Calcium and Calcium Compounds

By Avery H. Reed 1

Calcium metal was manufactured by one company in Connecticut. Calcium-magnesium chloride was produced by two companies in California and three companies

in Michigan. Synthetic calcium-magnesium chloride was manufactured by three companies, in New York, Ohio, and Washing-

DOMESTIC PRODUCTION

Pfizer, Inc., produced calcium metal at Canaan, Conn., by the Pidgeon process, in which quicklime and aluminum powder are heated in vacuum retorts. At a temperature of 1170° C, calcium vaporizes and is collected at one end of the retort.

Leslie Salt Co. and National Chloride Co. of America produced calcium-magnesium chloride from dry lake beds in San Bernardino County, Calif. Output declined 32%.

The Dow Chemical Co., Michigan Chemical Corp., and Wilkinson Chemical Corp. recovered calcium-magnesium chloride from wells in Gratiot, Lapeer, Mason, and Midland Counties, Mich. Output decreased 3%.

Total production of natural calciummagnesium chloride was 4% less than that of 1971 and was 9% below the 1969 record high.

Allied Chemical Corp., Syracuse, N.Y., PPG Industries, Inc., Barberton, Ohio, and Reichold Chemicals, Inc., Tacoma, Wash., manufactured synthetic calcium-magnesium chloride as a byproduct of soda ash. Total output decreased 2% below the 1968 record.

CONSUMPTION AND USES

Calcium metal was used as a reducing agent to separate metals such as columbium, tantalum, thorium, titanium, uranium, vanadium and zirconium from their oxides; to form alloys with aluminum, lead, lithium, magnesium, and silicon; as a scavenger in the steel industry; and in the manufacture of calcium hydride.

The principal use for calcium-magnesium chloride was to melt snow and ice from roads, streets, bridges, and pavements. It was also used to keep down dust on roads and driveways and as an accelerator for concrete.

Table 1.-Price quotations for calcium chloride

(Per short ton)

Grade	Dec. 27, 1971	Dec. 24, 1972
ake or pellet, 94–97% ¹ kke, 77–80% ¹		\$ 56.50 44.50
Powdered, 77% minimum 1	52.50	52.50 17.00
Liquor, 40% ²	780.00	780.00

Paper bags, carload lots, plant, freight equalized.
 Tank cars, freight equalized.
 225-pound drums, freight equalized.

Physical scientist, Division of Nonmetallic Minerals.

Source: Oil, Paint and Drug Reporter, v. 198, No. 26, Dec. 28, 1971; Chemical Marketing Reporter, v. 202, No. 26, Dec. 25, 1972.

PRICES AND SPECIFICATIONS

Prices for calcium metal ranged from \$1 to \$5 per pound. Calcium chloride is usually sold either as solid flake or pellet

averaging about 75% CaCl₂ or as a concentrated liquid averaging about 40% CaCl₂.

FOREIGN TRADE

Exports of calcium chloride, mainly to Canada, Mexico, the United Kingdom, Venezuela, and Sweden, were 18,750 tons valued at \$868,400. Exports of dicalcium phosphate, mainly to Mexico, Canada, Brazil, Taiwan, and Thailand, were 19,710 tons valued at \$3,277,000. Exports of precipitated calcium carbonate, mainly to Mexico, Canada, Venezuela, South Vietnam, and Honduras, were 8,940 tons valued at \$823,000.

Total imports of calcium and calcium compounds were 137,200 tons valued at \$7,291,000. Imports of calcium metal from Ontario were 124 tons valued at \$181,400. Imports of calcium chloride, mainly from

Canada and Belgium, were 6,128 tons valued at \$225,500, a decrease of 53% from those of 1971. Imports of other calcium compounds, mainly from Norway, Turkey, Belgium, France, and Canada, were 131,000 tons valued at \$6,884,000.

Imports of other calcium compounds included 46,810 tons of calcium nitrate from Norway, Trinidad, Sweden, and West Germany; 20,780 tons of whiting from France, the United Kingdom, Switzerland, and Belgium; 20,230 tons of calcium borate from Turkey; 19,580 tons of dicalcium phosphate from Belgium, Canada, West Germany, and Japan; 11,110 tons of calcium carbide from Canada; 3,165 tons of calcium

Table 2.-U.S. imports for consumption of calcium and calcium chloride

Year -	Calcium		Calcium chloride	
1 ear _	Pounds	Value	Short tons	Value
1968. 1969. 1970.	137,251 662,200 164,769 48,391	\$120,416 619,000 141,125 29,751	14,069 9,226 8,280 13,019	\$522,680 349,998 359,096 543,656
1972	248,080	181,437	6,128	225

cyanamide from Canada, Norway, West Germany, and Belgium; 2,467 tons of calcium cyanide from Canada and Japan; 1,895 tons of precipitated calcium carbonate from United Kingdom, Japan, and West Germany; 999 tons of calcium hypochlorite from Japan; 327 tons of chlorinated lime from the United Kingdom and West Germany; and 3,637 tons of miscellaneous calcium compounds.

Table 3.—U.S. imports for consumption of calcium chloride in 1972, by country

Country	Short tons	Value
Belgium-Luxembourg	964	\$44,859
Canada	4,977	169,445
France	21	1,151
Germany, West	1	783
Japan Total	6.128	9,225

WORLD REVIEW

Canada.—Chromasco Corp. Ltd., produced calcium metal at its Haley, Ontario, smelter. Canada continued to lead all other countries in the production of calcium metal; output in 1971 was 304,000 pounds

valued at \$282,000. Canada was the leading source of U.S. imports of calcium chloride.

France.—Planet-Wattohm S.A., a subsidiary of Compagnie de Mokta, produced calcium metal by the Pidgeon process.