gold; was chairman of the town board of his town for five years; member of assembly in 1882, 1883, 1885 and 1887; was elected state senator in 1890, receiving 3,420 votes against 3,014 for John M. Driver, republican; 409 for William Paul, union labor, and 335 for S. C. Johnson, prohibitionist.

Fourth District.

The First, Third, Seventh, Thirteenth and Eighteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee. Population in 1890—45,390.

JAMES W. MURPHY (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born at Little Falls, Herkimer county, New York, September 27, 1852; educated in common schools and graduated at University of Notre Dame, South Bend, Indiana; came with his parents to Wisconsin in 1854, settling at Briggsville, Marquette county; resided in Milwaukee in 1869 and for several years following; returned to Briggsville and engaged in mercantile pursuits; was afterwards one of the proprietors of the Kirby House in Milwaukee from 1895 to 1892; was chairman of the town of Douglas and of the county board of Marquette county from 1877 to 1885; was member of the assembly in 1878, being the youngest member in either house; was appointed post office inspector in June, 1895, serving until July, 1893; was elected president of the Jefferson club in 1890—the largest democratic club in the northwest—and still holds the position; was elected to the state senate in 1892, receiving 5,214 votes against 4,824 for Isaac W. Van Schaick, republican, and 93 for William Bendike, prohibitionist, and 86 for Meschaff, people's party.

Fifth District.

The Fifth, Eighth, Twelfth, Fifteenth and Sixteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee. Population in 1893—52,163.

PAUL BECHTNER (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born in Stuttgart, Wurtenberg, Germany, Dec. 19, 1847; came to the United States in 1848 and to Wisconsin in 1868, and settled in Milwaukee, where he has since resided; received an academic education, and is by occupation a publisher and manufacturer; was elected school commissioner for the Second ward in 1873 and president of the school board in 1884, member of the board of trustees of the Milwaukee County Insane Asylum in 1885, and president of that board the following year; was elected alderman for the Second ward in 1886 and the Fifteenth ward in 1899. Was elected to the state senate in 1890, receiving 4,821 votes against 4,162 for F. W. von Cotzhausen, democrat, and 162 for C. A. Van Ness, populist.

Sixth District.

The Second, Fourth, Sixth and Ninth wards of the city of Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee. Population in 1890-56,465.

OSCAR ALTPETER (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born in the Sixth ward of Milwaukee, June 1, 1857; was educated in the public schools and graduated from the Spencerian Business College in 1875; is by occupation a maltster; was elected memoer of the board of aldermen from the Sixth ward of Milwaukee for the terms 1885, '86 and '87; re-elected '88 and '89; was member of the board of trustees of the Public Museum of Milwaukee in 1898-89; was elected state senator in 1892, receiving 6,119 votes against 5,506 cast for H. J. Sullivan, republican, and 312 for Wm. H. Gladding, people's party, and 82 for Silas Chapman, prohibitionist.

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Seventh District.

The Tenth ward of the city of Milwaukee and the towns of Milwaukee, Granville and Wauwatosa, in the county of Milwaukee, and the towns of Brookfield, Monomonee, Muskego, New Berlin, Vernon, Waukesha, and the village of Waukesha, in the county of Waukesha. Population in 1890–55,574.

CHRISTIAN AUGUST KOENITZER (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born at Wauwatosa, Milwaukee county, March 31, 1852; received a common school education; is by occupation a broker in live stock and wholesale meat dealer and dealer in real estate; was elected to the state senate in \$1890\$, from the Seventh district as then constituted, receiving 5,677 votes against 4,917 for F. Isenring, republican, and 171 for Schulz, union labor.

Eighth District.

The Eleventh, Fourteenth and Seventeenth wards of the city of Milwaukee, and towns of Lake, Oak Creek, Franklin and Greenfield, in the county of Milwaukee. Population in 1890—42,618.

MICHAEL KRUSZKA (Dem.), of Milwaukee (463 Mitchell street), was born in the Province of Posen, Prussia, September 28, 1860; received a collegiate education in the colleges of Filehne and Wougrowitz, Province of Posen, and business school education in Elizabeth, New Jersey; resided in Elizabeth, New Jersey; resided in Elizabeth, New Jersey, from April, 1889, to January, 1832; then in Bayonne, N. J., till September, 1883, engaged as insurance agent; came to Wisconsin in 1883 and settled in Milwaukee; is by occupation a publisher and editor; first engaged in the insurance business; in 1835 started the weekly Krytyka; in June, 1838, started the daily Kuryer Polski, which is the only daily Polish paper published in Wisconsin; has taken an active part in politics for some years; was elected to the assembly in 1800; and to the state senate in 1832, receiving 4,376 votes against 3,859 for Jacob Kubal, republican, and 134 for Daehn, people's party.

Ninth District.

Adams, Marquette, Juneau and Green Lake. Population, 1890-48,849.

FERDINAND THEODORE YAHR (Dem.), of Princeton, Green Lake county, was born at Heldrungen, Prussia, February 11, 1834; received a common school education there; came to Wisconsin in 1849 and settled at Watertown, where he resided until 1853; then removed to Berlin, and remained there until 1851; then settled in Princeton, where he has since resided; has been chairman of the town and president of the village board, and member of the county board from 1878 to 1783; was one of the democratic electors in 1892; was elected state senator in 1890, receiving 6,497 votes against 4,903 for James O. Raymond, republican, and 1 for J. Lea.

Tenth District.

Pierce, Polk and St. Croix counties. Population in 1890-56,452.

WILLIAM HENRY PHIPPS (Rep.), of Hudson, St. Croix county, was born at Leamington, England, June 26, 1846; received a common school education; came to Wisconsin in 1855 and settled at Manitowoc; resided in Madison from 1871 to 1875, then removed to Hudson, where he has since resided; is land commissioner of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway Company; was supervisor in 1885 and 1886; mayor of the city of Hudson for three terms, from May, 1886, to May, 1889; was elected to the senate in 1890 to fill vacancy caused by the resignation of H. A. Taylor; re-elected in 1892, receiving 6,177 votes against 4,496 for John Moe, democrat and people's party, and 872 for S. M. Bixby, prohibitionist.

Eleventh District.

Ashland, Bayfield, Douglas, Burnett, Sawyer and Wasaburn counties. Population in 1890-59,217.

JOHN T. KINGSTON, Jr. (Dem.), of Asbland, Ashland county, was born at Necedah, Juneau county, Wis., January 4, 1860; received a common school education at Necedah, and in 1883 graduated from the University of Wisconsin, having taken a modern classical:

course; graduated from the college of law of the same university in 1886; is a lawyer by profession, in practice at Ashland; held no public office until elected to the state senate in 1890, receiving 5,864 votes against 5,343 for Walter A. Scott, republican; in the session of 1891 was chairman of the committee on Town and County Organization and member of the Judiciary committee, of the committee on Privileges and Elections and the joint committee on Apportionment.

Twelfth District.

Marathon and Wood counties. Population in 1800-48,496.

NEAL BROWN (Dem.), of Marathon county, was born in Hebron, Jefferson county, in 1856, where he resided until 1880; then removed to Wausau where he has since resided; received a common school education; graduated from the law department of the University in 1880; is a lawyer by profession, and engaged in practice; was elected to the assembly in 1890, and to the state senate in 1892, receiving 6,160 votes against 3,683 for Henry Grob, republican.

Thirteenth District.

The towns of Fox Lake, Westford, Calamus, Elba, Portland, Beaver Dam, Lowell, Shields, East ward of the village of Randolph, the village of Reeseville, and the city of Beaver Dam, the towns of Clyman, Emmett, Herman, Hustisford, Lebanon, Rubicon, Ashippun, Oak Grove and the city of Juneau, and the Fifth and Sixth wards of the city of Watertown, in the county of Dodge, and the towns of Scott, Randolph, Courtland, Springvale, Marcellon, Lowville, Wyoccan, Leeds, Otsego, Hampden, Fountain Prairie, Columbus, village of Rio, and the West ward of the village of Randolph, and the city of Columbus in the county of Columbia. Population in 1830—44,196.

WILLIAM F. VOSS (Dem.), of Watertown, was born in Prussia, December 23. 1947; came with his parents to the United States in 1850, and to Wisconsin in 1852; received a common and high school education in the public schools of Watertown; is by occupation a banker; was alderman in Watertown in 1879, '80, '81 and '82; was city treasurer in 1884; member of the board of education in 1883 and '88; mayor of the city in 1886, '87 '88 and '89; was elected to the senate in 1890, receiving 6,458 votes against 2.148 for Christ. Reinhart, republican.

Fourteenth District.

Lincoln, Langlade, Forest, Florence and Shawano counties. Population, 1800—44,825.

DAYN ELDRIDGE WESCOTT (Dem.), of Shaw ino, Shawano county, was born at Oshkosh, Wis., December 11, 1850; removed with his parents to Shawano in 1851, and has since resided there; received a common school education; is engaged in business as abstracter of titles, real estate and insurance agent; was register of deeds of Shawano county from 1873 to 1877; county clerk from 1879 to 1889; county treasurer from 1885 to 1889; was elected to the state senate in 1892, receiving 5,325 votes to 3,801 for Evan J. Homme, republican.

Fifteenth District.

Calumet and Manitowoc counties. Population, 1890-54, 470.

WILLIAM F. NASH (Dem.), of Two Rivers, Manitowoc county, was born in the town of Shelby, Orleans county, N. Y., February 22, 1847; came in 1852 with his parents who settled in Rock county, near Janesville, served in the Union army as a private in Co. A., 18th Regiment Wisconsin Infantry Volunteers, in the war of the rebellion; took a select course at the Lawrence University: removed to Manitowoc county in 1874; is an editor and publisher; was elected to the assembly in 1878 without opposition, and to the senate in 1898; re-elected in 1890, receiving 5,803 against 1,940 for Fred Heyroth, republican.

Sixteenth District.

Crawford and Richland counties, and the towns of Bestown, Bloomington, Boscobel, Castle Rock, Fennimore, Hickory Grove, Lancaster, Little Grant, Marion, Muscoda, Mt. Hope, Mt. Ida, Millville, Patch Grove, Waterstown, Woodman, Wyalusing and Wingville, in the county of Grant. Population in 1899—53,278.

CHARLES HENRY BAXTER (Rep.), of Lancaster, Grant county, was born in Stillwater, Saratoga county, New York, November 15, 1841, and was educated in the public schools in New York and Wisconsin; came to Wisconsin in 1857 and settled on a farm near

Lancaster; enlisted as private in Company C, 25th Regiment Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry, in August, 1862; was with that regiment until after the fall of Vicksburg; was also private in Company A, 41st Regiment Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry, and afterwards captain Company K, 47th Regiment Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry; was appointed chief of ordnance, district of Middle Tennessee, by Gen. Geo. H. Thomas, and attached to the staff of Gen. Van Cleve and Gen. Milroy; was mayor of the city of Lancaster; member of the council; member of county board of supervisors; member republican state central committee eight years; chairman of the county central committee twenty years; president Southwestern Wisconsin Veterans' Association 10 years; delegate at large to the G. A. R. encampment in California in 1885; also, in Boston, Mass., in 1890; was elected to the state senate in 1892, receiving 5,972 votes against 5,211 for Jacob Bremer, democrat, and 3 scattering.

Seventeenth District.

The county of Green and the towns of Union, Porter, Magnolia, Center, Spring Valley, Plymouth, Avon, Newark, Beloit, and the Third and Fourth wards of the city of Beloit, in the county of Rock, and the towns of Cottage Grove, Deerfield, Pleasant Springs, Dunkirk, Dunn, Rutland, Christiana, Albion, and the city of Stoughton, in the county of Dane. Population in 1890-57,804.

RICHARD J. BURDGE (Rep.). of Beloit, Rock county, was born at Axbridge, Somersetshire, England, December 28, 1833; received an academic education, and graduated from the Poughkeepsie law school; came to Wisconsin in 1845 and settled in Rock county; has been a farmer, but is now engaged in general business; was supervisor for several years; was member of assembly in 1879 and 1880; was elected state senator in 1890, in the district as then constituted, receiving 4,332 votes against 3,352 for H. H. McLennigan, democrat, and 475 for John Stockman, prohibitionist.

Eighteenth District.

Fond du Lac county. Population, 1890-44,083.

SAMUEL M. SMEAD (Dem.), of Fond du Lac, was born in Bradford county, Pennsylvania, June 11th, 1830; came to Wisconsin in 1848, and settled in Fond du Lac county, where he has since resided; in 1858 he became editor and publisher of the Fond du Lac Press, and continued in the newspaper business several years; was afterwards engaged in the mercantile busin seand as or in that of real estate and conveyancing; he was a pointed assessor of internal revenue by President Johnson, and was postmaster at Fond du Lac during the administration of President Cleveland; in 1892 he was elected state senator, receiving 5,105 votes against 4,241 for S. B. Stanchfield, republican, and 241 votes for George C. Hill, prohibitionist.

Nineteenth District.

Winnebago county. Population 1890-50,007.

GEORGE WHITE PRATT (Dem), of Oshkosh, was born in East Haddam, Connecticut, March 23, 1840; was educated at a common and private school, and is by occupation a lumberman; came to Wisconsin and settled at Oshkosh in 1871; was elected mayor of Oshkosh in 1882, 1883, 1884 and 1890; member of the county board in 1882, '88, '84, '88 and '90; delegate to the Democratic national convention at Chicago in 1884; was member of assembly in 1888-9; was elected to the state senate in 1890, receiving 4,815 votes against 4,101 for Frank Challoner, republican, and 319 for Wesley Mott, prohibitionist.

Twentieth District.

Sheboygan county. Population 1890-42, 489.

DENNIS T. PHALEN (Dem.), of Sheboygan, was born in Sheboygan county, April 29, 1856, where he has since resided; received a common school education; taught school from 1876 to 1879, devoting his leisure time to the study of law; read law in the office of Albert Phalen at Sheboygan, was admitted to the bar in 1880, and has since been engaged in practice; was elected district attorney of Sheboygan county in 1882, re-elected in 1884; member of the board of education from 1885 to 1883; elected member of the assembly in 1890, and state senator in 1892, receiving 4,957 votes against 3,813 for Chas. A. Born, republican.

Twenty-first District.

The counties of Portage and Waushara, and the towns of Dupont, Helvetia, St. Lawrence, Waupaca, Fremont, Weyauwega, Dayton, Farmington. Iola, Scandinavia, Harrison, Wyoming, Lind. and the villages of Fremont and Weyauwega, and the city of Waupaca, in Waupaca county. Population in 1890—51,552.

JOSEPH H. WOODNORTH (Dem.), of Waupaca, was born in New York City, December 17, 1845; educated in the common schools of New York and Waupaca; came to Wisconsin in 1856, and settled at Royalton, Waupaca county, and removed to Waupaca in 1857, where he has since resided; served in the war of the rebellion in Company G, Twenty-first Regiment, Wisconsin Infantry Volunteers; was detailed as orderly on the staff of Gen. Geo. H. Thomas; served with him till the close of the war; was brevetted by him captain for services at the battle of Franklin; is at present secretary of the 21st Reg. Wis. Inf. Association, and member of the Grand Army of the Republic; was register of deeds from 1880 to 1885; city superintendent of schools from 1878 to 1836; member of county board in 1882-83; register of United States land office at Menasha, 1883, 1889; is now secretary of the board of trustees of the Wisconsin Veterans' Home, at Waupaca; was elected state senator in 1890, receiving 5,445 votes against 4,492 for W. H. Hatton, republican.

Twenty-second District.

Outagamie county and the towns of Union, Bear Creek, Lebanon, Royalton, Mukwa, Caledonia, Larrabee, Matteson, Little Wolf, city of Clintonville, and the First, Second, Fourth and Fifth wards of the city of New London in the county of Waupaca. Population in 1890—52,207.

WILLIAM KENNEDY (Dem.), of Appleton, Outagamie county, was born in county Limerick, Ireland, January 1, 1841; received a common school and partly collegiate education; is by profession a lawyer; came to Wisconsin in 1857, settling at Whitewater, where he remained until 1869, when he removed to Janesville; thence to Appleton in 1871, where he has continued to resitle; was district attorney for Outagamie county thirteen years, from January 1, 1872 to January 1, 1885; was elected state senator in 1884; re-elected in 1888, and in 1892, receiving at the last election 5,917 votes against 3,980 for A. B. Whitman, republican, and 228 for Wm. D. Boynton, prohibitionist.

Twenty-third District.

Jefferson county, and the towns of Delafield, Eagle, Genessee, Summit, Merton, Oconomowoc, Lisbon, Pewaukee, Ottawa and Mukwonago, and the city of Oconomowoc. Population in 1890—50,694.

ALBERT SOLLIDAY (Dem.), of Watertown, Jefferson county, was born in Lehigh county, Penn., February 13, 1842; was educated in Pennsylvania and Ohio, graduating from the high school at Circleville, Ohio, in 1861; enlisted in the 114th regiment Ohio Volunteer Infantry, August 11, 1862, and took part in the following engagements: Chickasaw Bayou, Arkansas Port, Port Gibson, Champion Hill, Black River Bridge, Siege of Vicksburg, Siege and assault of Fort Blakeley; was mustered out of service at Houston, Texas, July 31, 1865; came to Wisconsin in 1868, settled at Watertown, Wisconsin; is by occupation a dentist; served four years on the school board, part of time as its president; alderman one year and mayor in 1884; served six years as captain of the Watertown Rifles; commissioned adjutant of the 2d regiment, W. N. G., April 25, 1885; major commanding 1st battalion, 2d regiment, W. N. G., February 23, 1892; was elected at special election to fill vacancy caused by the death of Walter S. Greene, receiving 5,078 votes against 3,481 cast for George J. Kispert, republican.

Twenty-fourth District.

Walworth county and the towns of Milton, Lima. Harmony, La Prairie, Rock, Johnstown, Bradford, Clinton and Turtle, the First and Second wards of the city of Beloit, the towns of Janesville and Fulton, and the cities of Janesville and Elgerton, in Rock county. Population in 1800—56,493.

THOMPSON D. WEEKS (Rep.), of Whitewater, Walworth county, was born in Norwich, Mass., November 5, 1833; was educated in common schools and academies and graduated at Lawrence University in 1858, and at the Albany law school in 1859; came to Wisconsin in 1842, and settled at Lyons, Walworth county; is by profession a lawyer; was a member of

assembly in 1867; a state senator in 1374 and 1875; presidential elector in 1876; a member of the board of regents of Normal schools for 17 years prior to 1889; was elected to the state senate in 1892, receiving 7,552 votes to 5,800 for Archibald Woodward, democrat, and 863 for J. H. Gould, prohibitionist.

Twenty-fifth District.

Clark and Eau Claire counties. Population, 1890-48,331.

ROBERT J. MacBRIDE (Dem.), of Neillsvile, Clark county, was born in Philadelphia, Penn., June 28, 1847; received a high school education in Philadelphia; is a lawyer by profession; came to Wisconsin in 1866; settled in Neillsville, where he has since resided; was county judge of Clark county from 1869 to 1877; United States court commissioner, 1871-1873; was delegate to the democratic national convention at Cincinnati in 1880, and St. Louis in 1888; was member of assembly in 1882 and re-elected in 1883; was chairman Judiciary committee of the assembly in 1883; was elected to the senate in 1890, receiving 3,712 votes against 3,361 for Hobart M. Stocking, republican, and 757 for H. W. Hunt, prohibitionist; at the regular session in 1891 was chairman of the committee on Incorporations and, also, of the committee on Federal Relations; at the special session in June, 1892, he was chairman of the joint committee on Apportionment; and, also, chairman of the same committee at the special session in October, 1892.

Twenty-sixth District.

The county of Dane, excepting the towns of Cottage Grove, Deerfield, Pleasant Springs, Dunkirk, Dunn, Rutland, Christiana and Albion, and the city of Stoughton. Population in 1800—25,093.

ROBERT M'KEE BASHFORD (Dem.), of Madison, Dane county, was born in Fayette, La Fayette county, Wisconsin, December 31, 1845, graduated from the University of Wisconsin, from the ancient classical course in 1870, and from the law school of the same institution in 1871; was one of the editors and proprietors of the Madison daily and weekly Democrat from 1871 to 1876; is by profession a lawyer and since 1876 has been engaged in the practice of his profession, from 1885 to 1889 in Chicago, and is now a member of the firm of Bashford, O'Connor and Polleys at Madison. In 1875, '76, '77 and '78 he compiled the legislative annual Blue Book by appointment of Hon. Peter Doyle, then secretary of state; was city attorney of Madison from 1881 to 1886, and served on the committee for constructing water works and sewerage in the city; was also member of the board of water works and of education; was delegate to the national convention in Chicago in 1884 and one of the secretaries of that body; was elected mayor of Madison in 1890; was employed by Governor George W. Peck as special counsel in the "treasury suits," and has assisted the attorney-general in the preparation, prosecution and trials of the actions against the several former state treasurers to recover interest received by them on deposits in banks of public funds; was elected to the senate in 1892, receiving 5,718 votes against 4,369 for A L. Sanborn, republican, and 565 for Frank W. Hall, prohibitiovist.

Twenty-seventh District.

The county of Sauk, the towns of Newport. Lewistown. Ft. Winnebago, Culedonia, Pacific, Dekorra, West Point, Lodi and Arlington, and the city of Portags, in the county of Columbia. Population in 1890—44,639.

RUSSEL C. FALCONER (Dem.), of Portage, Columbia county, was born in Williamsburg, New York, February 4, 1851; came to Wisconsin with his parents who settled at Quincy, Adams county; received a common school education; removed to Columbia county in 1858; is by occupation a merchant and manufacturer; was chairman of the town of Wyocana in 1830; sheriff of Columbia county in 1337 and 1838; delegate to the democratic national convention in 1888, and mayor of Portage in 1890–1891 and 1892; was elected to the senate in the district as then constituted in 1890, receiving 4.200 votes against 2,255 for Lester Woodward, republican, and 233 for A. C. Jennings, prohibitionist.

Twenty-eighth District.

Iowa and La Fayette counties, and the towns of Cassville. Clifton, Ellenborough, Harrison, Hazel Green, Jamestown, Liberty, Lima, Paris, Platteville. Potosi, Smelser, Waterloo, and Glen Haven in the county of Grant. Population in 1890—60,863.

CALVERT SPENSLEY (Rep.), of Mineral Point, Iowa county, was born at Stockton-on-the-Tees, England, January 2, 1846; came with his parents to Wisconsin in 1849, and settled at Shullsburg; removed to Mineral Point in 1857 and has since resided there; was educated in common schools, Mineral Point seminary, Western Union college, Fulton, Illinois, and graduated from Columbia College law school, New York City in 1869; while a student at Western Union college, he enlisted and served as sergeant of Company D, 140th regiment of Illinois Infantry volunteers; was mayor of the city of Mineral Point in 1877-78; chairman of the board of supervisors of Iowa county in 1875-1876; was elected to the state senate in 1832, receiving 6,740 votes against 6,590 for Edmund W. Baker, democrat, and 709 for John Hardcastle, prohibitionist.

Twenty-ninth District.

Buffalo, Dunn, Barron and Pepin counties. Population in 1890-61,009.

ROBERT LEES (Dem.), of Alma, Buffalo county, was born in Scotland, July 3, 1842; received a common school education: came to the United States with his parents in 1848, settling in New York; removed to Waukesha county, Wisconsin, the same year, and to Buffalo county in 1855, where he has since resided; is by profession a lawyer; enlisted in Co. H. Sixth Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry, as a private, and participated in all the engagements of the regiment from Rappahannock Station to Gettysburg, where he was severally wounded and taken prisoner; was discharged from service July 16, 1864; has held several positions as town officer; was county superintendent of schools in 1865 and 1869; county judge in 1831, 1855 and 1859, and elected member of assembly in 1872; was elected to the state senate in 1800, receiving 3,414 votes, against 2,763 for J. L. Lindeman, republican.

Thirtieth District.

Chippewa, Price, Taylor and Oneida counties. Population in 1890-42,142.

LEVI F. MARTIN (Dem.), of Chippewa Falls, Chippewa county, was born in Danby, Tompkins county, New York, April 3, 1845; received a common school education in New York and Wisconsin; came to Wisconsin in 1857 and settled at Chippewa Falls; is by occupation a hardware merchant; has held various local offices; was elected to the state senate in 1892, receiving 5,686 votes against 4,088 for B. F. Miller, republican, and 311 for H. Kramer, people's party.

Thirty-first District.

Jackson, Monroe and Vernon counties. Population in 1890-64,119.

HENRY CONNER (Dem.), of Viroqua, Vernon county, was born in Westchester in Pennsylvania, April 1, 1837; received a common school education; is by occupation a hotel keeper; came to Wisconsin in 1878 and settled at Viroqua. He enlisted as a private, April 18, 1861, in Company C, 17th Pennsylvania volunteers; was discharged August 2, 1861, at the expiration of his term of service; re-enlisted as private in Company G, 118th Pennsylvania volunteers, August 5, 1862; was promoted sergeant same company August 7, 1862; to first sergeant January 1, 1863; to second lieutenant, January 19, 1864; to first lieutenant, December 21, 1864; to captain of Company E, of same regiment, serving for three years; was engaged in the battles of Antietam, Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville, Bristow Station, Rappahaunock Station, Mine Ruu, Wilderness, Spottsylvania, North Anna, Besache Church, Cold Harbor, Petersburg, Weldon Railroad, Poplar Springs Church; wounded in last battle in the face, the ball coming out in the back of the neck; also at Hatcher's Run, Weldon Railroad, Dabney's Mills, Gravelly Run, at which last battle he lost his right leg above the knee, March 1, 1865; was waymaster of the Philadelphia gas department from 1865 to 1867; one of the city commissioners of Philadelphia from 1867 to 1870; was elected member of the state senate in 1890, receiving 4,972 votes against 4,894 for B. E. Edwards, republican.

Thirty-second District.

La Crosse and Trempealeau counties. Population, 1899-57,721.

LEVI WITHEE (Rep.), of LaCrosse, LaCrosse county, was born in Norridgewock, Me., October 26, 1834, and received a common school education in Maine; came to Wisconsin in 1853, and settled at LaCrosse; has for the most of the time resided there since; is by occupation a lumberman; has not before held public office; was elected state senator in 1892, receiving 5,892 votes to 5,293 for George Y. Freeman, democrat, 644 for John N. Jones, people's party, and 38 for C. H. Van Wormer, prohibitionist.

Thirty-third District.

Ozaukee and Washington counties, and the towns of Chester, Leroy, Lomira, Burnett, Williamstown, Theresa, Hubbard, Trenton, the south ward of the city of Waupun, and the city of Mayville, in the county of Dodge. Population in 1890—52,778.

FREDERICK W. HORN (Dem.), of Cedarburg, was born in the village of Linum, province of Brandenburg, Prussia, August 21, 1815; entered the college of "Graue Kloster," Gray Friar, Berlin, but left before graduation, and soon entered the military service of Prussla; came to the United States in 1836; resided in New York till 1837, then went to Michigan and traveled through several of the western states, returning to Michigan in 1839; came to Wisconsin in 1849, remaining at Milwaukee till 181, when he settled in Mequon, and removed thence to Cedarburg in 1847; was a lawyer by profession; was appointed justice of the peace for Washington county by Gov. Doty in 1842; was register of deeds in 1843 and '47; was elected as an independent candidate to the first senate in 1848, and re-elected in 1849 and '50; was elected member of the assembly in 1851, '54, '57, '59, '60, '67, '68, '72, '75, '82, '87, '89, and was speaker of that body in 1851, '54 and '75; was state commissioner of immigration. residing in New York, in 1854 and 1855; was delegate to the national democratic convention in 1860, and one of the vice presidents; delegate to the national democratic convention in New York in 1363: was mayor of the city of Cedarburg from its organization in 1885 until 1892; chairman of the county board for the last four years of life; was elected to the state senate in 1890, receiving 7,007 votes against 2,878 for J. E. Trottman, republican, and 21 for Thayer, prohibitionist; was elected speaker pro tem. of the senate in 1891; died while in office, at Cedarburg, January 15, 1893.

ASSEMBLY.

The assembly consists of 100 members chosen biennially, by districts, and who receive a compensation of \$500 for their term of office. The speaker is chosen by the members and receives \$500 for his services in addition to his pay as a member.

The assembly for 1893 contains 55 democrats, 44 republicans.

Adams and Marquette Counties.

Population, 1899-16,565.

CLARENCE E. PEIRCE (Rep.), of Germania, Marquette county, was born in the town of Shields, Marquette county, Wisconsin, December 25, 1850, where he now resides; rereived a common school education; took a full course in a commercial school at London, Canada; is by occupation a merchant and farmer; was elected to the assembly in 1890, re-elected in 1893, receiving in the last election 957 votes against 437 for Samuel Tanner, democrat.

Ashland County.

Population -20,063.

MICHAEL G. M'GEEHAN (Dem.), of Hurley, Ashland county, was born in Canada, April 18, 1857, and there educated in the common schools; came to Wisconsin in 1870; settled at Depere; resided in Florence, Wis., in 1382; and came to Hurley in 1888; is by occupation a lumberman; was member of the town board in 1890 and 1891; was elected member of the legislature in 1892 by a vote of 2,481 to 2,317 for Wells M. Ruggles, republican.

Barron County.

Population in 1890-15,416.

SEWELL A. PETERSON (Rep.), of Rice Lake, Barron county, was born in Norway in 1850; came to Wisconsin in 1864 and settled at Grant, Dunn county; in 1864 removed to Sand Creek, same county, in 1876 to Menomonie, in 1887 to Rice Lake, Barron county; was educated in the common schools, and business college at La Crosse; in early life followed farming, worked in the woods and on the drive and teaching school; is now a merchant; while living in Menomonie was first lieutenant W. N. G.; was town treasurer of Sand Creek in 1874 and 1875; register of deeds of Dunn county six years from January, 1876; alderman of Menomonie in 1886-7; city clerk of Rice Lake in 1838-91; elected city treasurer in 1891; mayor in 1892, still holding; was elected member of the assembly in 1892, receiving 1,860 votes against 1,321 for Chas. L. Brecken, people's party, endorsed by democrats.

Bayfield, Burnett, Sawyer and Washburn Counties.

Population in 1890-16,686.

WILLIAM O'NEILL (Rep.), of Washburn, Bayfield county, was born in the town of Scott, Columbia county, Wisconsin, September 20, 1818, and attended schools in Columbia county until 11 years of age; enlisted in the 13th United States Infantry in the fall of 1861; served until March, 1862; was then discharged for disability; re-enlisted in June, 1863, in the 20th regiment Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry, and served till the close of the war, participating in all engagements in which the regiment took part; then traveled, sojourning in

various states and territories from 1865 to 1872; then settled at Chippewa Falls, where he lived till 1830, then removed to Eau Claire; thence to Washburn in 1886; is by occupation a merchant; was elected chairman of town in 1887, and has been twice re-elected. In 1890 was elected president of the school board and still holds. In 1892 was elected to the assembly, receiving 2,906 votes, against 1,985 cast for Nels Nelson, democrat.

Brown County.

First Distric'. -Bellevue, De Pere, Eaton, Humboldt, Green Bay, Glenmore, New Denmark, Preble, Scott and the city of Green Bay. Population in 1890-19,493.

HENRY FRANZ HAGEMEISTER (Dem.), of Green Bay, Brown county, was born in Green Bay, November 18, 1855; received his education in the parochial and public schools; is by occupation the manager of a brewery; has resided since birth in Green Bay; was alderman in the city of Green Bay in the years 1885, 1886, 1887, 1883; supervisor and member of county board in 1890, 1891 and 1892; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 1,819 votes against 1,388 for Peter Miller, republican.

Second District.—The towns of Allouez. Ashwaubenon, Howard, Suamico, Pittsfield, Lawrence, Morrison, Holland, Rockland, Wrightstown, and the cities of De Pere and Fort Howard. Population in 1890—19,668.

ANTON VAN DER HEIDEN (Dem.), cof. Wrightstown, in said county, was born in Holland, Europe, December 11, 1840; came with parents to Wisconsin in 1850, and settled in Holland, Wisconsin, where he received a common school education; settled in Wrightstown in 1867, where he is engaged in general mercantile and milling business; has served as chairman of the town five terms, in 1879, '80, '89, '90, and '91, besides serving as school district treasurer for several years; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 1,822 votes to 1,497 cast for Adolph Mueller, republican, and 139 for R. Henderson, prohibitionist.

Buffalo and Pepin Counties.

Population in 1890-22,928.

DUNCAN J. McKENZIE (Rep.), of Alma, Buffalo county, was born in Glengarry county, Ontario, July 4, 1848, and received a common school education in Ontario; came to Wisconsin in 1872 and settled at Chippewa Falls; in 1875 removed to Buffalo county, and has resided there since; is by occupation a farmer and lumberman; was trustee of the village of Alma and one of the first aldermen of the city; was supervisor in 1884; was state lumber inspector of the Ninth district in 1878-89: was chairman of the Buffalo republican county committee in 1883 and 1889; was mayor in 1891, and is at present the postmaster; was elected member of the assembly in 1892, receiving 2,391 votes to 2,000 for John Leonhardy, democrat.

Calumet County.

Population in 1890-16,639.

JAMES W. PARKINSON (Dem.), of Jericho, Calumet county, was born September 10, 1829, at La Fargeville, Jefferson county, New York; received a common school education in New York; came to Wisconsin in 1855; resided at Sheboygan until the autumn of 1856, then removed to Brotherstown, Calumet county, where he has since resided; is by occupation a farmer; served two years as town clerk; town superintendent of schools two years; has been justice of the peace for 26 years last past; chairman of the town 23 years; chairman of the county board 14 years, still holding the position; was a member of the assembly in 1880; was again elected in 1892, receiving 1,835 votes against 934 cast for Nic. Franks republican, and 91 for George Cressy, people's party and populist.

Chippewa County.

First Dis'rict.--The towns of Tilden, Wheaton and Eagle Point, and the city of Chippewa Falls. Population in 1890—12, 665.

JOHN C. HARMON (Dem.), of Chippewa Falls, in said county, was born at Wooster, Ohio, June 16, 1845; came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1847, and settled at Beaver Dam, where he received education in the common schools; is by occupation engaged in

lumbering business and hotel keeping; was justice of the peace of Chippewa county in 1876; supervisor in 1876 and 1877; town treasurer in 1881 and 1882 of the town of Big Bend; was supervisor in the Fifth ward of Chippewa Falls in 1891 and 1892, and member of common council; was elected to the assembly in 1893, receiving 1,257 votes against 821 for C. P. Barker, republican, 184 for Mellen Larabee, people's party, and 98 for F. Sprague, prohibitionist.

Second District.—The towns of Anson, Arthur, Auburn, Big Bend, Bloomer, Cleveland, Colburn, Edson, Flambeau, La Fayette, Lawrence and Sigel. Population in 1890—12,478.

HENRY LEBEIS (Dem.), of Bloomer, Chippewa county, was born in Glau-Algesheim Hesse Darmstadt, Germany, April 6, 1843; received a common school education; is a farmer by occupation; came to Wisconsin in 1854 and settled in Wankesha county, town of Ottawa, removing to Chippewa county in 1859; was supervisor of town board in 1873 and 1875; was elected chairman of the town board in 1878, and held that office up to 1890, with the exception of one year; was school district treasurer nine years and is at present a director of the Eagle Point Mutual Fire Insurance company; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 1,295 votes, against 1,110 for William Newton, republican, and 153 for Thomas Emmerton, people's party, and 83 for Henry Williams, prohibitionist.

Clark County.

Population in 1890-17,708

BALDWIN W. FULLMER (Rep.), of Loyal, Clark county, was born in Bertie township. Lincoln county, Canada West, May 6, 1824; received a common school education and attended college at Lawrence University and Baylin & Lincoln's Commercial College, Milwaukee; came to Wisconsin in 1847 and settled in the town of Hermann, Dodge county, with his parents; has also resided in the counties of Fond du Lac, Kewaunee, Door, Green Lake and Columbia; is by vocation a farmer; was chairman of Loyal for three years, from 1879 to 1882; was elected in 1892 as member of assembly, receiving 1,995 votes, against 1,797 for Charles F. Grow, democrat, and 133 for Wilbur F. Curts, prohibitionist.

Columbia County.

First District.—The towns of Newport, Lewiston, Fort Winnebago, Caledonia, West Point, Lodi, Arlington, Pacific and Dekorra, and the city of Portage. Population in 1890–14, 054.

HUGH PIERCE JAMIESON (Dem.), of Poynette, Columbia county, was born in Poynette, September 1st, 1852; was educated in the public schools and two years at the University of Wisconsin, and graduated at the Northwestern Business College June 11, 1874; is by occupation dealer in grain, lumber, live stock and machinery; was clerk of Poynette high school from 1884 to 1887, since then has been director, and is now one of the village trustees; was elected to the assembly in 1892. He received 1,597 votes against 1,547 for Charles Mohr, republican, and 149 for C. E. Main, prohibitionist.

Second District.—The towns of Scott, Randolph, Courtland, Springvale, Marcellon, Low ville, Wyocena, Leeds, Otsego, Hampden, Fountain Prairie, Columbus, the village of Rio, the West ward of the village of Randolph, and the city of Columbus. Population in 1890—14,296.

ROBERT N. McCONOCHIE (Rep.), of Cambria, Columbia county, was born in the town of Scott, in said county, October 8, 1854; received a collegiate education; resided in Bowmanville, Canada, from 1868 to 1879; has been chairman of the town of Scott from 1887 since, and for two years chairman of the county board; was elected in 1892 to the assembly, receiving 1,732 votes to 1,451 for Gen. A. C. Parkinson, democrat, 229 for John Buchanan, prohibitionist, and 1 for W. H. Cary.

Crawford County.

Population in 1890-15,987.

JAMES O. DAVIDSON (Rep.), of Soldiers' Grove, Crawford county, was born in Norway, February 10, 1854, where he was educated in the common schools; came to Wisconsia in 1872, settled at Madison, Wis., residing there for three years; removed thence to Boscobel; two years later removed to Soldiers' Grove; is a merchant; has held no public position except president of the village where he now resides; was elected member of assembly in 1832, receiving 1,706 votes, against 1,701 for James Fisher, Jr., democrat.

Dane County.

First District.—The towns of Madison and Blooming Grove, and the city of Madison. Population, 1890—15, 344.

CHARLES WENDEL HEYL (Dem.), of Madison, Wis., was born in Philadelphia, Pa., May 14, 1857; came to Madison, Wis., with his parents, in June following, where he has since resided, with the exception of three years spent in California, from 1878 to 1880, inclusive; was educated in the common schools of that city; is by occupation a tinner, but for the last ten years has been a hotel keeper; was elected alderman of the Third ward of the city of Madison in 1890 and re-elected in 1892, and is at present president pro tem. of the common council, and, as such, acting mayor; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 2,067 votes, against 1,668 votes for Adolph Kayser, republican, and 130 votes for Samuel D. Hastings, prohibitionist, 1 for A. L. Sanborn, and 2 for B. W. Jones, democrat.

Second District.—The towns of Roxbury, Dane, Vienna, Windsor, Burke, Westport, Spring-field, Berry, York, Medina, Bristol, Sun Prairie, and the village of Sun Prairie. Population in 1800-14, 773.

ISAAC G. BRADER (Dem.), of Waunakee, Dane county, was born in Lincolnshire, England, on the 6th day of April, 1846; came to Wisconsin in 1855, and settled at Mount Vernon, Dane county, where he resided until October, 1886; then removed to Waunakee; was educated in common schools, and graduated at Worthington's Commercial College in 1868; is a merchant; was justice of the peace eight years, school district clerk nine years, and town clerk of Springdale in 1868 and 1869; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 1,853 votes against 1,293 for John Dohm, republican, and 154 for A. Engeset, prohibitionist.

Third District.—Towns of Cottage Grove, Deerfield, Pleasant Springs, Dunkirk, Dann, Rutland, Christiana, Albion, and the city of Stoughton. Population in 1890—14, 485.

NELS HOLMAN (Rep.), of Deerfield, Dane county, was born in Deerfield, May 3, 1861; was educated in the common schools, Marshall Academy and Red Wing (Minn.) Seminary, and graduated from the law school of the University of Wisconsin in 1883; is by occupation a retail lumber dealer; resided in South Dakota in 1882 and 1883, thence in North Dakota in 1884 and 1885; was elected town clerk of Deerfield in 1889, 1889 and 1890; was chairman of the town by appointment in 1891, and trustee of the village and supervisor of the village in 1892; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 2,201 votes against 988 cast for Hans A. Oleson, democrat, and 416 for Chas. F. Kronk, prohibitionist.

Fourth District.—The towns of Black Earth, Mazomanie, Oregon, Montrose, Primrose, Perry, Blue Mounds, Springdale, Verona, Fitchburg, Vermont, Middleton and Cross Plains. Population in 1890—14, 976.

NIELS CHRISTIAN EVANS (Dem.), of Mount Horeb, Dane county, was born in Perry, Dane county, July 10, 1857; was educated in the common and select schools of Dane county, at Harrington College, and the College of Physicians and Surgeors, Chicago, Ill.; is a physician and surgeon by profession, and in active practice; was health officer of Blue Mounds from 1884 to 1888, justice of the peace from 1886 to 1888, school district treasurer from 1886 to the present time; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 1,805 votes to 1,420 for Herman B. Dahl, republican, and 268 for Ole M. Helland, prohibitionist.

Dodge County.

First District.—The towns of Chester, Leroy, Lomira, Burnett, Williamstown, Theresa, Hubbard, Trenton, and South ward of the city of Waupun, and city of Mayville. Population in 1890—15,084.

BENNETT E. SAMPSON (Dem.), of Le Roy, in Dodge county, was born in Lomira, Dodge county, November 7, 1840, now resides in Le Roy; received a high school and part collegiate education; is by occupation a farmer; taught school a number of years in the town of Le Roy; has been chairman of the town a number of years; was chairman of the democratic committee, Second congressional district; was elected to the assembly in 1890, re-elected in 1892, receiving 2, 113 votes against 1,088 for Edward Sauerhering, republican.

Second District.—The towns of Fox Lake, Westford, Calamus, Elba, Portland, Beaver Dam, Lowell, Shields, the East ward of the village of Randolph, and the village of Reeseville and the city of Beaver Dam. Population in 1890—15, 249.

MICHAEL E. BURKE (Dem.), Beaver Dam, Dodge county, was born in that place, October 15, 1863, where he was educated, graduating from Wayland. University in June, 1884; is an attorney-at-law; was town clerk of Beaver Dam in 1889 and 1890; member of assembly in 1890; re-elected in 1892, receiving 2,136 votes to 1,024 for John W. Miller, republican, and 146 votes for Charles H Williams, prohibitionist.

Third District.—The towns of Clyman, Emmett, Herman, Hustisford, Lebanon, Rubicon, Ashippun, Oak Grove, and the city of Juneau, the Fifth and Sixth wards of the city of Watertown. Population in 1890—14,651.

WILLIAM SCHWEFEL (Dem.), of Lebanon, Dodge county, was born at Neuen Kietz, near Freienwalde a. d. Oder, province of Brandenburg, G.r.nany, January 8, 1836; received a common school education; is by occupation a farmer; came to Wisconsin in 1843 and settled in Lebanon, where he now resides; was assessor in 1860-61; town clerk 1863, 1873-1883; chairman of the town 1884-1890; chairman of county board 1886-1889; for a long time justice of the peace; was elected member of assembly in 1890; again in 1893, receiving 2, 423 votes against 660 for Edgar Boenig, republican.

Door County.

Population in 1890-15,682.

JAMES KEOGH (Rep.), of Sturgeon Bay, Door county, was born in Dublin, Ireland, April 26, 1850; came with his parents to Canada in 1852, thence to Wisconsin in 1855, and settled in Forestville, Wisconsin; was educated in the common schools and state normal school at Oshkosh; removed to Sturgeon Bay in 1874; is by profession a lawyer and banker; was register of deeds of Door county from 1875 to 1889, county superintendent of schools from 1878 to 1879; has served as alderman, school commissioner and president of the board of education, and is now mayor of Sturgeon Bay; is president of the Frankfort Land Company, president of the Brown Manufacturing Company, seeretary of the Sturgeon Bay Dock Company, cashier of the Bank of Sturgeon Bay, director of the Ahnapee & Western Railway Company; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 1,653 votes to 1,011 for Arnold Wagener, democrat, and 38 for Frank Wellener, people's party.

Douglas County.

Population in 1890-13,468.

EDGAR GEORGE MILLS (Rep.), of West Superior, Douglas county, was born in Aurora, Waushara county, September 15, 1860; was educated in district and village schools and in Berlin high school; taught school in Green Lake county and read law in law offices of John C. Truesdell, John J. Wood, Jr., and George D. Waring, Berlin, Wis., removed to St. Cloud, Minn., in 1886, and was admitted to the bar in 1886, and practiced law there; removed to Wisconsin in February, 1891, settling at West Superior, where he is now in practice; was secretary and president of the board of directors of the Central Minnesota Fair Association for three terms; was appointed alternate cadet to West Point Military Academy in 1882; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 2,820 votes against 2,379 for Thos. E. Lyons, democrat, and 372 for Thomas Nightingale, people's party.

Dunn County.

Population in 1890-22,664.

ALBERT R. HALL (Rep.), of Knapp, was born at Hartford, Windsor county, Vermont, April 20, 1841; removed with his parents to Boston, Mass., four years later; attended the public schools of Boston until 1856, when he removed with his parents to Minnesota; enlisted in Company D, Second regiment Minnesota Volunteer Infantry, June 21st, 1861; pro moted corporal and first sergeant; engaged in battles of Mill Springs, Perryville, Hoover's Gap and Chickamauga; was wounded at Chickamauga September 20th, 1863; taken prisoner, paroled ten days thereafter, and exchanged the following May; joined his regiment near Resaca, Georgia, and continued with it on the Atlanta campaign as far as Kenesaw Mountains, when his three years' term of service expired; was mustered out July 4th, 1864; returned to Minnesota and assisted in recruiting Company G, Eleventh regiment Minnesota Volunteer Infantry; commissioned first lieutenant; returned south with his regiment and was appointed provost marshal of the post of Gallatin, Tennessee, which position he held until the close of the war, was mustered out with his regiment, June 26th, 1865; served as town clerk and justice of the peace, and represented Hennepin county in the lower house of the Minnesota legislature seven terms, three of which he served as speaker; removed to Knapp in 1880, where he has since resided; is by occupation a farmer and manufacturer; has served as chairman of the town board, and president of the Dunn County Agricultural Society; was one of the Dunn County Asylum building commission, and is now one of the asylum trustees; was elected to the assembly in 1890 and re-elected in 1892, receiving 2,192 votes against 1,275 for Charles T. Bundy. democrat; 596 for John Stavrum, people's party, and 195 for Oscar Massel, prohibitionist.

Eau Claire County.

First District.—The First, Second, Third, Fifth, Sixth and Eighth wards of the city of Eau Claire, the town of Seymour and the city of Altoona. Population in 1890—15, 463.

FRANK McDONOUGH (Rep.), of Eau Claire, was born in Canada in 1846, where he received a common school education; came to Eau Claire in 1863; is by occupation a manufacturer; served as a member of the school board there 23 years, alderman 18 years, president of the board of trade 10 years; was elected to the assembly in 1892. His vote was 1, 350; that of H. V. Scallon, democrat, 1,101; that of Thomas Carmichael, people's party, 49; that of H. C. Van Hovenberg, prohibitionist, 193.

Second District.—The towns of Bridge, Creek, Brunswick, Clear Creek, Drammen, Fairchild Lincoln, Ludington, Otter Creek. Pleasant Valley, Washington, Union, and the city of, Augusta, and the Fourth and Seventh wards of the city of Eau Claire. Population in 1890—15,210.

CHARLES F. HANKE (Rep.), of Augusta, Eau Claire county, was born in Germany, September 26, 1853; received a common school education; came to Wisconsin in 1868, settling at Amherst, in Portage county; removed thence to Augusta, where helpas since resided; is by occupation a grain dealer; was member of the city council of Augusta in 1888 and 1889; chairman of the county board of supervisors in 1890, 1891 and 1892; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 1,352 votes against 1,201 for Oscar Finch, democrat, and 374 for Washington Churchill, prohibitionist.

Fond du Lac County.

First District.—The towns of Ripon, Rosendale, Eldorado, Metomen, Springvale, Lamartine, Alto and Waupun, the North ward of the city of Waupun and the city of Ripor, Population in 1890—14,770.

LYMAN WELLINGTON THAYER (Rep.), of Ripon, Fond du Lac county, was born in Wausau, Marathon county, October 30th, 1854; was educated in the Wausau common schools and Jones' Commercial College, St. Louis, Mo.; is by occupation a farmer; resided in Wausau until 1886; engaged while there in lumbering; removed to Ripon in 1886; has held various town offices; was elected chairman of town of Ripon in 1890 without opposition, and in 1891 and 1892; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 1,718 votes against 1,454 for Hon. Frank Bowe, democrat.

Second District.—The towns of Fond du Lac, Friendship, Empire, and the city of Fond du Lac. Population in 1890-14,879.

LOUIE A. LANGE (Dem.), of Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac county, was born in Chicago, Illinois, May 31, 1854; came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1856, settling in Fond du Lac; in 1861 removed with his father's family to Milwaukee, where he was educated in the public schools and Engelman's Academy, until he entered the law offices of John W. and A.L. Cary at the age of 13 years, continuing his studies while messenger boy and clerk; returned to Fond du Lac in 1870; entered the printing office of Edward Beeson, attending evening school while he learned the printing business; in 1874 was city editor of the La Porte (Ind.) Chronicle, and in 1877 of the Fond du Lac Commonwealth; was engaged on the Evening Wisconsin, Milwaukee; in 1883 bought an interest in the Reporter at Fond du Lac; established a daily in 1885, and purchasing the Reporter plant, now conducts the business of the Reporter Printing House as its proprietor, publishing the daily and weekly (Saturday) Reporter, and doing a general job printing business; was appointed a director of the public library in 1891; was elected alderman and is now president of the common council of the city and of the board of education; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 1,805 votes against 1,476 for E. E. Atkins, republican.

Third District.—The towns of Calumet, Taycheedah, Marshfield, Forest, Oakfield, Byron, Eden, Osceola, Ashford and Auburn. Population in 1890—14,439.

JOHN M. STACK (Dem.), of Mitchell, Fond du Lac county, was born in the town of Forest, in said county, on April 28, 1853; received his education in the common schools; has always resided in that county; is by occupation a farmer; was engaged as an insurance officer from 1881 to 1890, notary public eight years, town treasurer from 1886 to 1889, chairman of the town from 1890 to 1892; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 1,857 votes against 898 cast for Thomas J. Kelly, republican.

Grant County.

First District.—The towns of Cassville, Clifton, Harrison, Hazel Green, Jamestown, Ellenborough, Liberty, Lima, Platteville, Potosi, Smelser, Waterloo and Glen Haven. Population in 1800–18, 481.

JOHN LONGBOTHAM (Rep.), of Dickeyville, Grant county, was born in the town of Paris, Grant county, December 20, 1852; educated in the common schools; has always resided in Grant county; is by occupation a farmer and merchant; has held various town, society and business offices; was elected member of the assembly in 1890 and re-elected in 1892, receiving in the last election 2, 120 votes against 1, 911 for D. J. Gardner, democrat, and 130 for Thomas Davies, prohibitionist.

Second District.—The towns of Beetown, Bloomington, Boscobel, Castle Rock, Fennimore Hickory Grove, Lancaster, Little Grant, Marion, Muscoda, Mt. Hope, Mt. Ida, Millville, Patch Grove, Waterstown, Woodman, Wyalusing and Wingville. Population in 1890—18, 170.

JOSEPH B. JOHNSON (Rep.), of Montfort, Grant county, was born in Oak and county, near Detroit, Michigan, September 28, 1838; was educated in the common and high schools of Oakland county and Detroit; came to Wisconsin in 1855 and settled at Highland in Iowa county; removed into Grant county in 1880; is a farmer by occupation; has been member of county board in Iowa county in 1875-1879, in Grant county in 1881, 1882, 1885, 1887, 1889; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 2,006 votes against 1,797 for C. Hinn, democrat, and 278 for F. A. Nelson, prohibitionist.

Green County.

Population in 1890-22,732.

HENRY CLAY PUTNAM (Rep.), of Brodhead, was born at Newark, Ohio, in 1847; came to Wisconsin in 1849; his first home here was in Decatur, Green county; has resided in that township ever since; received a common school education; enlisted at the age of sixteen years in Company B, 1st Wisconsin Gavalry, serving in the ranks; was in the cam-

paign against Longstreet in East Tennessee; engaged in the battles of Mossy Creek and Dandridge, in all the battles during Sherman's Atlanta campaign up to July 1, 1864; was on detached service with the troops that drove Wheeler and Forrest from Tennessee in 1864; was engaged with his regiment in the last raid of the war, "Wilson's raid," from Tennessee river to Macon, Georgia, participating in the engagements at Montgomery, Selma, Columbus and West Point, Georgia, which last place was captured and many prisoners taken; returning home, was a commercial traveler for nine years; is by occupation lumberman and farmer; was president of the village of Brodhead in 1883-4: was elected to the assembly in 1890 from the district composed of the north half of Green county, re-elected in 1892 from the new district, embracing the county, receiving 2,226 votes to 2,061 for Gilbert T. Hodge, democrat, 411 for Frank H. Smock, people's party, and 357 for William Smiley, prohibitionist.

Green Lake County.

Population in 1890-15, 163.

ORRIN W. BOWE (Dem.), of Kingston, Green Lake county, was born in Pittsfield, Massachusetts, September 24, 1826; was educated in Riga. Monroe county, New York; came to Wisconsin in 1842 and settled at Fulton, Rock county; removed thence to Green Lake county in 1846; is by occupation a farmer; was chairman of the town board of Kingston 38 years, and chairman of the county board; member of assembly in 1859, 1860, 1878 and 1885, and delegate to the national democratic convention in St. Louis in 1888; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 1,856 votes against 1,430 for Melvin Folsom, republican, and 2 for I. E. Smith, prohibitionist.

Iowa County.

Population in 1890-22,117.

JOHN MONTGOMERY SMITH (Dem.), of Mineral Point, Iowa county, was born in Bedford, Pa., in 1834; came with his parents to Wisconsin in 1838 and settled at Mineral Point; was educated in the common schools and by his father, Gen. William R. Smith; studied law in his father's office, that of attorney general; resided in California four years (1851-5), in Madison three years (1857-60); was superintendent of city schools in Mineral Point in 1864; district attorney of Iowa county in 1868-70; mayor of Mineral Point in 1879, 1830 and 1885; delegate to democratic national convention in Cincinnati, 1880, and St. Louis in 1893; city attorney of Mineral Point in 1891 and 1892; supervisor from First ward and member of county board in 1892; presidential elector in 1892; elected member of assembly in 1892, receiving 2, 358 votes to 2,264 for Thomas F. Cody, republican, and 347 for A. S. Rowe, prohibitionist.

Jackson County.

Population in 1890-15,797.

JAMES JOHN McGILLIVRAY (Rep.), of Black River Falls, Jackson county, was born at Barrachois, Gaspie county, Canada East, June 16, 1848; received a common school education; came to Wisconsin November 21, 1866, and settled at Black River Falls, where he has since resided, with the exception of a few months in Iowa prior to that time; he has been secretary of the Jackson County Agricultural Society, and is at the present time its treasurer; his occupation is architect and manufacturer; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 2,038 votes, against 1,016 for George W. Levis, democrat, and 297 for T. P. Hunter, farmer's alliance and prohibitionist; was re-elected in 1892, receiving 2,038 votes, against 1,399 for Abner D. Polleys, democrat, prohibitionist and farmer's alliance, and 34 votes for Frank A. Parsons, independent republican, and 3 scattering.

Jefferson County.

First District.—The towns of Concord, Ixonia, Lake Mills, Millford, Waterloo, Watertown, the village of Waterloo, and the First, Second, Third, Fourth and Seventh wards of the city of Watertown. Population in 1890—16,403.

C. HUGO JACOBI (Dem.), of Watertown, was born in Rockenhausen, Rhenish Bavaria, April 18, 1846; was a ducated in the public schools in Wisconsin; received a commercial school

education at the Spencerian College in Milwaukee and a collegiate education in Germany; came to Wisconsin in 1855; settled at Watertown, where he has resided ever since with the exception of three years while attending college in Germany; for a number of years he has been teller and cashier in the Wisconsin National Bank and the Bank of Watertown, and is at present engaged in the insurance, foreign exchange and passage business; has held the office of city treasurer of Watertown for three years, and has been a member of the board of education four years; served as United States gauger for the Second internal revenue district of Wisconsin during President Cleveland's first administration; is a democrat from principle and conviction; was elected to the assembly in 1890, and was re-elected in 1892, receiving 2,300 votes against 1,098 votes for A. J. Roach, republican.

Second District.—The towns of Aztalan, Cold Spring, Farmington, Hebron, Jefferson, Koshkonong, Oakland, Palmyra, Sullivan and Sumner. Population in 1890—17, 127.

CHRISTOPHER GRIMM (Dem.), of Jefferson, in said county, was born in Halenbrunn, Bavaria, March 18, 1828; received a common school education in Germany; came to America in 1846, residing in Terre Haute, Ind., until 1865, when he came to Wisconsin and has since resided in Jefferson; is a retired merchant; was president of the village of Jefferson in 1867-8 and in 1874, county supervisor in 1888 to 1892, chairman of town board in 1892; commissioner of public debts for the last twenty-five years; justice of the peace from 1867 to this date, with exception of one year; chairman of the democratic county committee since 1889, and is at present supervisor on the county board; was elected member of assembly in 1892, receiving 2,361 votes against 1,573 for C. P. Goodrich, republican, and 4 for Geo. A. Brownell, prohibitionist.

Juneau County.

Population in 1890 -17;121.

W. PETER WHEELIHAN (Dem.), of Necedah, Juneau county, was born in Holton county, Ontario, February 22, 1844; received a common school education; came to Wisconsin in 1866 and settled at Necedah in 1867; is by occupation a lumberman, pine land and real estate dealer; was secretary of the board of education of Necedah from 1891 to the present time, chairman of the town of Necedah, and president of the village, elected April, 1892, still holding; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 2,088 votes against 1,933 for S. C. Plummer, republican, and 105 for A. W. Field, prohibitionist.

Kenosha County.

Population in 1890-15,581.

DANIEL A. MAHONEY (Dem.), of Kenosha, was born in Salem, Kenosha county, Wis., December 27, 1849; after leaving the district school he attended a high school for two years and spent one year in a commercial college; commenced teaching school at the age of 18; was elected county superintendent of schools of Kenosha county in 1877, and held this office seven years; admitted to the bar in 1883, and elected district attorney in 1884; was appointed postmaster of Kenosha by President Cleveland in 1887, and held the office nearly five years; has been city superintendent of schools for three years; was engaged in real estate and insurance business; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 2,058 votes, against 1542 for Paul E Sauer, republican. He died at Madison while in attendance upon the legislature, January, 1893.

GEORGE; H. KRONCKE (Dem.), of Wilmot, Kenosha county, was born in Germany, February 5, 1837; received an academic education; came to Wisconsin in 1872 and settled in Kenosha county; is by occupation a farmer; has held school district offices for several years, and has been for fifteen years a justice of the peace; was elected to the assembly at a special election held on the 14th day of February, 1893, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Daniel A. Mahoney, receiving 735 votes, against 732 votes for Courtland A. Dewey, republican, and 15 blanks.

Kewaunee County.

Population in 1890-16,153.

JOSEPH FILZ (Dem.), of Luxemburg, Kewaunee county, was born at Menzel, Rhine province, Germany, June 13, 1848; received his education at home in an elementary school; came to Wisconsin in 1873, and settled at Luxemburg; previously resided in Chicago from 1839 to 1873, then moved to Kewaunee county, where he has since resided, being the recording secretary of Carpenter union, No 2; is a carpenter by trade; is now engaged in general merchandise business, hotel-keeping and farming; was postmaster from 1833 to January 1st, 1893, then resigned; elected school district treasurer in 1891 for three years; elected to the assembly in 1890; re-elected in 1892, receiving 1,497 votes to 1,027 for Anton Langenkamp, democrat.

La Crosse County.

First District.—The towns of Bangor, Barre, Burns, Greenfield, Hamilton, Shelby, Washington, and Third, Fourth, Sixth. Seventh, Eighth, Thirteenth, Fourteenth, Sixteenth, Seventeenth and Eighteenth wards of the city of La Crosse. Population 1890—19,627.

ALFRED AUGUST LEISSRING (Dem.), of La Crosse, in said county, was born in Monroe, Green county, Wisconsin, November 7, 1859; was educated in the common schools: has resided at Norwalk, West Salem, Wisconsin, and Wells, Minnesota; is by occupation a merchant; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 1,951 votes; John Schield, republican, received 1,653; Leonard Stallman, people's party, received 490, and H. G. Miller, prohibitionist, 203.

Second District.—The towns of Campbell, Farmington, Holland, Onalaska; the city of Onalaska, and the First, Second, Fifth, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Fifteenth, Nineteenth and Twentieth wards of the city of La Crosse. Population in 1890—19,174.

LEMUEL B. COX (Rep.), of Stevenstown, La Crosse county, was born in La Grange, Walworth county, January 21, 1846; received a common school education in public schools and at Galesville University; removed to La Crosse county in 1852, and resided at Farmington; taught school two years, and was bookkeeper for a railroad contractor in Minnesota; has never before held public office; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 2,058 votes against 1,712 for John Dawson, democrat, 322 for Lars Engass, people's party, and 165 for D. E. Rice, prohibitionist. He was a private in Company K, 2d Wisconsin Cavalry.

La Fayette County.

Population in 1890-20,265.

JACOB JOHN IVERSON (Rep.), of South Wayne, Lafayette county, was born in Wayne, in said county, March 8, 1850, and received a common school education; removed to Iowa in 1876 and resided there until 1883, then returned to South Wayne, where he has since resided; is by occupation a farmer; was elected member of the assembly in 1892, receiving 2,357 votes against 2,334 for L. Henry Johnson, democrat, and 218 for Lee B. Howery, prohibitionist, and one for Wm. Thompson.

Langlade, Forest and Florence Counties.

Population in 1890-13,081.

FRANCIS AUGUSTINE DELEGLISE (Rep.), of Antigo, Langlade county, was born February 10, 1835, at Bagne, Valais, Switzerland; received a common school education; came to Wisconsin in 1848, and settled at Theresa, in Dodge county; moved thence to Michicott, now East Gibson, Manitowoc county, in 1854; thence to Appleton in 1858; thence to the site of the present city of Antigo; enlisted in the Iron Brigade and served three years; was town chairman of Antigo in 1882; county treasurer of Langlade county in 1881 and 1882, and has held various offices on school boards: is by occupation agent and dealer in real estate; was elected member of the assembly in 1892, receiving 1,643 votes against 1,616 for George H. Wunderlich, democrat.

Lincoln County.

Population in 1890-12,008.

DAVID FINN (Dem.), of Merrill, Lincoln county, was born in Philmont, N. Y., April 23, 1851; came to Wisconsin in 1853 with his parents, who settled at Milwaukee; was educated in the common schools and at Lawrence University, Appleton; resided in Oconomowo from 1854 to 1859, and in Marathon and Lincoln counties from last date to the present; his occupations are various, principally lumbering and farming; was county superintendent of schools of Lincoln county from 1877 to 1880 and from 1880 to 1890, inclusive; was chairman of the county board for several years between 1880 and 1888, besides holding various other public offices; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 1,281 votes against 1,110 votes for R. G. Kingsley, republican, and 500 for John Elsen, people's party.

Manitowoc County.

First District.—The towns of Centerville, Cato, Eaton, Liberty, Meeme, Rockland, Schleswig, Manitowoc Rapids, Kossuth, Franklin, Maple Grove, Newton, and the villages of Reedsville and Kiel. Population 19,564

PATRICK JOSEPH CONWAY (Dem.), of Meeme, in said county, was born at Portage, Wyoming county, New York, February 11, 1849; came to Wisconsin in 1856 with his parents, and has always since resided in Meeme; was educated in the common schools of said town; is by occupation a farmer; held position of town clerk of said town from 1874 to 1885, inclusive; was census enumerator in 1875 and 1885; delegate to democratic state convention 1888s and 1892, and to Sixth district congressional convention in 1892; was member of county board in 1889 and 1890; member of assembly in 1890; again elected in 1892, receiving in the last election 2,039 votes against 1,169 for C. F. Hacker, republican.

Second District.—The towns of Manitowoc, Two Rivers, Two Creeks, Mishicott, Gibson, Cooperstown, and the cities of Two Rivers and Manitowoc. Population in 1890—18,267.

WILLIAM CROLL (Dem.), was born at Greenwich, Berks county, Pa., March 24, 1833; received a common school education; came to Wisconsin in 1855, and settled at West Granville, Milwaukee county, where he resided until 1877, when he removed to Manitowoc, where he has since resided; enlisted as a private in the Fifty-first Wisconsin volunteers and served until the close of the rebellion; was member of the assembly of 1891, and reelected in 1892, receiving, in last election, 2,273 votes, against 1,071 for Martin Wyzinske, republican.

Marathon County.

First District.—The towns of Bergen, Brighton, Berlin, Cleveland, Cassel, Day, Hamburg, Halsey, Holton, Hull, Eau Pleine. Johnson, Mosinee, Marathon, Rietbrock, Rib Falls, Spencer, Stettin, Wien, Emmett, Frankfort, McMillan, Manville, Knowlton, Maine, and the village of Marathon City. Population in 1890–15,140.

ALBERT B. BARNEY (Dem.), of Spencer, Marathon county, was born at Mayville, Dodge county, July 2, 1853, and was educated in the public schools of his native village, except one term at Whitewater Normal School, and a short period at the U.S. M.A. at West Point, N. Y.; has held no public office except that of justice of the peace, which office he now holds; studied law in the office of A. K. Delaney, was admitted to the bar in 1878, and is now engaged in the practice of law and dealing in real estate; was elected member of assembly in 1892, receiving 1,777 votes, against 1,033 for Frank Chesak, republican.

Second District.—The towns of Easton, Kronenwetter, Norrie, Plover, Pike Lake, Texas, Wausau, Weston, Eldron, Harrison, and the city of Wausau. Population in 1830—15, 229.

JOHN RINGLE (Dem.), of Wausau, Marathon county, was born in Herman, Dodge county, Wisconsin, October 2, 1848; received a common school education in the schools of the state; is by occupation a real estate agent and lumberman; was county clerk of Marathon county from 1873 to 1878; member of assembly in 1879, 1880 and 1881; state senator from 21st district in 1883 and 1885; was democratic nominee for state treasurer in 1877, and nominee for congress in the ninth district in 1886; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 1,767 votes against 1.191 for Frederick Schubring, republican.

Marinette County.

Population in 1890 - 20,304.

CHARLES C. DAILY (Dem.), of Marinette, in said county, was born at Rome, New York, June 16, 1853; came to Wisconsin in 1866, and settled at Osceola, Fond du Lac county, where he completed his common school education; attended the commercial college at Fond du Lac; studied law in that city in law offices, and was admitted to the bar in 1878; removed to Marinette in 1879, and has been engaged in practice there since; has been justice of the peace since 1881, and city clerk from 1882-87 inclusive; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 1,896 votes to 1,785 for John A. Van Cleve, republican, 277 for James Larsin, populist, and 294 for John J. Sherman, prohibitionist.

Milwaukee County.

First District.—Third and Seventh wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1890—13,468.

EDWARD KEOGH (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born in Ireland, May 5, 1835; received a common school education; came from Ireland with his parents in 1841, settled in Utica, N. Y.; removed with his parents to Milwaukee in 1842; has resided there since; is by occupation a printer, established in business in Milwaukee in 1867 as the senior partner in the firm of Keogh & Schroeder, located at 165 and 167 Adams street; represented the Sixth district of the state in the senate in 1862 and 1863, being the youngest member of that body; was member of the assembly in 1860, 1861, 1876, 1877, 1878, 1879, 1880, 1881, 1882, 1886, 1888, 1890, and again elected in 1892, receiving 1,698 votes against 1,420 for Albert E. Smith, republican, and 40 for Charles Hambitzer, people's party; was elected speaker of the Forty-first assembly, January 10, 1893.

Second District.—The First and Eighteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1890—17,264.

CHARLES F. A. HINTZE (Dem.), of Milwaukee (302 Farwell ave.), was born in Greifenburg, Germany, March 6, 1844; was educated in the common schools in Germany and Milwaukee; came to Wisconsin in 1858, and settled at Milwaukee; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 1,799 votes against 1,770 for Chas. E. Roberts, republican, 48 for Geo. Colber, union labor, and 35 for Geo. I. Richard, prohibitionist.

Third District.—The Thirteenth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1890-14,658.

GUSTAV J. JESKE (Rep.), of Milwaukee (927 Second street), was born in West Prussia, December 11, 1855; received his education in public and parochial schools; came to Wisconsin in 1866, and settled at Milwaukee, where he has since resided; is by occupation a mason and contractor; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 1,813 votes against 1,524 for Andrew Mohr, democrat, and 231 for A. Gums, people's party.

Fourth District.—The Fifteenth and Sixteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1890—15,968.

WILLIAM HARVEY AUSTIN (Rep.), was born at Binghampton, N. Y., October 22, 1859; came to Wisconsin in the spring of 1869 and settled at Portage City; moved to Milwaukee in 1871, where he has since resided; was educated in the common schools, studied law with Joshua Stark, and was admitted to the bar in 1879. In 1880 and 1831 he was assistant district attorney for Milwaukee county; was school commissioner in 1889, and was appointed assistant city attorney of the city of Milwaukee in 1890; was city attorney in 1891. In the fall of 1892 he was elected to the assembly upon the republican ticket from the Fifteenth and Sixteenth wards, receiving 2,182 votes against 1,451 votes for Herman Krumow, democrat, 59 votes for Wm. Goedow, union labor, and 49 votes for Thomas Robertson, prohibitionist.

Fifth District.—Tenth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1890-19,879.

RIP REUKEMA. (Rep.), of Milwaukee, (1130 Walnut street), was born in Milwaukee, April 23, 1857; was educated in the public schools and studied law in the office of Messrs. Nath. Pereles & Sons and Hon. E. P. Smith, of Milwaukee; is by profession a lawyer; was elected (by large majorities) twice as justice of the peace; was elected member of assembly in 1892, receiving 2,229 votes against 1,628 for Gustav Kuechle, democrat, 35 for J.H. Brock, prohibitionist, and 166 for Joseph Pinta, people's party.

Sixth District.—The Ninth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1890-22,469.

PHILIP SCHMITZ, JR., (Dem.), of Milwaukee (1619 Cherry street), was born in Milwaukee, August 29, 1861, and has since resided there; received education in the common schools and commercial college in that city; is by occupation a merchant; was member of assembly in 1890; re-elected in 1892, receiving 2,419 votes against 2,004 for Geo. Christianson, republican, and 140 for Albert Reichert, people's party.

Seventh District.—Second and Fourth wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1890 —20,976.

GEORGE A. ABERT (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born in that city, October, 22, 1840, and was educated in the common schools and academies there; is an iron founder and machine manufacturer, but not now in business; was state senator from Milwaukee in 1877 and 1878; was commissioner of public works from April 30, 1878, to April, 1881; member of assembly in 1882 and 1883, and again elected in 1892, by 2,481 votes against 2,380 for Wm. J. Fiebrantz, republican.

Eighth District.—The Fifth and Twelfth wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1890—21,959.

JOSEPH DEUSTER (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born in Berg bei Nideggen, Kreis Dueren, Regierungsbezirk Aix la Chapelle, Prussia, October 14, 1833; came to Wisconsin in 1844 and settled in Milwaukee, where he received a common school education, and has since resided; is a dealer in wines and liquors; was commissioned enrolling and recruiting officers by Gov. Solomon, August 28, 1862; was a member of the common council of the city of Milwaukee in the years 1862, 63, 64, 65, 66, 71, 73; was sheriff of Milwaukee county in 1867 and 1868; was sergeant at arms of Wisconsin assembly in 1874; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 2,488 votes to 2,103 for William A. Bahr, republican, and 83 for Fred, Ball, people's party.

Ninth District.—Eighth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1890--14,236

CHARLES W. MILBRATH (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born in Milwaukee, January 14, 1848; received a common school and commercial education; is by occupation a real estate and insurance broker; was alderman of the Twelfth ward of the city of Milwaukee from 1875 to 1878, and from 1884 to 1887; is a member of the Board of Directors of the Milwaukee Real Estate Board; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 1,552 votes, against 1,321 votes for Simon Kuth, democrat, and 10 votes for R. C. Livesey, prohibitionist.

Tenth District.-The Eleventh ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1830-13,786.

PETER J. RADEMACHER (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born in Milwaukee, May 9, 1859, where he has since resided; received his education in the public schools and at Mt. Calvary College; is by occupation a real estate broker; was elected member of the assembly in 1892, receiving, as was found by the assembly committee on Privileges and Elections, 1402 votes, against 1401 for Theodore Prochnow, republican.

Eleventh District.—The Sixth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1890—13,020.

FRANK W. SUELFLOW (Rep.), of Milwaukee (604 Garfield avenue), was born in Germantown, Washington county, Wisconsin, February 4, 1846; educated in the common schools of that town; is by occupation a real estate and insurance agent, engaged in such business in Milwaukee; was elected member of assembly in 1892, receiving 1,337 votes, against 1,253 cast for R. Elsner, democrat.

Twelfth District.—Fourteenth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population in 1890-11,107.

MICHAEL BLENSKI (Dem.), of Milwaukee, (767 First avenue), was born in Dantzic, West Prussia, Prov. Poland, September 27, 1861; received a common school education in Germany; came to Wisconsin in 1880 and settled in Milwaukee, where he has since resided; is by occupation a book-keeper; was constable in the tenth district of Milwaukee in 1888; has served as clerk in the state land office; has served as assistant steward in the State Hospital for Insane, at Mendota; served from 1881 to 1888 as member of Wisconsin National Guard, Co. B, 4th Regiment (Kosciusko Guard), taking an active part in the affairs of the company, and receiving honorable discharge as a non-commissioned officer; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 1,801 votes, against 354 for Frank Koceja, republican.

Thirteenth District.—The Seventeenth ward of the city of Milwaukee, and the towns of Lake, Oak Creek, Greenfield and Franklin, in Milwaukee county. Population in 1890—13,740

CHARLES H. LENCK (Rep.), of Milwaukee (299 Ellen street), was born in Pennsylvania, March 3, 1849, came to Wisconsin in 1849; settled in Milwaukee, where he has since resided and where he received a common school education; is by occupation a merchant; has been alderman from 1888 to 1892; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 1,991 votes, against 1,356 for Luke Scanlan, democrat.

Fourteenth District.—The towns of Milwaukee, Wauwatosa and Granville. Population in 1890-19,589.

EMERSON D. HOYT (Rep.), of Wauwatosa, was born in that town, March 7, 1847; has always resided there, and was educated in the common schools of Milwaukee county; is by occupation a dealer in real estate; was member of assembly in 1887, and again elected in 1802, receiving 2,382 votes against 1,306 for Michael Schmidt, democrat.

Monroe County.

Population in 1890-23, 211.

CHARLES E. QUIGG (Dem.), of Tomah, Monroe county, was born at Ticonderoga, New York, September 30, 1852; came to Wisconsin in 1860, and settled at Hartford, Washington county; removed from Wisconsin in 1867; returned in 1880 and located at Fox Lake, Dodge county, and in 1883 located in Tomah; received a high school education and graduated at the Belfast Medical College, also at the Bennett Medical College, of Chicago, Ill.; is by profession a physician and surgeon; was thrice elected mayor of Tomah, serving in 1888, 1889 and 1890; he was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 2,545 votes, against 2,360 for Robert B. Dunlap, republican, 248 for Charles H. Hunt, prohibitionist, and 108 for Loren Dow, people's party.

Oconto County.

Population in 1890-15, 009.

EDWARD A. EDMONDS (Dem.), of Oconto Falls, Oconto county, was born at Mason, Ingham county, Michigan, May 2, 1868; was educated in common schools, graduated at Albion college, Michigan, with degree of B. S. in 1899; came to Wisconsin in 1889. settling at Kaukanua, and removing to Oconto Falls the next summer, where he has since resided; is by occupation a pulp manufacturer, and is superintendent of the Falls Manufacturing Company; was elected chairman of the town of Oconto Falls in 1892, and to the assembly in 1892, receiving 1,420 votes, against 1,397 for Charles Hall, republican, and 131 for John Hansen, people's party.

Outagamie County.

First District.—The towns of Dale, Greenville, Ellington, Grand Chute, Center, and the city of Appleton. Population in 1890—18,621.

JOHN TRACY (Dem.), of Appleton, Outagamie county, was born in Ireland, April 18, 1852; came to Appleton, Wisconsin, in 1855, where he has since resided; he received a common school education and pursued a business education during the evenings of four winters; soon after coming to Wisconsin he found employment in the shop and hub factory of

the firm of Marston & Beveridge, with whom he remained for many years, and is at present foreman of the factory; was elected to the city council in 1882 to 1890, being president of the same during 1887, while for the last twelve years and now he is treasurer of school district No. 4; in 1890 was elected member of the assembly, and as such served on the committees on Cities and Apportionment; in 1892 was elected to the assembly, receiving 2,341 votes, against 1,355 for F. Ziegler, republican, and 127 votes for L. Sanborn.

Second District.—The towns of Black Creek, Bovina, Hortonia, Liberty, Maple Creek, Seymour, Kaukauna, Freedom, Buchanan, Osborn, Cicero, Main, Deer Creek, and the cities of Seymour and Kaukauna, and the Third ward of the city of New London. Population in 1890—20,069.

JOHN BRILL (Dem.), of South Kaukauna, in said county, was norn in Prussia, Germany, March 26, 1844; came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1852 and settled at Granville, Milwaukee county; moved thence to Buchanau, Outagamie county, in 1863, where he has since resided, save that he officially resided at Appleton when sheriff, and kept hotel there three years; is by occupation a farmer and real estate dealer; was assessor of Buchanan in 1868 and 1869; supervisor in 1870 and 1871; was sheriff of Outagamie county in 1875-77; re-elected in 1879; was elected chairman of his town in 1890 and still holds the office; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 2,209 votes to 1,395 for John Uecke, republican, and 100 for S. T. Armitage, prohibitionist.

Oneida, Price and Taylor Counties.

Population in 1890--16,999.

ALBERT J. PERKINS (Rep.), of Medford, Taylor county, was born at Weathersfield, Vt., December 27, 1830; was educated in the common schools at Rochester, Vt.; came to Wisconsin in 1853; resided in Jefferson county from 1853 to 1865; resided in Mukwa, Waupaca county, from 1865 to 1874; in the city of Waupaca from 1874 to 1878, then removed to Medford; is by occupation a manufacturer and dealer in flour and feed; was superintendent of schools in Jefferson county in 1859; chairman of Mukwa in 1870 and 1871; county clerk of Waupaca county, 1874-78; county clerk of Taylor county from 1884 to 1888; mayor of Medford in 1889-90; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 3,095 votes, against 3,052 for Clinton Textor, democrat.

Ozaukee County.

Population in 1890-14.943.

WILLIAM HENRY FITZGERALD (Dem.), of Cedarburg, Ozaukee county, was born in that place, May 15, 1848; received a common school education; is a grain dealer by occupation; was town treasurer in 1872; chairman of the town in 1876 and 1877, and several terms a justice of the peace; was elected member of the assembly in 1878, '79, '80 and '90, and reelected in 1892, receiving, in the last election, 1,574, against 1,014 for William A. Tholan, republican.

Pierce County.

Population in 1890-20,385.

BRYAN H. CORCORAN (Rep.), of Oak Grove, Pierce county, was born in the county of Kerry, Ireland, September 15, 1846; came to America with his parents in April, 1847, when he was seven months old, and settled in Ithaca, Tompkins county, New York, where he resided until the spring of 1857, when he moved with his parents to Wisconsin and settled near Milwaukee, where he resided until 1868, then removed to Oak Grove, Pierce county, where he now resides; received his education in the common schools of New York and Wisconsin; taught for a number of years in the common schools of Wisconsin; is by occupation a farmer; has held the office of justice of the peace and town clerk for the years 1875, 1876, 1877 1878, 1879, 1880, 1881, 1882, 1883, 1884, 1885 and 1886; was sheriff of Pierce county in 1887 and 1888; delegate to the republican state convention in 1888; was a member of the republican congressional convention for the eighth district in 1886; was chairman of the board of supervisors in 1891 and 1892; is school district treasurer and now member of the county bor rd of supervisors; was elected member of the assembly in 1892, receiving 2,287 votes, against 1,239 for Henry N. Bascom, democrat, and 326 for O. C. Larson, prohibitionist and populist.

Polk County.

Population in 1890-12, 968.

HENRY PELEG BURDICK (Rep.), of Osceola Mills, Polk county, was born in Limestone, Warren county, Pa., January 11, 1849; came with his parents to Wisconsin in 1854, first settling at Waterloo, in Jefferson county; removed to St. Croix county in 1856; resided there until 1877, except three years in Otter Tail county, Minnesota; came to Polk county in 1877; enlisted in November, 1884, in Company E, First Minnesota Heavy Artillery, serving as a private until October, 1865; is a lawyer; was member of Polk county board of supervisors during 1880, 1881 and 1882, and district attorney from 1884 to 1886; was elected member of assembly in 1892, receiving 1,500 votes against 940 for Andrew J. Hangdohl, people's party, endorsed by democrats and prohibitionists, and 1 for F. Wilke.

Portage County.

Population in 1890-24, 798.

CHARLES COUCH (Dem.), of Amherst, Portage county, was born in the town of Mohawk, Montgomery county, New York, in 1833; came to Wisconsin in 1850; settled in Fond du Lac county, where he remained until 1857, when he removed to Portage county, where he has since resided; received a common school education; is by occupation a live stock and farm produce dealer; was town treasurer from 1864 to 1858, coun'y poor commissioner in 1877, chairman of the town board, and as such, member of the county board for a number of years; was elected to the assembly in 1890, and re-elected in 1892, receiving, in the last election, 2,566 votes against 2,289 for W. W. Spraggon, republican, and 226 for N. A. Week, prohibitionist.

Racine County.

First District.—The First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth wards of the city of Racine. Population in 1890—18,488.

PETER NELSON (Rep.), of Racine, Racine county, was born in Jyland, Denmark, November 26, 1852, and received a common school education; came to Wisconsin in 1874 and settled at Racine, where he has since resided; is a merchant by occupation; was member of the county board of supervisors in 1889, and was elected alderman of the Sixth ward in April, 1892, for two years; was elected member of assembly in 1892; his vote was 2,288, against 2,034 for William S. Paul, democrat, and 129 for J. R. Davis, prohibitionist.

Second District.—The towns of Burlington, Caledonia. Dover, Mt. Pleasant, Norway, Raymond, Rochester, Waterford and Yorkville, and the Seventh ward of the city of Racine. Population in 1890—17,820.

FRANCIS REUSCHLEIN (Dem.), of Burlington, Racine county, was born at Tauber-Bischofsheim, Baden, Germany, February 8, 1834, and received a collegiate education in Germany; came to Wisconsin in 1852, settled at Burlington, where he has since resided; was appointed postmaster at Burlington in April, 1887, and held until July 1, 1891; was elected member of assembly in 1892, receiving 1,868 votes, against 1,663 cast for Gustav Rasch, republican, 166 for A. B. Hayes, people's party, and 248 for J. S. Blakey, prohibitionist.

Richland County.

Population in 1890-19,121.

JAY G. LAMBERSON (Rep.), of Sextonville, Richland county, was born at Elkhorn, Walworth county, August 27, 1846; came to Sextonville with his parents in 1853; attended the public schools until seventeen years of age; enlisted in the Sixth Wisconsin battery in 1863, serving to the close of the war; returned home, entered the high school at Sextonville, from which he graduated; taught in the public schools of the county; afterwards engaged for ten years in mercantile business; retired from this occupation because of failing health; became a practical farmer, engaged in dairying and dealing in live stock; was elected to the assembly in 1890, and re-elected in 1892, receiving in the last election 2,047 votes, against 1,870 for J. Le Roy McCollum, 292 for James H. McNeer, prohibitionist, and 190 for Gaylord Freeman.

Rock County.

First District.—The towns of Union, Porter, Magnolia. Center, Spring Valley, Plymouth, Avon, Newark, Beloit, the village of Evansville, and the Third and Fourth wards of the city of Beloit. Population in 1890—14,587.

BENJAMIN WATSON HUBBARD (Rep.), of Evansville, Rock county, was born in Cleveland, Ohio, November 16, 1842; came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1845 and settled in Union, where he now resides; was educated in the common schools; is by occupation a farmer and stock grower; was assessor of the town in 1890 and member of county board in 1891 and 1892; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 2,267 votes, against 1,138 for Dr. H. B. Anderson, democrat.

Second District.—The towns of Milton, Lima, Harmony, La Prairie, Rock, Johnstown, Bradford, Clinton and Turtle, and the First and Second wards of the city of Beloit. Population in 1890–13,913.

PAUL M. GREEN (Rep.), of Milton, Rock county, was born at Alfred Center, New York, August 15, 1837; came to Wisconsin in 1840 with his parents, and settled at Milton; was educated at Milton academy (now college); is by occupation a banker, and president of the Bank of Milton; for five years last past has been the chairman of the town; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 1,942 votes, to 1,193 for D. E. Thorpe, democrat, and 240 for S. G. Burdick, prohibitionist.

Third District.—The towns of Janesville and Fulton, and the cities of Janesville and Edgerton. Population in 1890—14,720.

AGESILAUS O. WILSON (Dem.), of Janesville, Rock county, was born in Bradford, Penobscot county, Maine, May 2, 1842, receiving a common school and academic education; studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1870; came to Wisconsin in 1867 and settled at Janesville, Wisconsin, where he has since resided; is by profession an editor and published the Janesville Times sixteen years, and has edited the Recorder seven years; has served as one of the school commissioners of Janesville twelve years successively, and was clerk of the board of education four years; was elected member of assembly in 1892; his vote, 1,942; that of Wilbur F. Carle, republican, 1,783; that of John Haveland, people's party, 110.

St. Croix County.

Population in 1890-23,139.

ORRIN J. WILLIAMS (Rep.), of New Richmond, St. Croix county, was born in Somerset, Maine, in 1848, receiving his education in the common schools of that state; came to Wisconsin in 1867 and settled in St. Croix county; is by occupation a hardware merchant; was president of the common council of New Richmond in 1887; mayor in 1888 and reelected in 1889; has since resided in said city; was elected member of assembly in 1892, receiving 2,423 votes against 2,265 for Isaac W. Melgard, democrat, and 385 for William Johnson, prohibitionist.

Sauk County.

First District.—Towns of Delton, Baraboo, Fairfield, Greenfield, Freedom, Honey Creek, Sumpter, Merrimac, Troy, Prairie du Sac, Sauk City and the city of Baraboo. Population in 1800—15,208.

CHARLES HIRSCHINGER (Rep.), of Baraboo, Sauk county, was born at Capatene, Ohio, February 26, 1837, and was educated in the common schools of Ohio, Illinois and Wisconsin; came to this state in 1847 and settled at Baraboo, town, residing on same farm since he came here; is by occupation a nurseryman, farmer, and breeder of registered Devon cattle; was supervisor of the town of Freedom (while his farm was in that town) three years; supervisor of the town of Baraboo one year; chairman of Freedom fifteen years; chairman of Baraboo three years; justice of the peace in Freedom twelve years; in Baraboo four years; county commissioner of bridges for Sauk county, and president of the Farmer's Insurance Company; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 1,867 votes, against 1,331 for V. Roll, democrat, and 240 for L. Stone, prohibitionist.

Second District.—The towns of Dellona Winfield, La Valle Woodland, Ironton, Reedsburg, Excelsior, Washington, Westfield, Bear Creek, Franklin, Spring Green, the village of La Valle and the city of Reedsburg. Population in 1890—15, 273.

HENRY CLINTON HUNT (Dem.), of Reedsburg, Sauk county, was born at Bradford, Pa., January 27, 1840; resided in Limestone, Cattaraugus county, New York, from 1848 till 1854; removed thence to Wisconsin, settling at Reedsburg, where he has since resided; served in the army, having enlisted at Bloomington, Ill., April 21, 1861, in the Twentieth Illinois infantry; was engaged in the battles of Fort Donaldson, Frederickstown and Shiloh; was promoted to sergeant in April, 1862; is a merchant by occupation; has served as town treasurer, member of village board, supervisor, etc.; was postmaster of Reedsburg from August 23, 1885, to May 23, 1890; was member of assembly in 1891 and re-elected in 1892, receiving, at last election, 1,742 votes, against 1,478 for A. L. Harris, republican, and 130 for D. R. Kellogg, prohibitionist.

Shawano County.

Population in 1890--19, 236.

HENRY ALBERT BRAUER (Dem.), of Shawano, in that county, was born in Bitterfeld, Saxony, German Empire, April 28, 1854; came to America with his parents the same year, settling at Oshkosh; was educated in the common and German schools in Oshkosh; resided in that city until 1871, since then in Shawano; is by occupation a barber; in 1878 was elected clerk of the circuit court; in 1882 sheriff, re-elected sheriff again in 1886, and a third time in 1890; elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 2,014 votes, against 1,394 for Michael J. Wallrich, republican, and 244 for William W. Crowfoot, people's party.

Sheboygan County.

First District.—The First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Eighth wards of the city of Sheboygan. Population in 1890—14, 827.

THEODORE DIECKMANN (Dem.), of Sheboygan, was born in New York city, November 6, 1853; came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1858 and settled in Sheboygan; was educated in the common schools of that place; is by vocation a merchant; since has resided in New York city in 1870, 1871, 1872; has been alderman of his ward (Third) since 1891; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 2, 112 votes to 1, 125 cast for E. Stewart, republican.

Second District.—The towns of Sheboygan Falls, Herman, Holland, Wilson, Sheboygan, Mosel, and the village of Sheboygan Falls, and the Seventh ward of the city of Sheboygan. Population in 1890—13,228.

JOHN DASSOW (Dem.), of Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan county, was born in Germany, August 10, 1845, where he received a common school education; came to Wisconsin in 1861 and settled at Sheboygan Falls, where he has since resided, except while absent in the military service, having enlisted in February, 1864, as a private in Company G, Thirty-sixth regiment Wisconsin Infantry Volunteers, in which he served until the close of the rebellion, participating in the battles of Cold Harbor, Petersburg and Appomattox; is by occupation a farmer, manufacturer and dealer in cheese; has served as district treasurer for ten years; was elected chairman of the board of supervisors in 1888, which office he still holds; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 1,345 votes against 1,120 for Henry Walvoord, republican.

Third District.—The towns of Lima, Russell, Greenbush, Mitchell, Scott, Sherman, Lyndon, Rhine, Plymouth and city of Plymouth. Population in 1890—14, 439.

JOHN W. LIEBENSTEIN (Dem.), of Scott, in said county, was born in Baden, Germany, December 28, 1845; came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1847, settled in Milwaukee, thence removed to Washington county; attended the common schools in this state, and college for two years at Berea, O.; served in the war of the rebellion as private in Company B, Twenty-sixth regiment Wisconsin Infantry Volunteers, participated in the battles of Resaca, Ga., Dalton, Ga., Kingston, Kenesaw Mountain, Peach Tree Creek, Burnt Hickory and numerous other engagements, and in Sherman's march through George.

gia, the Carolinas to Washington; is by occupation a general business man; has been justice of the peace since 1870, except four years; was town clerk from 1877 to 1881; census enumerator in 1880; chairman of the town from 1883 to 1892; member of the county board nine consecutive terms and of the school board for several years; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 1,574 votes against 1,532 cast for George W. Wolff, republican, and 1 for Otto Labodda, republican

Trempealeau County.

Population in 1890-18, 920.

DAVID L. HOLCOMB (Rep.), of Arcadia, Trempealeau county, was born in Greenbush, Sheboygan county, April 26th, 1848; was educated in the public schools of Wisconsin, and at Galesville University (now Gale College); resided for ten years in Floyd county, Iowa; returning to Wisconsin in 1867, settled at Arcadia; was teacher for ten years in the public schools in Trempealeau county; has since been a farmer; from 1883 to 1889 was president of the school board, and instrumental in establishing the high school at Arcadia; in 1889 was president of the Arcadia Agricultural and Driving Association; in 1891 and 1892 was chairman of Arcadia and member of county board; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 2,091 votes, to 1,544 for Addison H. Kneeland, democrat, and 283 for Wm. P. Massuere, prohibitionist.

Vernon County.

Population in 1890-25, 111.

IDANIEL O. MAHONEY (Rep.), of Viroqua, Vernon county, was born in Moscow, Livingston county, New York, June 8th, 1855; was educated in common schools, Wisconsin Academy, Northwestern Business College and University of Wisconsin during part of a course; is by occupation a teacher; came to Wisconsin in 1867 and settled at Madison, and near there was engaged in farming until 1880, when he became principal of the schools at Ontario, Vernon county, as which he served five years; was justice of the peace in Whitestown in 1881, 1882 and 1883, and elected town clerk without opposition in 1884; elected county superintendent for Vernon county in 1884, without opposition; re-elected for four successive terms, declining a fifth nomination unanimously tendered; is at present president of the Wisconsin Teachers' Reading Circle, and president of the Southwest Wisconsin Teachers' Association; was elected member of the assembly in 1892, receiving 3,077 votes, against 1,861 for Christian Ellefsen, on democratic and people's party fusion ticket, and 228 for Gilbert C. Olson, prohibitionist.

Walworth County.

First District.—The towns of Whitewater, La Grange, Troy, East Troy, Richmond, Sugar Creek, La Fayette, Elkhorn, Spring Prairie and the city of Whitewater. Population in 1890—13,878.

FRANK L. FRASER (Rep.), of Lake Beulah, Walworth county, was born in Sacramento county, California, September 29, 1854; received education at Rochester seminary and partial course in the State Normal School at Whitewater; came with his parents to Wisconsin in 1890 and settled at East Troy, Walworth county; lived in Racine from 1874 to 1877; is by occupation a farmer; read law in Racine and admitted to practice in 1877; was member of county board of Walworth county for the years 1889, 1890 and 1892; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 1,771 votes, against 1,089 for August Wilmer, democrat, and 220 for Albert D. Whitmore, prohibitionist.

Second District.—Towns of Darien, Delavan, Geneva, Lyons, Sharon, Linn, Walworth, Bloomfield and the city of Lake Geneva. Population in 1890—13, 982.

WILLIAM AVERY COCHRANE (Rep.), of Delavan, Walworth county, was born in Ripley, Chautauqua county, New York, January 8, 1842; came to Wisconsin in 1854; received education in the public schools of New York and Beloit, Wis., and graduated from Beloit college in full classical course in 1867; enlisted in the Fortieth Wisconsin Infantry

Volunteers, May 11, 1864, sharing in the skirmishes and guard duty; is by occupation a teacher; entered as teacher in the Delavan State School for the Deaf in September, 1837, where he taught until September, 1870; then he entered the Michigan Institute, located at Flint, and resided there until 1875; he then re-entered the State school at Delavan, September, 1875, and has since resided there; was elected member of the school board of Delavan in July, 1880, and has continued in that position since; was alderman of Delavan in 1882, 1885 and 1890; in 1892 was elected to the assembly, receiving 2,090 votes, against 1,044 cast for J. H. Goodrich, democrat, and 300 for L. D. Tracy, prohibitionist.

Washington County.

Population in 1890-22,751.

AUGUST KONRAD (Dem.), of Hartford, in said county, was born in Milwaukee, September 17th, 1849, and received a common school education; is by occupation a grain dealer; was member of the county board from 1883–1888, inclusive, and in 1890; was elected member of the assembly in 1890 and re-elected in 1892, receiving 2,533 votes against 1,780 for William H. Froehlich, republican.

Waukesha County.

First District.—The towns of Brookfield, Menomonee, Muskego, New Berlin, Vernon, Waukesha, and the village of Waukesha. Population in 1890—16,106.

JOHN SCHMIDT (Dem.), of Fess Corners, Waukesha county, was born in Prussia (village of Wirschweiler) April 3, 1833; was educated in the common schools; came to Wisconsin in 1846 and settled in Waukesha county, where he has since resided; is by occupation a farmer; was town treasurer in 1857 and 1858; assessor from 1860 to 1876; chairman of the town board in 1878–1880, 1888–1891, and in 1892; was elected to the assembly in 1864, 1880 and again in 1892, receiving in the last election 1,739 votes to 1,531 for Perry Grace, republican, and 139 for H. S. Haylett.

Second District.—The towns of Delafield, Eagle, Genesee, Merton, Mukwonago, Ottawa, Oconomowoc, Summit, Lisbon and Pewaukee, and the city of Oconomowoc. _Population in 1890—17,164.

BENJAMIN F. GOSS (Dem.), was born in Lancaster, N. H., April 24, 1823; received a common school and academic education; came to Wisconsin in 1841 and settled on a farm near the village of Pewaukee; was elected to the assembly for the north-east district of Waukesha county for the session of 1855. In the spring of 1855 he left Wisconsin, and in 1857 settled in Kansas, being one of a company who built the mills, laid out and organized the city of Neosho Falls, Kas. In 1861 he enlisted a company for three years' service in the war of the rebellion; was elected captain and served the full term of three years as captain of Company F, Ninth Regiment Kansas Volunteer Cavalry; was in the battles of Cane Hill, Prairie Grove and many smaller engagements. For a considerable part of the time he was stationed with his company on the frontier and rendered hard scouting service. In 1866 he returned to Wisconsin and engaged in the mercantile business at Pewaukee village, where has since resided. In 1892 he was elected to the assembly, receiving 1,968 votes against 1,964 for O. L. Rosencranz, his republican opponent, and 129 for George McKerrow, prohibitionist; has been all his life a student of natural history, giving especial attention to the breeding habits of our birds, and has presented to the Milwaukee public museum, where they are now on display, one of the largest and most valuable collections of the eggs of North American birds in this country.

Waupaca County.

First District.—The towns of Union, Bear Creek, Lebanon, Royalton, Mukwa, Caledonia, Larrabee, Matteson, Little Wolf, city of Clintonville and the First, Second, Fourth and Fifth wards of the city of New London. Population in 1890—13,577.

DAVID JENNINGS (Dem.), of Northport, Waupaca county, was born at Syracuse, N. Y., November 15, 1836; received his education in common school at Silver Creek; came to Wisconsin in 1857 and settled in the town of Hortonia, Outagamic county; removed thence to Northport in 1866, and has there resided since; is a dealer in real estate and lumberman;

was chairman of the town of Mukwa ten terms; was democratic candidate for presidential elector in 1884; member of assembly in 1890, again elected in 1892, receiving 1,483 votes against 1,118 for John Raisler, republican, and 76 for Edward Mather, prohibitionist.

Second District.—The towns of Dupont, Helvetia, St. Lawrence, Waupaca, Lind, Dayton, Farmington, Iola, Scandinavia, Harrison, Wyoming, Fremont, Weyauwega, and the villages of Fremont and Weyauwega, and the city of Waupaca. Population in 1890—13, 217.

JACOB WIPF (Rep.), was born in Hargen, Canton Zurich, Switzerland, December 15, 1834; received a common school education in that country; came to Wisconsin in 1854 with his parents and settled at Iola, where he has resided ever since; is engaged in lumbering and milling; was town treasurer two terms and chairman of the town board eight terms; served in the 44th Wis. Inft. Volunteers as sergeant of Co. C; was at Nashville with the regiment during the battle, December 15 and 16, 1864; was elected to the assembly in 1888, to represent the second assembly district of Waupaca county, comprising the eastern and northern portion of the county; and was elected again in 1892 to represent the second assembly district, comprising the west half of Waupaca county, receiving 2,218 votes against 752 for Albert A. Steiger, democrat, and 223 for S. R. Sherwin, prohibitionist.

Waushara County.

Population in 1890-13,507.

CORNELIUS A. DAVENPORT (Rep), of Auroraville, Waushara county, was born in the town of Antwerp, Jefferson county, New York, July 3, 1843; came to Wisconsin in 1855, settling in town of Nepeuskun, Winnebago county; received a common school education; has resided in Auroraville since 1859, except two years (1885 and 1886) in which he lived in Wautoma; was chairman of town board for 1874 and 1878; sheriff of Waushara county 1885 and 1886; during the civil war of 1861 he served three years as private in Company H. 30th regiment of Wisconsin volunteers, until close of the war; was elected member of the assembly in 1890; re-elected in 1892, receiving 2,113 votes against 768 for Wm. Blader, democrat, and 143 for D. W. Cate, prohibitionist.

Winnebago County.

First District.—First, Second, Third and Fourth wards of the city of Oshkosh. Population in 1890—15,776.

GUSTAV S. LUSCHER (Dem.), of Oshkosh, Winnebago county, was born in Oshkosh, February 12, 1856; educated in the common and high schools of that city; is by occupation an insurance agent; was elected to the assembly in 1890 from the 1st district; was re-elected in 1892, receiving in the last election 1,985 votes, against 1,641 for E. E. Stevens, republican, 72 for F. R. Stewart, people's party, and 57 for E. S. Richmond, prohibitionist.

Second District.—The towns of Clayton, Menasha, Neenah, Oshkosh, Poygan, Vinland, Winchester and Wolf River, and the cities of Neenah and Menasha. Population in 1890—17 088

GEORGE DANIELSON (Dem.), of Neenah, Winnebago county, was born at Christiana, Norway, June 14, 1834, and received a common school education in Norway; came to Wisconsin in 1854 and settled at Neenah, residing there till 1856, when he removed to Rock county, returning in 1861; is by occupation a millwright and contractor, also manufacturer of pulp; was elected town treasurer for the town of Neenah in 1872, city treasurer of Neenah in 1873, 1874, and also in 1877, alderman one term, school commissioner two terms and assessor of Neenah one term; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 2,039 votes against 1,701 for Elisha D. Smith, republican, and 49 for Philip Verbeck, prohibitionist.

Third District.—The towns of Algona, Black Wolf, Nekimi, Omro, Utica, Nepeuskun, Rush ford, Winneconne, the village of Winneconne, and the Fifth and Sixth wards of the city of Oshkosh. Population in 1890—17,233.

FRANK TYLER TUCKER (Rep.), of Omro, in said county, was born in Macon, Lenawee county, Michigan, June 11, 1864; came to Omro, Wisconsin, in 1869; is the son of Dr. E. L. Tucker, lieutenant of Fourth Michigan cavalry, who was killed at Chattanooga, and of Mary F. Tucker, the well-known authoress; received a common and high school education and then attended the Northern Indiana Normal School, from which he graduated in 1886; for one year he was principal of schools at Winneconne and for four years was principal of the high school at Omro; was admitted to the bar in 1888, and intends to make law his profession; has held no other office. His nomination by the republicans was indorsed by the prohibitionists; was elected by 2,372 votes against 1,777 votes for Charles D. Bowman, democrat.

Wood County.

Population in 1890-18,127.

JOHN A. GAYNOR (Dem.), of Grand Rapids, Wood county, was born in county Langford, Ireland, October 1, 1846; came to Wisconsin in 1851, with his parents, and settled near Sussex, in Waukesha county; was educated in the common schools of Waukesha county; graduated in the classical course from the University of Wisconsin; removed to Grand Rapids in 1873; has served several years as member of the board of education, and as member of the county board from 1876 to 1880, and from 1884 to 1886; served as district attorney for Wood county; was elected to the assembly in 1892, receiving 2,171 votes against 1,833 for Nels Johnson, republican, and 53 for M. O. Patten, prohibitionist; is a believer in free trade and in the "single tax" doctrines of Henry George.

OFFICERS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

SAMUEL J. SHAFER, of Colby, Clark county, was born in the city of Hamilton, Canada, June 6, 1850; in 1854 removed with his parents to the city of Beaver Dam, in Dodge county, where he resided until the summer of 1878, when he removed to Colby, and, with his brother, established *The Phonograph*, weekly newspaper. He received a common school education and is a journalist by profession; was clerk of the board of education and deputy city clerk in the city of Beaver Dam, has been clerk of the school board at Colby for seven years and was postmaster from 1885 to 1889; was elected chief clerk of the senate as a democrat, receiving 25 votes against 7 votes for Chas. E. Bross, republican.

JOHN B. BECKER, of Juneau, Dodge county, Wisconsin, was born in the town of Herman, Dodge county, Wisconsin, September 22d, 1864, and received his education in the public schools. When but a few weeks of age he removed with his parents to Rubicon, Wis., where he resided until 1880, at which time he removed to Juneau. Wis., to accept the position of turnkey of the Dodge county jail. He served as under sheriff for Dodge county in 1890 and 1891, was elected assessor of the city of Juneau in 1891, and was appointed marshal of Juneau in July, 1891, which office he holds at the present time. He was elected sergeant at arms of the senate as a democrat, receiving 25 votes against 7 for George G. Cox, republican.

OFFICERS OF THE ASSEMBLY.

GEORGE W. PORTH, chief clerk of the assembly, of Milwaukee, Milwaukee county, was born at Milwaukee, January 4, 1857, where he has always resided. Received a common school education. Is by occupation a bookkeeper. Was chief clerk of the board of public works, Milwaukee, from 1877 to 1882, city clerk from 1882 to 1883, and city computoller from 1886 to 1890. Was elected chief clerk of the assembly as a democrat, receiving 68 votes, against 32 for Walter L. Hauser, republican, in 1891, and re-elected to the same office in 1893, receiving 55 votes to 43 votes for O. G. Munson, republican.

THEODORE KNAPSTEIN (Dem.), of New London, was born in Prussia. November 12, 1848; received a common school education, and is by occupation a brewer; came to Wisconsin in 1855, and settled at Greenville, Outagamie county; was a member of the village board and afterwards alderman of New London from 1872 to 1884; mayor of the city in 1884, and president of the common council in 1885; was a member of the assembly in 1889, and re-elected in 1890, receiving 2,927 votes against 1,316 for W. D. Ackerman, republican, and 138 for W. D. Boynton, prohibitionist; was elected sergeant-at-arms as a democrat, receiving 56 votes against 43 votes for C. Morse, republican.

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

WILLIAM P. LYON, chief justice, was born in Chatham, Columbia county, New York, October 28, 1842. He attended common schools until eleven years of age, and then acted as clerk in a small store. Then he attended several terms at select schools. At the age of fifteen he taught district school, and then served as clerk for three years in a store in Albany, New York. In 1841 he came with his father's family and settled in what is now the town of Lyons, Walworth county. In 1844 he entered upon the study of law in the office of George Gale, then a practicing lawyer in Elkhorn. He also read law office of Hon. C. M. Baker. In 1846 he was admitted to the bar and entered upon the practice, serving also as justice of the peace. In 1850 he entered upon practice at Burlington, Racine county, and in 1855 removed to Racine. He was district attorney for Racine county for two terms; was elected to the assembly in 1859 and chosen as its speaker. He was also member of the assembly of 1860, and its speaker. In September, 186!. he entered the military service as captain of Com pany K. 8th Regiment, Wisconsin Infantry Volunteers, in which he served until August 5, 1862, when he was commissioned colonel of the 13th Regiment, Wisconsin Infantry Volunteers, at the head of which regiment he served until the close of the war.

While in the military service he was chosen judge of the first judicial circuit, entering upon the duties of his office January, 1806. He served on this circuit until January, 1871, when he was appointed by Governor Fairchild to the seat on the bench of the supreme court made vacant by the death of Byron Paine. The following spring he was elected to fill the vacancy and in 1877 was re-elected; was again re-elected in 1883. On the retirement of Chief Justice Orsamus Cole in 1891, he became ex-officio chief justice of the supreme court. He will retire from the bench at the close of his present term in January, 1894.

HARLOW S. ORTON, associate justice, was born November 25, 1817, in Niagara county, New York. He was educated at Hamilton Academy and Madison University in that state: taught school and devoted his spare time to the study of the law. In 1837 he removed to La Porte, Indiana, spent a year in the further study of law and was admitted to the bar March 8, 1838, and entered upon the practice in that year; when 25 years of age he was ap pointed probate judge in 1843. In 1847 he came to Wisconsin, and practiced law four years in Milwaukee. In January, 1852, he accepted the office of private secretary to Gov. Leonard J. Farwell, and took up his residence in Madison. He was member of the assembly in 1854. 1859 and 1871. In 1859 he was chosen to succeed Luther S. Dixon as circuit judge of the ninth ju licial circuit. He was once re-elected, and in 1865 declined a second re-election. He then entered upon the practice of his profession. In 1876 he was candidate for member of congress for the Second district; was mayor of Madison in 1877, and the same year was appointed on the commission to revise the statutes. He was dean of the law faculty of the University of Wisconsin from 1869 to 1874, and lecturer on several legal topics, and received from that institution the degree of LL. D. Upon the increase of the number of judges of the supreme court in 1878, he was elected justice and is now serving on his second term of ten years.

JOHN B. CASSODAY was born in Herkimer county, New York, July 7, 1830; removed with his widowed mother to Tioga county, Pennsylvania, three years later. His early studies were pursued in the common schools, at the academies in Wellsville and Knoxville, Pennsylvania, and two years at the Alfred Academy, where he graduated. He spent one year at the Michigan University and then attended the Albany law school; afterwards reading in a law office in Wellsboro, Pennsylvania. In July, 1857, he settled in Janesville, Wisconsin, and continued actively in practice until called to the supreme bench; was member of the assembly in 1865, and again in 1877, when he was elected speaker of that body. In 1880, November 11, he was appointed by Governor William E. Smith, as associate justice of the supreme court, a vacancy having been caused by the promotion of Associate Justice

Cole to the chief justiceship to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Chief Justice Edward G. Ryan. He was elected associate justice in April, 1881, and again in April, 1889, and is a professor in the College of Law, University of Wisconsin, lecturing on the law of wills and constitutional law.

JOHN B. WINSLOW was born October 4, 1851, at Nunda, Livingston county, New York. He graduated at Racine college, Wisconsin, in 1871, and entered upon the study of the law in the law office of E. O. Hand, and later in the law office of Fuller & Dyer. He finished his course of reading at the law department of the University of Wisconsin, from which he graduated in 1875, and entered upon the practice at Racine. In April, 1883, he was elected circuit judge of the first judicial circuit, and entered upon judicial duties in January, 1884, serving in that capacity, being re-elected, until May 4, 1891, when he was appointed associate justice of the supreme court, in place of Hon. David Taylor, decased. In April, 1892, he was elected to fill the residue of Judge Taylor's term; in 1889 he was special lecturer on criminal practice in the College of Law in the University of Wisconsin.

SILAS U. PINNEY was born in Rockdale, Crawford county, Pennsylvania, March 3, 1833. In 1846 his father removed with his family to Dane county, Wisconsin, settling in what is now the town of Windsor. The country was then new and sparsely settled. He received the benefit of some private instruction, and at the age of 17 years taught district school; while working on the farm he began reading text books of law, and in 1853 entered the law office of Vilas & Remington, in Madison, as a student. In February, 1854, he was admitted to the bar, and was actively engaged in the practice until his entry upon judicial labors in 1892. In 1858 he was attorney for the city of Madison; in 1865 member of the city council; in 1869 he was the democratic candidate for attorney general; in 1874 he was mayor of Madison; re-elected mayor in 1875; member of the legislature, elected without opposition, in 1875. He prepared the 16th volume of Wisconsin Reports in 1865; in 1870 he was appointed special reporter by the supreme court to report for publication the decisions of the territorial supreme court. He was elected justice of the supreme court in April, 1891, and entered upon his duties January 5, 1892; for several years, while in practice, he was lecturer in the College of Law of the University of Wisconsin.

HEADS OF INSTRUCTIONAL FORCE OF THE UNI-VERSITY OF WISCONSIN.

PRESIDENT OF THE UNIVERSITY.

CHARLES KENDALL ADAMS, LL. D., president of the University of Wisconsin, was born January 24, 1835, at Derby, Vermont; graduated at the University of Michigan, pursued his studies at Ann Arbor, Bonn, Heidelberg, Leipzig, Berlin and Paris; received the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1861; Master of Arts in 1802; Doctor of Laws by Harvard University in 1886; was student in University of Michigan from 1837 to 1803; assistant professor of Latin and history from 1802 to 1807; professor of history from 1807 to 1885; dean of the school of political science from 1881 to 1885; president of the Cornell University from 1885 to 1892, and elected president of the University of Wisconsin in 1802; is the author of Democracy and Monarchy in France, 1872; German edition, 1874; Manual of Historical Literature, 1882, 3d edition, 1889; British Orations, 3 vols., 1883; Christopher Columbus, His Life and Works, 1892.

VICE-PRESIDENT OF THE UNIVERSITY.

JOHN BARBER PARKINSON, A. M., vice-president of the university, professor of civil polity and political economy, was born near Edwardsville, Madison county. Illinois, April 11, 1834: graduated at the University of Wisconsin in 1860; was appointed instructor in 1861; was a regent of the university in 1866; appointed full professor—the first from the Alumni—in 1867, and vice-president in 1885; has been connected with the university over thirty years; several adresses of his read before the State Agricultural Society, the Academy of Sciences, Arts and Letters, and other societies have been published; courses of lectures on International Law, English and American Constitutional Law and Political Economy have also been prepared, but have not yet been published.

EDWARD A. BIRGE, Ph. D., Dean of the College of Letters and Science, was born September 7, 1851, at Troy, N. Y.; educated in the public schools of Troy; graduated from Williams, College in 1873 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and received the degree of Master of Arts in 1876; studied zoology in the Agassiz Museum of Comparative Zoology at Cambridge, Mass., until December, 1875; received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from Harvard University in 1878; studied histology and physiology in the University of Leipsic, Germany, during the college year 1880-1; elected instructor in natural history at the University of Wisconsin in 1875; professor of zoology in 1879, and in 1891 received the additional office of Dean of College of Letters and Science. His papers are scientific papers, mainly in the Archiv für Physiologie, and the Transactions of the Wisconsin Academy of Sciences, Arts and Letters

W. A. HENRY, Dean of the College of Agriculture, was born at Norwalk, Ohio, June 16, 1850. His early life was spent on a farm in northwestern Ohio. He studied at the Defiance, Ohio, high school, Holbrook normal school, and Ohio Wesleyan University. Was principal of the New Haven, Indiana, high school 1871. Principal of the Boulder, Colorado, school 1873-76. Entered Cornell University in the fall of '76, and was graduated from that institution in 1880, with the degree of Bachelor of Agriculture. In the summer of 1879 was with Prof. C. V. Riley of the United States Entomological Commission, Washington, D. C. During 1879 and '80 was assistant in the botanical department at Cornell. Was appointed professor of botany and agriculture, University of Wisconsin, beginning work in September, 1880. In 1882 was relieved of botanical work and elected professor of agriculture. In 1837 was given charge of the work of the experiment station under the title of Director. In 1891 was appointed Dean of the College of Agriculture. Present title, Dean of the College of Agriculture and Director of the Agricultural Experiment Station. Since 1887 has served as staff correspond-

ent for the Breeders' Gazette, Chicago. In 1881-2, under the direction of the legislature, he conducted experiments in the manufacture of sugar from amber cane, and the ensiloing of fodders, the report of the work being embraced in two volumes published by the state. The experiment station, under his direction, has issued eight annual reports and thirty-three bulletins. He is the author of the section on Cattle Feeding in the recent special report on Diseases of Cattle and Cattle Feeding, published by the Department of Agriculture, Washington.

RICHARD THEODORE ELY, Director of the School of Economics, Political Science and History, and Professor of Political Economy, was born at Ripley, Chautauqua county, New York; graduated at Columbia College, New York, in 1876, and at the Heidelberg University in 1879; received the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1876, and the Fellowship of Letters; Doctor of Philosophy at Heidelberg, 1879; D ctor of Laws, Hobart College, Geneva, New York 1892; occupied the chair of political economy at Johns Hopkins University from 1881 to 1892; was called to the University of Wisconsin in 1892 as professor of political economy and director of the School of Economics, Political Science and History; is the author of "French and German Socialism in Modern Times;" "Labor Movement in America:" "Taxation in American States and Cities;" "Problems of To-day;" "Political Economy;" "Social Aspects of Christianity." While a student at Berlin he prepared for the United State Department of State an elaborate paper on German railways; in Baltimore he was a member of the city tax commission, and for two years a member of the state tax commission of Maryland.

