PART VIII.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.
State Officers.
U. S. Senators.
Representatives in Congress.
State Senators.
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POLITICAL DISTRICT APPORTIONMENT, 1801.
BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

STATE OFFICERS.

GOVERNOR.

ROBERT MARION LA FOLLETTE (Rep.), was born at Primrose, Dane Co., Wis., June 14th, 1855, son of Josiah and Mary (Ferguson) La Follette. He comes from an old French Huguenot family which settled in this country more than a century ago. After attending the district school and a preparatory academy at Madison, he entered the preparatory department of the State University in 1874, graduated from the General Science course with the class of 1879 and entered the Law department the same year. In February, 1880, he passed the state bar examinations, was admitted to practice, and immediately opened an office in the city of Madison. At the ensuing election he was elected district attorney of Dane county, and was re-elected to that office in 1882, carrying Dane county by 113 votes, although all other Republican nominees in Dane county suffered defeat by about 2,000 votes. In 1884 he was elected a member of Congress from the then Third Congressional district, comprising Dane, Grant, Green, Iowa, and La Fayette counties, defeating Burr W. Jones, Democrat. He was three times elected to Congress and again renominated in 1890, but was defeated in common with most Republican nominees in the state that year. During his last term in Congress he served on the Ways and Means committee and framed several schemes of the McKinley Tariff law.

Upon his retirement from Congress Mr. La Follette entered upon the practice of his profession at Madison as the senior member of the firm of La Follette, Harper, Roe & Zimmerman. This partnership was dissolved in 1894, since which time he has practiced alone. He was elected governor in 1899, and re-elected in 1902, receiving 193,417 votes against 145,513 for David S. Rose (Dem.), 9,647 for Edwin W. Drake (Pro.), 15,875 for Emil Siedel (Soc. Dem.), and 791 for Henry E. D. Puck (Soc. Lab.).

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

JAMES O. DAVIDSON (Rep.), of Soldiers' Grove, was born in Norway, Feb. 10, 1854, and was educated in the common schools of his native country. He came to Wisconsin in 1872, residing first at Madison, later at Boscobel, and since 1877 at Soldiers' Grove. He has been engaged for twenty-three years in the mercantile business. He was president of the village of Soldiers' Grove in 1888 and 1889, treasurer in 1892 and 1893, and again in 1897 and 1898; was elected to the assembly in 1892 and re-elected in 1894 and again in 1896. He was chairman of the Republican committee of the Third Congressional district for years; was elected state treasurer in 1898 and re-elected in 1900; was elected Lieutenant Governor in 1902, receiving 194,449 votes against 125,127 for John Wattawa (Dem.), 9,471 for Wesley Mott (Pro.), 17,064 for Robert Saltiel (Soc. Dem.), and 588 for Hans Hillman (Soc. Lab.)
SECRETARY OF STATE.

WALTER L. HOUSE (Rep.), of Mondovi, Buffalo County, was born May 6th, 1855, in Tidoute, Warren County, Pennsylvania. He came to Wisconsin with his mother in 1866 and settled in Pierce County. Received a common school and academic education. He settled in Mondovi in 1875 and founded the Mondovi Herald in 1876, of which paper he is still part proprietor. He is also engaged in farming and stock raising. Besides some local offices, he has held the position of clerk of the committees on enrolled bills and judiciary in the senate, assistant chief clerk in the assembly and chief clerk of the senate. He was elected secretary of state in 1902, receiving 133,631 votes against 134,755 for Louis A. Lange (Dem.), 9,948 for John C. Martin (Pro.), 17,560 for Edward Ziegler (Soc. Dem.), and 854 for John Vierheller (Soc. Lab.).

STATE TREASURER.

JOHN J. KEMP (Rep.), of Milwaukee, is a native of the county from which he was elected, having been born in the town of Granville, in Milwaukee county, on May 4th, 1857. He is of German-French extraction, and his parents lived on one of the oldest homesteads in the state of Wisconsin, a farm located by one of the pioneers of the state. Mr. Kempf was reared on the home farm and attended the district school at Granville until he moved into the city of Milwaukee, where he completed his public schooling at the old sixth ward school, under the tutelage of the well-known Prof. Wall. After this he attended the Spencerian Business College with a view to fitting himself for the mercantile career he has since followed. Having acquired a liking for the boot and shoe business, at the age of sixteen Mr. Kempf entered the employ of a Milwaukee firm and continued in the service of the same firm until he attained to his majority, when he started the store which he now owns. Mr. Kempf secured his first public office in 1887, when he was elected alderman of the sixth ward. During his term as alderman, he received the honor of appointment by the mayor to the Library Board, and served on the Finance committee of the Board. After serving but one year of his aldermanic term, he was nominated senator of the Fourth Senatorial district, and he thenceupon resigned from the common council to make the run for senator, to which position he was elected over three opposing candidates. He served four years as state senator. In 1894, he received the Republican nomination for register of deeds of Milwaukee County and was elected to that office by the largest plurality on the county ticket, running about 1,100 votes ahead of any other candidate. He was the last register to serve under the old fee system. Since 1900, up to the present year, Mr. Kempf has been a member of the Republican State Central Committee. He was elected state treasurer in 1902, receiving 133,597 votes against 134,343 for Ed. L. Luckow (Dem.), 8,725 for Henry A. Russell (Pro.), 17,589 for Henry J. Ammann (Soc. Dem.), and 906 for N. E. Hanson (Soc. Lab.).

ATTORNEY GENERAL.

LAFAYETTE M. STURDEVANT (Rep.), of Neillsville, was born Sept. 17, 1856, in Chandler's Valley, Pa. He came to Wisconsin in 1865 and settled in the town of Pine Valley, Clark county. He grew to manhood upon the farm and was educated in the schools of his county. By strict application to his studies he was able to secure a certificate to teach, and from 1872 to 1873 taught school and studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1873. He held the office of district attorney of his county four years, 1884, 1885, 1890, and 1891, and was chairman of the Clark County Republican committee from 1891 to 1896. He was elected to the assembly from Clark county in 1898, and re-elected in 1900; was elected attorney general in 1902, receiving 193,453 votes against 134,001 for O. R. Shier (Dem.), 9,617 for C. L. Allen (Pro.), 17,484 for Richard Eisner (Soc. Dem.), and 909 for Paul Fischer (Soc. Lab.).
BIographical Sketches.

State Superintendent.

C. P. Cary (Rep.), was born in southern Ohio, Jan. 28, 1856. His mother was of German descent and his father was directly related to the English political economist, Henry Cary. From the time he arrived at school age till he was seventeen, he worked on his father's farm in summer and attended the district school in winter. At the age of seventeen he began to teach district school in winter and continued working on the farm in summer. In 1877 he entered the Ohio Central Normal School and was graduated in 1879. After this he taught for seven years as principal of graded schools in Ohio and in Kansas, and served during most of this period as county examiner of teachers and instructor in teachers' institutes. In 1886 he was elected county superintendent of schools in Brown county, Kansas, but declined renomination for a second term, and accepted the position of superintendent and high school principal at Fairbury, Nebraska. This position he resigned in the summer of 1893 to accept the position of instructor in pedagogy and principal of the training department of the Milwaukee State Normal School. This position he resigned in the summer of 1895 to accept the position of superintendent of the Wisconsin School for the Deaf at Delavan, Wis. This position he resigned in the fall of 1902 to accept the nomination for the office of state superintendent of public instruction. He holds a life certificate to teach in the schools of Nebraska, also in Wisconsin, and is a graduate of the University of Chicago, class of '83. He is an active member of the National Educational Association, and a member of the National Society for the Scientific Study of Education, and has devoted his life to the study of all the sciences and arts that bear upon the problems of education; was elected superintendent of public instruction in 1902, receiving 198,650 votes against 149,514 votes for Karl Mathe (Dem.), 12,616 for Joseph V. Collins (Pro.), 17,504 for Edwin R. Evans (Soc. Dem.), and 901 for J. H. Beekman (Soc. Lab.).

Railroad Commissioner.

John W. Thomas (Rep.), of Chippewa Falls, was born in Wales, March 31, 1846, coming to this country with his parents in 1848. His first residence was in Tioga county, Pennsylvania. He received a common school education. He was left an orphan at the age of seven, and he came to Wisconsin in 1857 with a family of friends with whom he settled in the town of Anson. He is a farmer and dairyman by occupation, and received first premium on wheat and dairy butter at the world's fair. He enlisted in February, 1864, in the Thirty-Sixth Wisconsin Volunteers, serving to the end of the war. He participated in the brilliant service of his regiment in Grant's campaign of 1864, before Richmond and Petersburg. He was town clerk seven years, secretary of the school board for three years, and served four years as town treasurer, two years as supervisor and ten years as town clerk. He was chairman of the county board for two years, was elected county treasurer in 1894, and was defeated for re-election in 1896 by a small majority, receiving over five hundred votes more than Governor Rusk in the county. He was president of the Chippewa county Agricultural Society in 1883, and has served eight years as secretary. He was treasurer of the Eagle Point Insurance company two years and director for 21, which position he now holds. He has become by his long service and intimate connection with local affairs, an expert in town and county matters. In 1897 he was appointed by the governor a member of the State Board of Agriculture, and reappointed in 1899 for three years. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, re-elected in 1896 and in 1898 and again in 1900 for a fourth consecutive term. During his service in the assembly he was a member of the committee on Railroads, serving as chairman the last two terms and was the author of several laws to regulate railroads. He was elected railroad commissioner in 1902, receiving 189,965 votes against 128,439 for W. A. Redner (Dem.), 9,428 for John W. Evans (Pro.) 17,817 for Oscar L. Lowry (Soc. Dem.), and 866 for August Simons (Soc. Lab.).
INSURANCE COMMISSIONER.

ZENO M. HOST (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born of German parentage in Lyons, Walworth county, Wisconsin, on July 1st, 1869. In February, 1883, he removed with his parents to Milwaukee. With the exception of two terms of night school at the Spencerian Business College of Milwaukee, he received his education in the public schools of Walworth county.

At the age of fourteen he found employment in a spice mill and afterwards as clerk in a retail grocery store. In November, 1884, he was employed as office boy in a wholesale and retail coal company's office, and worked himself up step by step until he was given the position of head bookkeeper which he held until July 1st, 1891. September 1st, 1891, he became bookkeeper for a building and loan association, where he remained until December 31st, 1894. In the winter of '95 he organized the Wisconsin National Loan & Building Association and was made a director and its secretary, which position he still holds. In 1896 he began writing fire insurance in connection with the building and loan business. In August, 1900, he was chosen secretary of the Republican State Central Committee for a term of two years. He never held public office but was very active in fraternal organizations. From June 17, 1901, to June 17, 1902, he was Grand Chancellor of the Knights of Pythias of Wisconsin and is now High Treasurer of the Independent Order of Foresters, as well as Assistant Adjutant General on the staff of Gen. Charlton D. Lisle, Commander of Wisconsin Brigade, Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias. He was elected commissioner of insurance November 4, 1902, receiving 102,036 votes against 133,426 for Wm. H. Ferber (Dem.), 9,456 for H. H. Moe (Pro.), 17,171 for Arnold Zander (Sec. Dem.), and 874 for Oliver Maury (Sec. Labor).

MEMBERS OF THE FIFTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS.

UNITED STATES SENATORS.

JOHN C. SPOONER (Rep.), of Madison, was born at Lawrenceburg, Dearborn county, Ind., Jan. 6, 1843: removed with his father's family to Wisconsin and settled at Madison June 1, 1859; graduated at the state university in 1864; was private in Company D, Fortieth regiment, and captain of Company A, Fifteenth regiment, Wisconsin infantry volunteers; was brevetted major at the close of service; was private and military secretary of Gov. Lucius Fairchild, of Wisconsin; was admitted to the bar in 1867, and served as assistant attorney general of the state until 1870, when he removed to Hudson, where he practiced law from 1870 until 1884; was member of the assembly from St. Croix county in 1872; member of the board of regents of the Wisconsin university; was elected United States senator to succeed Angus Cameron (Rep.), for the term beginning March 4, 1853; was succeeded as United States senator by W. P. Vilas March 4, 1851; was nominated as republican candidate for governor of Wisconsin in 1892, but was defeated; removed from Hudson to Madison in 1893 where he practiced law until re-elected United States senator for the term beginning March 4, 1897, succeeding W. F. Vilas (Dem.). In 1898 was tendered the position of Secretary of the Interior, and in 1901 the attorney generalship in McKinley's cabinet, both of which were declined; was elected to succeed himself in the United States senate in 1903 for the term beginning March 4, 1903. His term will expire March 4, 1909.

JOSEPH VERY QUARLES (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born at Kenosha, Wis., (then Southport), Dec. 16, 1843. In 1862 he entered the University of Michigan, but interrupted his course of study in the spring of 1864 to enter the army as
private in the 39th Wisconsin volunteers. He was mustered out as First Lieutenant, Co. C, and returned to his studies, graduating in 1866. He then studied law, and in 1868 formed at Kenosha a partnership with Mr. O. S. Head, one of the oldest and ablest practitioners of the state. Mr. Quarles was district attorney for Kenosha county for six years, mayor of Kenosha in 1876, member of the assembly in 1879, and state senator from 1880–1882. In the United States senatorial contest of 1881 Mr. Quarles received a very flattering vote, but insisted on having his name withdrawn. At the expiration of his term of office he moved to Racine, Wis., where he entered into partnership with the present justice of the Supreme court, John B. Winslow. Six years later he made Milwaukee his home, and there organized the law firm of Quarles, Spence & Quarles, of which he is the senior member. Mr. Quarles was elected to the United States senate and entered upon his duties March 4, 1899. His term will expire March 4, 1905.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.


HENRY ALLEN COORER (Rep.), of Racine, was born in Walworth county, Wis.; received a common school and collegiate education, graduating at the Northwestern University in 1873, and from the Union College of Law in 1875; is by profession a lawyer; resided in Chicago from 1873 to 1879; otherwise has always resided in Wisconsin; began practice in Burlington, Racine county, in 1879; in 1890 was elected district attorney; re-elected without opposition in 1882 and 1884; state senator in 1886; was elected member of Congress in 1892, 1894, 1896, 1898 and again in 1902, receiving 20,437 votes against 12,122 for Lewis C. Baker (Dem.) and 1,111 for Thos. W. North (Pro.).

SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Adams, Columbia, Dane, Green Lake, Jefferson and Marquette Counties. Population. 1900—170,792.

HENRY CULLEN ADAMS (Rep.) was born in Verona, Oneida county, N. Y., Nov. 28, 1850, and came with his parents to Wisconsin the following year; received his education in the common schools, Albion Academy and the University of Wisconsin; later he engaged in dairying and fruit raising; was elected member of assembly in 1883 and re-elected in 1885; during the winters of 1887, 1888 and 1889 took an active part in the Wisconsin Farmers’ Institutes throughout the state; was president of the State Dairymen’s Association three years; secretary of the State Horticultural Society two years; was appointed by Gov. Hoard superintendent of public property in 1888; was appointed dairy and food commissioner in 1895 and served until May 1, 1902, when he resigned to become a candidate for congress; was elected to the 58th Congress, receiving 17,519 votes against 14,483 for John J. Wood (Dem.), and 1,182 for C. F. Crenk (Pro.).

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Crawford, Grant, Iowa, Juneau, Richland, Sauk and Vernon Counties. Population in 1900—180,750.

JOSEPH WEEKS BABCOCK, of Necedah, was born in Swanton, Vt., March 6, 1850; removed with his parents to Iowa in 1855; was educated at Mount
Vernon and Cedar Falls; removed from Iowa in 1881, settling in Necedah, where he has since resided, being engaged in the manufacture of lumber until 1808, when the timber became exhausted; was elected to Wisconsin assembly in 1883 and re-elected in 1890; was elected to congress in 1892, 1894, 1896, 1898, 1900, and again in 1902, receiving 10,465 votes against 11,155 for Jackson Silbaugh (Dem.) and 1,356 for Edward Owens (Pro.); was elected chairman of national republican congressional committee in 1894, and conducted that campaign, as well as the campaigns of 1896, 1898, 1900 and 1902; was appointed chairman of the committee on the District of Columbia in fifty-fourth, fifty-fifth, fifty-sixth, and fifty-seventh congresses, and appointed a member of the ways and means committee in fifty-sixth and fifty-seventh congresses.

FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

The 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 7th, 8th, 11th, 12th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th and 23d wards of the city of Milwaukee, and the towns of Franklin, Greenfield, Lake, Oak Creek and Wauwatosa, the village of Cudahy, the cities of South Milwaukee and Wauwatosa in Milwaukee county. Population in 1900—1,835,340.

THEOBALD OTTEN (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born Oct. 27, 1851, at West China, Mich. He was educated at an academy at Marine City, Mich., and at a private school in Detroit. He graduated from the Michigan University law department in 1875. He resided at Milwaukee from 1870 to 1872, and has resided there continuously since 1882. He was yard foreman of the rolling mills during the former period, and since 1875 has been an attorney at law. He was the village attorney of Bay View, Wisconsin, from 1883 to 1886, alderman of Milwaukee and member of the Milwaukee public library and museum board from April, 1887, to April, 1894. He was elected to the house of representatives in 1894, 1896, 1898, 1900 and 1902, receiving 15,101 votes against 13,468 votes for John F. Donovan (Dem.), and 5,167 votes for H. W. Bestorius (Sec. Dem.).

FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

The 1st, 6th, 9th, 10th, 13th, 15th, 19th, 20th, 21st and 22d wards of the city of Milwaukee, the towns of Granville and Milwaukee, the villages of East Milwaukee, North Milwaukee and Whitefish Bay, in Milwaukee county, and the county of Waukesha. Population, 1900—181,706.

WILLIAM H. STAFFORD, the representative from the fifth congressional district, is a native of Milwaukee. He attended the Milwaukee public schools, and later attended Harvard college and Harvard law school, from which he was graduated. Since his graduation he has practiced law in Milwaukee. He was elected to congress in 1902 by 4,000 plurality, receiving 14,971 votes to 10,971 votes for Henry Smith, democratic nominee, and 6,060 votes for Henry C. Berger, social democratic nominee.

SIXTH DISTRICT.


CHAS. H. WEISSE (Dem.) was born in Sheboygan Falls Oct. 24, 1860; received his education in the parochial and high schools of his native city; entered his father's tannery in 1880 and became a partner in the firm of Chas. W. Weisse & Co., tanners and curriers, in 1888; was chairman of the county board of supervisors of Sheboygan county in 1900; was elected president of the village of Sheboygan Falls in 1893 and re-elected for three successive terms; served three years as treasurer of school board of Sheboygan Falls; was defeated for congress in 1900 by S. S. Barney; was elected to congress in 1902, receiving 17,991 votes against 14,575 votes for W. H. Froehlich (Rep.), and 1,564 for J. P. Wilson (Sec. Dem.).
SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Buffalo, Clark, Eau Claire, Jackson, La Crosse, Monroe, Pepin and Trempealeau counties. Population in 1900—193,890.

J. JACOB ESCU (Rep.), of La Crosse, was born near Norwalk, Monroe county, Wis., March 20, 1861. He was educated in the public schools of Milwaukee and Sparta, Wis.; entered the State University in 1878, and graduated from the modern classical course in 1882. The next four years he spent in reading law and teaching at Sparta; was offered the principalship of the high school, but declined and entered the University Law School, graduating in the class of 1887. From this time to the present he has been engaged in the practice of law at La Crosse as a member of the firm of Winter, Esch & Winter, now Winter & Esch. In 1888 he organized the Sparta Rifles, afterwards known as Co. I, 3d Regiment W. N. G., at La Crosse, and was at one time its captain. Never held but one elective office, that of city treasurer of Sparta, and this for only one year. Has always been a republican. In 1898 and 1900 he was elected to congress, and again in 1902, receiving 18,494 votes against 9,543 for Wm. Cornelian (Dem.), and 925 for F. R. Sebenthal (Pro.).

EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT

Calumet, Manitowoc, Portage, Waupaca, Waushara and Winnebago counties. Population in 1900—194,634.

JAMES H. DAVISON (Rep.), was born June 18, 1858, in Colchester, Delaware county, N. Y.; received a common school education in the public schools and at Walton Academy, Walton, N. Y.; was a teacher in the public schools of Delaware and Sullivan counties, N. Y., for several years, and for one year was engaged in the same occupation at Princeton, Green Lake county, Wis. He began the study of law at Walton, N. Y., and graduated from the Albany Law School as president of the class in 1884. Subsequently removed to Green Lake county, Wis., and commenced the practice of law in that county in 1887; was elected district attorney of Green Lake county in 1888, and in 1890 was chosen chairman of the republican congressional committee for the sixth district of Wisconsin, and continued in that position until he was nominated for congress on Aug. 20, 1896. On Jan. 1, 1892, he removed to Oshkosh, and became a member of the law firm of Thompson, Harshaw & Davison, which partnership continued for three years, when he withdrew and continued the practice alone. In May, 1895, he was appointed city attorney of that city for a term of two years. He was elected to congress in 1896, 1898, 1900 and in 1902, receiving 19,553 votes against 12,651 for Thomas H. Patterson (Dem.), 733 for Joseph Mathews (Pro.), and 580 for Charles C. Prain ( Soc.).

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Brown, Door, Kewaunee, Marinette, Oconto and Outagamie counties. Population in 1900—170,097.

EDWARD S. MINOR (Rep.), of Sturgeon Bay, was born in Jefferson county, N. Y., in 1840. He came with his parents to Wisconsin in 1845, first settling in the town of Greenfield, Milwaukee county. In 1857 he removed to Door county. He received his education in the common schools and at a private academy. In 1861 he enlisted as a private soldier in Company G, 2d Wisconsin volunteer cavalry, participating in all the raids, expeditions, engagements and battles in which the regiment took part during the war. He was promoted to corporal, second and first lieutenant, and as such was mustered out with his regiment, December, 1865. After his return home from the army he became a merchant in Door county. He continued in this business till the spring of 1884, at which time he was appointed superintendent of the Sturgeon Bay and
Lake Michigan Ship Canal, which position he held for seven years. Mr. Minor was elected to the Wisconsin assembly in 1878, and was re-elected in 1880 and 1881. He was elected to the state senate in 1883 and 1885, and was president pro tempore of that body during the latter term. He was also a member of the Wisconsin fish commission for four years. He has held numerous local offices at various times and was mayor of the city of Sturgeon Bay in 1895. He was elected to congress in 1894, 1896, 1898, 1900 and again in 1902, receiving 15,058 votes against 11,470 for Edward Decker (Dem.), and 518 for T. W. Lomas (Pro.).

TENTH DISTRICT.


WEBSTER E. BROWN (Rep.), of Rhinelander, was born in Madison county, N. Y., July 16, 1851; came with his parents to Wisconsin in 1857, living for a time in Columbia county, then moving to Portage county, where he lived on a farm till seventeen years of age, receiving an elementary education in the common schools of this county; later he took preparatory studies at Lawrence University, Appleton, Wis., and a business course at the Spenserian Business College, Milwaukee; in 1870 entered the University of Wisconsin at Madison, and graduated with the class of 1874; in 1875 entered the lumber business with his brother in Stevens Point; transferred their business to Rhinelander in 1882, operating at the present time as Brown Brothers Lumber Company. Was elected to congress in 1900, and again in 1902, receiving 19,554 votes against 14,837 for Burt Williams (Dem.), and 659 for W. D. Badger (Pro.).

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.


JOHN J. JENKINS (Rep.), of Chippewa Falls, was born in Weymouth, England, August 20, 1843; settled in Baraboo, Wis., in 1852; attended the common schools a few terms; served during the war in Company A, Sixth Wisconsin volunteers; clerk of the circuit court of Baraboo, Sauk county; city clerk and city attorney of Chippewa Falls; member of assembly from Chippewa county; also county judge; appointed United States attorney of the Territory of Wyoming by President Grant in 1876; was elected to the 54th, 55th, 56th, and 57th congresses and re-elected to the 58th congress, receiving 19,320 votes against 8,261 for Joseph A. Rene (Dem.), and 1,077 for M. Y. Cliff (Pro.).
THE WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

The senate is composed of thirty-three members, who hold office for four years and receive $500 each for their services at each regular session. Members of the senate, session of 1903, representing odd-numbered districts, were elected in 1902. Their terms will end Jan. 1, 1907. Those representing even-numbered districts were elected in 1900. Their terms will end Jan. 1, 1905. The lieutenant-governor is president of the senate, but can vote only in case of a tie. A temporary president, to act in the absence of the president, is chosen by the members of the senate. The senate of 1903 contains 36 Republicans and 8 Democrats. Lieutenant-Governor James O. Davidson, president; James J. McGillivray, president pro tem.; Theo. W. Goldin, chief clerk; Sandfield Macdonald, sergeant-at-arms.

FIRST SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Door, Kewaunee and Marinette counties. Population in 1900—65,617.

HARLAN PAGE BIRD (Rep.), of Wausaukee, was born in Bradford county, Pa., sixty years ago. He was educated in the common schools and in his early life engaged successively in school teaching, land surveying and bookkeeping. His employments led him to Brooklyn, N. Y., and from there he emigrated to the lumber woods of Wisconsin. Upon the breaking out of the civil war he enlisted in 1861 in the 12th Wisconsin infantry and served with credit, receiving a gunshot wound during the advance upon Vicksburg; he was mustered out in 1865 and immediately engaged in lumbering and mercantile pursuits. He was elected to the state senate in the fall of 1902, receiving 6,042 votes against 3,343 votes cast for Charles Metzer (Dem.), and 208 for J. J. Sherman (Pro.).

SECOND SENATORIAL DISTRICT.


HENRY F. HAGEMEISTER (Rep.), of Green Bay, Brown county, is a native of Wisconsin. He was born in Green Bay, Nov. 13, 1855, and was educated in the parochial and public schools of that city. He is president and manager of the Hagemeister Brewing Company of Green Bay and president of Kellogg's National Bank. He has served his city in the capacity of alderman and supervisor and in 1892 was elected a member of the assembly as a democrat, and was re-elected in 1894. In the election for state senator, Nov. 6, 1900, on the Republican ticket, he received 7,205 votes against 5,231 cast for John Grosse (Dem.).

THIRD SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Kenosha and Racine counties. Population, 1900—67,351.

OTIS WELLS JOHNSON (Rep.), of Racine, Wisconsin, was born in Sagutuck, Michigan, March 12, 1853; was educated in the public schools there and at Racine, and later attended Farmington in Maine. Was first employed in St. Ignace in the lumber business, later for a while in a Chicago lumber yard, and afterwards again at St. Ignace, Mich., where he resided until he came to Racine in about 1890 and engaged in the manufacture of farm wagons. Was elected in 1902 to the state senate, receiving 6,063 votes against 6,023 votes cast for Michael Higgins (Dem.), and 311 votes for James F. Corse (Pro.).
FOURTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

The 1st, 13th, 18th and 21st wards of the city of Milwaukee, the towns of Grangeville and Milwaukee, and the villages of North Milwaukee, East Milwaukee and Whitefish Bay. Population, 1906—61,035.

J. HERBERT GREEN (Rep.), was born Sept. 7, 1860, in Fond du Lac, Wis. Was educated in the public schools at Oshkosh; moved from Fond du Lac to Oshkosh in 1881, to Chicago in 1889 and to Milwaukee in 1884; was general salesman in wholesale dry good house in Chicago from 1889 to 1888. Opened business in Milwaukee as a retail dry goods merchant in 1888, retiring from that business in 1897, and is now engaged in the manufacturing business. Was a member of the Milwaukee county Republican committee in 1896. He was elected to the state senate in 1896, and was re-elected in 1900, receiving 6,237 votes against Joseph A. Meyers (Dem.), who received 4,023 votes, and H. G. Hanson (Soc. Dem.), who received 947 votes.

FIFTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

The 2d, 3d, 4th, 6th, 7th, 15th, and 16th wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—69,196.

CHARLES CASSIUS ROGERS (Rep.) was born Dec. 15th, 1849, at Cambridge, Maine, and was educated at Elibie Military Academy, Poughkeepsie, N. Y. Was professor of mathematics in Eastman College and president of Association for Advancement of Milwaukee and is a member of Milwaukee Chamber of Commerce. He made his first canvass for public office in the fall of 1902 and was elected state senator, receiving 7,380 votes against 5,739 votes cast for A. Huebschmann (Dem.), and 1,758 votes cast for Vit Peterson.

SIXTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

The 9th, 10th, 19th, 20th, and 22d wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—71,771.

RIP REUKEMA (Rep.) was born April 23d, 1857, in Milwaukee; was educated in the public schools of that city; is a lawyer by profession, having been admitted to practice in open court upon examination March 7, 1881; has twice been elected justice of the peace, and was member of assembly for 1892-1893; director Milwaukee school board, 1897-1899, and member of school board commission, 1901-1902; is treasurer of Milwaukee Bar association and a director of the Citizens' Loan & Trust Co. In 1902 was elected to the state senate, receiving 5,342 votes against 3,154 for Moritz Wittig (Dem.), and 4,015 for Robert Miller (Soc. Dem.).

SEVENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

The 14th and 17th wards of the city of Milwaukee, the towns of Franklin, Greenfield, Lake, Oak Creek and Wauwatosa, the village of Cudahy and the cities of South Milwaukee and Wauwatosa. Population, 1900—63,533.

BARNEY AUGUSTUS EATON (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born October 29, 1853, in the town of Lake, Milwaukee county, and received a common school and business education in Milwaukee; has resided in Milwaukee county, excepting five years, from 1873 to 1878, when he was a resident of Georgetown, Colo.: is a farmer and small fruit grower by occupation; represented his district in the assembly in 1894; was president of the village of Cudahy in 1895-96; president of the Cudahy school board in 1895; director of the Town of Lake Fire Insurance company six years and served as school director twelve years. He
was elected to the assembly in 1894 and 1896, and to the state senate in 1898, and re-elected in 1902, receiving 4,142 votes against 4,148 votes cast for Thos. J. Flemming (Dem.), and 1,328 votes cast for Frank Conine (Soc. Dem.).

EIGHTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

The 5th, 8th, 11th, 12th, and 23rd wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—64,482.

JULIUS EDWARD ROEHR (Rep.) was born March 6, 1860, in Brooklyn, N. Y.; was educated in the public schools of Brooklyn and Milwaukee, and attended the Wisconsin University at Madison from 1870 to 1881, graduating therefrom in June, 1881; came to Wisconsin in May, 1873, settling in Milwaukee, where he has since resided; has practiced law since 1881; was nominated for member of assembly by the republicans of the Eighth assembly district in 1892, and was defeated by the Bennett law issue; in the spring of 1892 he was nominated on the Republican ticket for judge of the superior court, but was defeated by Judge John C. Ludwig; was appointed circuit court commissioner for Milwaukee county by Judge D. H. Johnson in 1888 and re-appointed in 1894 and re-appointed in 1900; represented the Fourth congressional district at the Republican national convention at St. Louis in 1896; was elected to the senate in 1896, and was a member of the legislative committee which revised the statutes known as "the Statutes of 1898." In 1900 he was again elected to the state senate, receiving 6,496 votes against 5,236 for Joseph Deuster (Dem.), and 910 for Edward F. Meines (Soc. Dem.).

NINTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.


HERMAN C. WIPPERMAN (Rep.) was born in 1853 in the town of Moselle, Sheboygan county, Wis., and was reared there on his father's farm. He received a common school education, and after leaving school learned the carpenter's trade. In 1871 he removed from the place of his birth to the city of Chilton, Calumet county, where together with his brother he conducted a furniture business until 1886, at which time he took up the study of law in the law office of A. A. Nagent, in Chilton. In 1888 he entered the law school of the University of Wisconsin and graduated with the class of 1889. He practiced law in the city of Chilton until August, 1891, when he removed to Grand Rapids. He held the office of city attorney from 1893 to 1895 and was twice elected mayor of Grand Rapids. In 1894 he was elected member of the assembly from Wood county and in 1896 was re-elected. In 1900 he was elected district attorney for Wood county, and in 1902 was elected state senator, receiving 7,328 votes against 3,575 votes for Edward Lynch (Dem.).

TENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Pierce and St. Croix counties. Population, 1900—50,773.

ORVILLE W. MOSHER (Rep.) was born Nov. 8th, 1853, near Wapun, in Dodge county, Wis. He was educated in country schools and the Waupun High school, and graduated from the classical course at Ripon College in 1870. He was principal of the high school at New Richmond, Wis., from 1870 to 1883. From 1883 to date he has been engaged in milling and dealing in grain and farm produce. He was president of the New Richmond school board for nine years. He was elected trustee of St. Croix county asylum for the insane at its opening in 1896 and unanimously re-elected in 1897 and in 1900. He was elected to the assembly from St. Croix county in 1898, and to the senate Nov. 6th, 1900, receiving 6,698 votes against 3,300 votes for F. B. Saxton (Dem.).
ELEVENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.


GEORGE B. HUDNALL (Rep.) was born at Rural, Waupaca county, Wis., Jan. 9, 1864. He was educated in the district and high schools and at the Wisconsin University law school, class of 1891. Lived on a farm until twenty-four years old when he engaged in teaching and took up the study of law. Was assistant city attorney of Superior from 1900 to May, 1902. He was nominated and elected state senator in 1902, receiving 5,531 votes against 8 scattering votes, there being no nomination against him.

TWELFTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Bayfield, Price, Sawyer, Taylor and Washburn counties. Population, 1900—61,656.

WILLIAM O'NEILL (Rep.), of Washburn, Bayfield county, was born in the town of Scott, Columbia county, Wis., Sept. 29, 1848. He attended public school in Columbia county until 13 years of age. In the fall of 1861 he enlisted in the Thirteenth U. S. infantry, in which he served until March, 1862, when he was discharged for disability. In June, 1862, he enlisted in the Twentieth regiment, Wisconsin volunteer infantry, and served until the close of the war of the Rebellion, participating in all engagements in which that regiment took part. From 1865 to 1872 he traveled throughout the country, finally settling at Chippewa Falls. In 1880 he moved to Eau Claire and in 1886 he moved to Washburn, where he engaged in mercantile business. In 1887 he was elected chairman of the town board and was twice re-elected. In 1892 he was elected member of the assembly and re-elected in 1894. In 1900 he was elected to the state senate, receiving 11,129 votes against 4,236 for Henry Lefremere (Dem.). Mr. O'Neill served as captain of Co. K, 4th Wis. Vol. Inf., in the Spanish-American war.

THIRTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Dodge county—Population, 1900—46,631.

WILLIAM CAMPBELL NORTH (Dem.) was born in Dodge county, Wis., June 21st, 1859, and was educated in the common schools of Dodge county, finally studying law in the law office of Hon. Chas. Allen of Horicon. He was admitted to the bar in 1880 and entered upon the practice of his profession at Chillicothe, Missouri, but after three years returned to Dodge county and in 1895 opened an office in Fox Lake, his present home and place of business. He was elected to the senate in 1902, receiving 5,065 votes against 2,976 votes cast for M. P. Elkington (Rep.), and 164 votes for B. F. Sawyer (Pro.).

FOURTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Outagamie and Shawano counties. Population, 1900—73,722.

T. A. WILLY (Rep.), of the city of Appleton, was born April 16, 1845, at Somersetshire, England, and came to America in 1856, settling in the city of Appleton, where he has since resided. He was educated in the common schools of England, and was engaged as a miller and buyer of grain from 1856 to 1870; from 1870 to 1878 he was a manufacturer of staves and lumber, and also a dealer in merchandise. In 1878 he returned to his former occupation, which he has since followed. He was elected to the assembly in 1898. In 1900 he was elected to the senate, receiving 8,285 votes, against 5,747 for Herman Melsen (Dem.).
FIFTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Calumet and Manitowoc counties. Population, 1900—59,339.

SAMUEL W. RANDOLPH (Dem.) was born December 8th, 1872, at Manitowoc, Wis., and was educated in the First Ward public school of that city. For a number of years he has been interested in navigation of the Great Lakes and represents several transportation companies. Was appointed harbor master, January, 1902, to fill the unexpired term and reappointed for a full term in April, 1902. He was elected state senator Nov. 4, 1902, receiving 4,758 votes against 4,615 votes for Wm. N. Knauf (Rep.), and 531 votes for A. L. Rocker (Sec. Dem.).

SIXTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Crawford and Grant counties. Population, 1900—56,167.

EDWARD EUGENE BURNS (Rep.), of Platteville, Grant county, is a native of Illinois. He was born Jan. 20, 1858, at what is now East Dubuque. In the year of his birth his parents moved to Jamestown, Grant county, Wisconsin, and settled on a farm where he grew up. He is a lawyer; was educated in the common schools, the Platteville Normal school, and the University of Wisconsin, graduating in the law class of 1887. After graduating from the University he practiced law one year in Roseville, and moved to Platteville December 1, 1890, where he has since lived. He was elected a member of the county board in 1895 and 1896, and city attorney of Platteville in 1897 and 1898, resigning on entering the army he was again elected in 1890. He served in the Spanish-American war as captain of Co. C, of the 4th Wis. Inf. Vols., from June 30, 1898, to Feb. 28, 1899. He was elected to the state senate on Nov. 6, 1899, receiving 8,819 votes against 5,024 for William Synou (Dem.), and 440 for John W. Horsetail (Pro.).

SEVENTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Green, Iowa and Lafayette counties. Population, 1900—68,792.

HARRY CHAPMAN MARTIN (Rep.), of Darlington, Lafayette county, was born at Darlington, Dec. 13, 1854, and received his early education in the public schools of that place, after which he taught school for one year and then attended the University of Wisconsin, from which he graduated in 1879. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1881, and has since practiced law at Darlington. Soon after his admission to the bar he was appointed county superintendent of schools of Lafayette county, and was twice thereafter elected to that office. In 1887 he was elected mayor of the city of Darlington and was re-elected in 1888. He was city attorney for several years thereafter and was elected district attorney of Lafayette county in 1892; was a member of the Republican State Central committee for four years; was elected to the assembly in 1895 to fill vacancy occasioned by the death of James Freeman; was elected to the state senate in 1898 and re-elected in 1902, receiving 7,236 votes against 5,643 votes cast for Geo. W. Crawford (Dem.).

EIGHTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Fond du Lac and Green Lake counties. Population, 1900—63,386.

ELMER D. MORSE (Rep.), of Princeton, Green Lake county, was born at Madison, N. Y., April 6, 1844. He came to Wisconsin with his parents three years later and settled in what is now Princeton, Green Lake county. He received a common school education, entered the army in 1861, serving four years, and attended school one year after being mustered out. He has since been en-
gaged in the lumber, grain and produce business. At the organization of the Princeton State bank in 1893 he was elected vice-president and has since been made its president. When the Montello State bank was organized, a few years later, he was elected its president. While he had always taken an active part in politics, he had never held a political office, until he was elected to the state senate, receiving 8,266 votes against Louis A. Lange (Dem.), who received 6,793 votes.

NINETEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Winnebago county. Population, 1900—58,225.

CHRISTIAN SARAUS (Rep.), of Oshkosh, Wisconsin, was born in Segeberg, Holstein, Germany, June 7, 1839, and received a common school education in Manitowoc county and at Oshkosh. He came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1849, settling on a farm in the town of Mishicot, Manitowoc county, removing to Oshkosh in 1854, where he has resided since. He was admitted to the bar in 1875. In 1861 he was chosen assessor, holding the office six years, and in 1866 was elected Justice, which office he has held constantly since, and was appointed court commissioner in 1868. He was a member of the assembly in 1889; was chairman of the committee on Federal Relations, and a member of the committee on Cities, and was re-elected in 1900, being a member of the same committees. In 1902 he was elected to the state senate, receiving 6,167 votes against 4,702 for A. C. McComb (Dem.), and 314 votes for John T. Davis (Pro.).

TWENTIETH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.


GEORGE W. WOLFF (Rep.), of Rhine, Wisconsin, was born in the town of Rhine, Sheboygan county, April 7, 1849, and has since resided there. He received a common school education, and has always followed the occupation of a farmer. He has served as chairman of his town and county boards for several terms, and as a member of the assembly for the years 1895 and 1897, and was elected to the state senate in 1900, receiving 7,229 votes against 6,154 votes for H. D. Bolens (Dem.), and 820 votes for H. J. Brecht (Soc. Dem.).

TWENTY-FIRST SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Portage and Waupaca counties. Population, 1900—61,698.

WILLIAM H. PATTON (Rep.), of New London, Waupaca county, is a native of the state of New York. He is a lumberman. In 1898 he was elected to the state senate to represent the Twentieth district and re-elected in 1902, receiving 6,170 votes against 3,238 votes cast for Chas. F. Crane (Dem.).

TWENTY-SECOND SENATORIAL DISTRICT.


JOHN M. WHITEHEAD (Rep.) was born July 29, 1852, on a farm near Hillsboro, Ill. He was educated at Hillsboro Academy, preparatory department of Winbush College, Crawfordsville, Ind. (1871–2), Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Mass. (1872–3), Yale College (1873–77), where he took the degree of A. B. He studied law and was admitted to the bar of Illinois in October, 1880, and to the bar of Wisconsin in September, 1883. He came to Wisconsin in August, 1883, settling at Janesville, where he has since resided. Has been a member of the county board of Rock county, representing the fourth ward of Janesville. Was elected to the state senate in 1893, and again in 1900, receiving 6,752 votes against 4,438 cast for Alexander Buchanan (Dem.), and 378 for George J. Kellogg (Pro.).
TWENTY-THIRD SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Jefferson and Walworth counties. Population, 1900—64,048.

ZADOC P. BEACH (Rep.) was born at Whitewater, Wis., Jan. 21, 1861. Was educated in the common and normal schools. Has been engaged in cold storage and creamery business and is president of Union Produce company. Was a member of the board of aldermen of Whitewater from 1888 to 1894 and mayor of the city in 1895 and 1896. Was appointed member of the board of regents of normal schools in 1898 and on reorganization of the board was re-appointed for five years, term expiring in 1903. Was elected state senator in 1902, receiving 5,661 votes against 4,864 votes for O. J. Kerschensteiner (Dem.), and 446 votes for Wm. E. Mack (Pro.).

TWENTY-FOURTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Chippewa, Eau Claire and Dunn counties. Population, 1900—64,729.

FRANK McDONOUGH (Rep.), of Eau Claire, is a native of Canada, where he was born in 1846. In 1853 he came to Eau Claire, where he has since resided. He is a manufacturer and has been prominently identified with public affairs in Eau Claire, notably the school board, the common council and the board of trade. He was elected to the assembly in 1892 and in 1900 was elected to the state senate by a plurality of 3,764, receiving 7,539 votes to 3,775 cast for J. J. Auer (Dem.).

TWENTY-FIFTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Clark and Marathon counties. Population, 1900—69,104.

ANDREW LAWRENCE KREUTZER (Rep.), of Wausau, Marathon county, Wis., was born August 31, 1862, in Germantown, Washington county, and received his education in the common schools and in the law department of the University of Wisconsin. He is the senior member of the law firm of Kreutzer, Bird & Rosenberry. He was elected district attorney of Marathon county in 1894 and was re-elected to the same office in 1896. He was appointed by Governor Upham a commissioner to the Atlanta Exposition in 1895; was appointed on Governor Scofield’s staff to the rank of colonel and was the acting judge advocate general of Wisconsin National Guards during the years of 1897-9. He was elected to the senate in 1895 and was re-elected in 1902, receiving 6,658 votes against 4,894 votes for H. S. Mulvany (Dem.). During the sessions of 1901 and 1903 he was chairman of the committee on Judiciary.

TWENTY-SIXTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Dane county. Population, 1900—69,435.

GEORGE PAUL MILLER (Rep.), of Madison, was born in Sheboygan county, Feb. 18, 1865. He was educated in common schools, Sheboygan Falls high school and by a three years’ course in Ripon College. He settled in Madison in 1891 and established the Miller Lumber company, a manufacturing and lumber dealing concern of which he is president. He was elected chairman of the Republican City Committee of Madison in 1897 and president of the Republican League Club in 1896. He was elected to the state senate in 1900 by 8,997 votes against 6,496 for N. C. Evans (Dem.), and 498 for A. H. Miner (Pro.).
TWENTY-SEVENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Columbia and Sauk counties. Population, 1900—64,127.

GEORGE WYTHE (Rep.), of Columbia county, was born in Scotland in the year 1848; was educated in the common schools of this country; is engaged in general farming and breeding of pure bred stock; is at present a member of the State Board of Agriculture and the State Live Stock Sanitary Board. Was elected member of assembly in 1897 and again in 1899. Was elected in 1902 state senator, receiving 6,198 votes against 4,975 votes for John M. Kelley (Dem.), and 440 votes for Ben. F. Thomas (Pro.), scattering, 1.

TWENTY-EIGHTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Richland and Vernon counties. Population, 1900—47,834.

OLIVER G. MUNSON (Rep.), of Viroqua, was born March 2, 1856, in Howard county, Ia.; was educated in the high and common schools of Iowa and Minnesota; came to Wisconsin in 1876; resided in Richland Center ten years and at Viroqua seventeen years; is an editor and publisher, having published the Richland Republican ten years and the Vernon County Censor seventeen years; has been city clerk of Richland Center, supervisor from city of Viroqua, bookkeeper in the state senate several terms and assistant chief clerk of the assembly two terms. He was elected to the senate in 1896 and re-elected in 1900, receiving 9,362 votes against 4,132 votes for C. A. Henthorn (Dem.), 407 votes for W. J. Robinson (Pro.), and one vote for G. L. Miner.

TWENTY-NINTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Barron, Buffalo, Dunn and Pepin counties. Population, 1900—73,390.

JAMES H. STOUT (Rep.), of Monomonee, was born at Dubuque, Ia., Sept. 25, 1848, and was educated in the public schools of Dubuque and in the Chicago University. He came to Wisconsin in 1889, and has since been engaged in the lumber business at Monomonee. He has been for several years one of the trustees of the Dunn county insane asylum; president of the Monomonee board of education, life member of the Dubuque library and life trustee of the Findlay hospital at Dubuque. He was elected to the senate in 1894, and was re-elected in 1898, and again in 1902, receiving 8,916 votes against 74 votes for Theodore Buehler (Dem.), and scattering, 8.

THIRTIETH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.


DANIEL E. RIORDAN (Rep.), was born September 7th, 1863, at Berlin, Green Lake county, Wisconsin; was educated in the Berlin high school and Valparaiso normal school; studied law in the office of Hon. R. L. D. Potter at Berlin, Wisconsin, and in the office of J. F. Riordan at Hayward, Wisconsin; resided at Berlin until 1891, at Hayward from 1891 to 1892, and at Eagle River, Vilas county, from 1892 to the present time; worked on a farm, attended school, taught school and studied law until 1892; was admitted to the bar in 1892, and has since practiced law, dealt in timber and farm lands, published a newspaper, the Vilas County News, and is proprietor of the Eagle River light and water plant; was appointed judge of the municipal court of Vilas county by Governor Upham in April, 1895; was elected to the same position in April, 1899, and re-elected April 7, 1903, for term ending May 1st, 1907; was nominated for the office of district attorney, 1896, and declined; was elected to the state senate in 1896 and was re-elected in 1900, receiving 10,000 against 5,784 votes cast for A. E. Kraul (Dem.).
THIRTY-FIRST SENATORIAL DISTRICT.


JAMES J. McGillivray (Rep.), of Black River Falls, Jackson county, was born at Barrachios, Gasbie county, Canada, East, June 16, 1848. He received his education in the common schools, and came to Black River Falls, Nov. 21, 1866. He is an architect and manufacturer. He was elected to the assembly in 1890, and re-elected in 1892. During his first term in the assembly he was sponsor of the "anti-trust bill," also the bills exempting wide tared wagons from taxes; for reduction of interest on money loaned to school district from 6 and 7 to 4 per cent., and reduction of interest on tax sale certificates from 25 to 15 per cent. In the senate in 1897, he introduced and was instrumental in securing the passage of bills to prohibit the state from accepting bounties from cities and towns for the location of public institutions; exempting sugar factories from taxation for five years; to promote the health of children of the state by causing vaccine to be stamped by the manufacturer; to promote health and honesty in the dairy interests; also a memorial to congress requesting that body to submit to the people of the United States a constitutional amendment empowering them to control trusts and combinations. He was honored by being selected to nominate Senator John C. Spooner for the United States senate in 1897 and again in 1903. He is the oldest member in the legislature in point of service, having been a member since 1880. He served as president pro tem. of the senate of 1901. He was elected to the state senate in 1894, and re-elected in 1898 and 1902, receiving 6,868 votes against 3,793 votes for A. D. Gill (Dem.).

THIRTY-SECOND SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

La Crosse and Trempealeau counties. Population, 1900—66,111.

JOHN C. Gavenny (Rep.), of Arcadia, Trempealeau county, was born in the town where he now lives June 20, 1863. He is a lawyer and was educated in the common schools, the high school of Arcadia and the University of Wisconsin, from which he graduated in 1888, and from the law school in 1888. He has been elected president of the village of Arcadia three times and was elected to the state senate Nov. 6, 1900, by 8,618 votes, against 4,856 for John P. Doherty (Dem.), and 337 for David Wood (Pro.).

THIRTY-THIRD SENATORIAL DISTRICT.


ERNST MERTON (Dem.), of Waukesha, Waukesha county, was born August 9, 1848, in Germany; came to Wisconsin in 1859; early education was received in parochial schools and higher education obtained by private study, finally studying law, and was admitted to practice in 1877, locating in Burlington, where he served as first president of village from 1885 to 1889, when he moved to Waukesha and entered into law partnership of Ryan & Merton. Has held position of school commissioner in city of Waukesha, president of school board and was a member of the common council of the city when elected to the state senate in November, 1902, when he received 5,848 votes against 5,554 votes cast for Alfred M. Jones (Rep.).
OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

CHIEF CLERK.

THEODORE W. GOLIN was born in the town of Spring Valley, Rock county, Wisconsin, on the 25th day of July, 1856; at the age of four years he removed with his parents to the village of Brodhead, in Green county, Wisconsin, where, with the exception of several years spent in the west and in other portions of this state, he continued to reside until 1882, when he removed to Monroe, Wisconsin, residing there until November, 1883, when he removed to Janesville, Wisconsin, where he now resides. He received a common school education, was admitted to the bar of Green county, and entered on the practice of law at Janesville in November, 1883. He was elected chief clerk of the senate January 14, 1903.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.

SANFIELD MACDONALD was born at Windsor, Nova Scotia, October 8th, 1864. When fifteen years of age he moved with his parents to Manchester, New Hampshire, where he remained until 1887, when he moved to Escanaba, Michigan. In 1890 he came to Ashland, Wisconsin, where he has lived ever since. He has always been an active republican and has served in several positions of trust in Ashland county. He was elected sergeant-at-arms of senate January 14th, 1903, receiving the unanimous vote of the republican members of that body.
ASSEMBLYMEN.

IRVINE L. LENROOT, Speaker; C. O. MARSH, Chief Clerk; A. M. ANDERSON, Sergeant-at-Arms.

The assembly consists of 100 members. They are chosen biennially and receive $500 for their service during the term. The speaker is chosen by the members and receives an additional $500 for his services as speaker. The assembly of 1903 contains 75 republicans and 25 democrats.

ADAMS AND MARQUETTE COUNTIES.

One District. Population, 1900—19,650.

FRANK J. KIMBALL (Rep.) was born in Washington county, New York, November 25th, 1846; came to Wisconsin in 1854, where he received a common school education; lived on a farm in Columbia county until 1872, then moved to Biggsville, Marquette county, his present home. After leaving the farm he clerked in a general store for one year and then went into the sawing machine business; was local agent for three years and general agent for six years; went into general merchandising in 1883, which occupation he still follows. Held the office of town clerk for five years and school district clerk for sixteen years, and notary public for fifteen years; was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 2,502 votes against 1,250 for William B. Graham (Dem.).

ASHLAND COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—20,176.

ERNEST A. STRONG (Rep.) was born in Grant county, Wis., Oct. 1st, 1867; was educated mainly in the common schools of Wisconsin and Minnesota, which was supplemented with some private instruction and a business course. Began teaching in the public schools of Minnesota at the age of eighteen, which occupation he followed for five years; from September, 1880, to February, 1882, was employed as stenographer by the Great Northern railway in St. Paul, and in February, 1892, moved to Ashland, since which time he has been connected with the courts officially as reporter, having in turn been official reporter for the United States land office, municipal court and circuit court. For the last five years he has been the official reporter of the 16th judicial circuit; elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 2,397 votes against 1,643 for Daniel E. Canty (Dem.).

BROWN COUNTY.


WM. FINNEGAN (Rep.) was born in Philadelphia, Pa., in 1836, where he was educated. He voted for Fremont in 1856. Went to Iowa in 1858 and enlisted in the 24th Iowa Vol. Inf., August 5, 1862, returning home August 5, 1865. He was considered one of the best brick makers in Wisconsin, in which business he was engaged for thirty years, but from which he has now retired. In politics
he has always been a Republican of high protective tariff principles, always consistently advocating republican doctrines. He was elected member of assembly in 1902, securing 2,127 votes against 1,466 for Manuel Burnette (Dem.).

BROWN COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Allouez, Bellevue, De Pere, Eaton, Glenmore, Green Bay, Holland, Humboldt, Lawrence, Morrison, New Denmark, Preble, Rockland, Scott and Wrightstown, the village of Wrightstown, the city of De Pere, and that part of Oneida reservation within the county of Brown. Population, 1900—22,057.

JOSEPH F. MARTIN (Dem.) was born in the town of Rockland, May 12th, 1878; after finishing the district school course, entered the West De Pere high school, from which he graduated in 1897. The next year he was employed in one of De Pere's mercantile establishments, resigning that position to enter the law office of Wigman, Martin & Martin, of Green Bay, where he remained until his election to the assembly, being the youngest member elected, in 1902; he received 1,600 votes against 1,618 for Dr. J. J. Bellen (Rep.).

BARRON COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—23,677.

HENRY C. DOOLITTLE (Rep.) was born in Princeton, Bureau county, Illinois, July 15, 1850; was educated in the Princeton, Illinois, public schools; came to Wisconsin in 1881, and settled at Cumberland, where he has resided ever since; was alderman of the city of Cumberland in 1888-1889; justice of the peace, 1890-1902; supervisor for the last five years; taught school ten years prior to 1887; is now in the mercantile business; was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 1,708 votes against 710 for Peter H. Johnson (Dem.), and 105 for Peter Cosgrove (Ind.).

BAYFIELD, SAWYER AND WASHBURN COUNTIES.

One District. Population, 1900—23,506.

CHARLES F. MORRIS (Rep.) of Iron River, Bayfield county, was born at Chippewa Falls, Wisconsin, February 12th, 1876, and was educated at Notre Dame college at Chippewa Falls, and taking up the study of the law in Chippewa Falls, was admitted to the bar in 1899. He located at Iron River the same year he was admitted to practice and has held the office of city attorney during the years of 1900, 1901 and 1902. He was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 3,037 votes against 1,059 votes cast for James M. Kinney (Dem.).

BUFFALO AND PEPIN COUNTIES.

One District. Population, 1900—24,670.

CHARLES W. GILMAN (Rep.), of Mondovi, Buffalo county, was born at Gilmanton, Buffalo county, Oct. 20, 1862. He attended the public schools, the Madison high school, graduated at the State University June 24, 1885, and from the law department of the same institution June 23, 1886; is a lawyer by occupation; was district attorney for Buffalo county for six years, and is the present mayor of the city of Mondovi. He was elected member of the assembly in 1900 and again in 1902, receiving 1,048 votes against 1,053 votes for C. M. Hillyard (Dem.).
BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

BURNETT AND POLK COUNTIES.

One District. Population, 1900—25,279.

SIMON THORISON (Rep.), of Grantsburg, Burnett county, Wis., was born in Norway in 1849, and came to Polk county, Wis., with his parents in 1862, settling on a homestead, where he worked and attended country school up to 1867; worked in the lumber woods and on the rivers up to 1876, when he engaged in the mercantile business at Grantsburg, Wis. He has been director of the village school for sixteen years. He has been village president and chairman of the Republican county committee for four years, chairman of the county board for seven years. He is vice-president of the First Bank of Grantsburg, and was alternate to the National convention in 1896 at St. Louis; in 1902 was elected to the assembly, receiving 2,403 votes against 6 for scattering.

CALUMET COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—17,078.

LEWIS RUPP (Dem.) was born in Fond du Lac county May 11, 1858; grew up on a farm and received a common school education; moved to Minnesota and Dakota in 1882; returned to Wisconsin in 1893, settling on a farm in Calumet county; was two years supervisor of his town, three years chairman, and two years chairman of the county board; was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 1,341 votes against 1,259 for Frank J. Winkler (Rep.).

CHIPPEWA COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Eden, Lafayette, Sigel, Tilden and Wheaton, the third, fourth, fifth, sixth, eighth, ninth, and tenth wards of the city of Chippewa Falls, the city of Stanley, and the villages of Boyd and Cadott. Population, 1900—15,676.

PATRICK J. COSGROVE (Rep.) was born at Buckingham in the province of Quebec, Canada, March 2, 1841. Came to the United States and located at Eau Claire in '66, where he engaged in lumbering. He has been associated with various great lumber manufacturing concerns of the Chippewa Valley. He was elected sheriff of Eau Claire county in 1884. His present home is Stanley, which city he has represented for five years on the county board of Chippewa county; he is at present a member of the board of trustees for the Chippewa county insane asylum. His present business is real estate brokerage. He was elected to the assembly on November 4, 1902, receiving 1,476 votes against 1,247 received by Levi Martin (Dem.) and 65 by Cummins (Pro.).

CHIPPEWA COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Anson, Auburn, Arthur, Bloomer, Big Bend, Cleveland, Colburn, Dewey, Eagle Point, Flambeau, Lawrence, Sampson, and Strickland, the village of Bloomer, the first, second, and seventh wards of the city of Chippewa Falls. Population, 1900—17,361. [By act of legislature in 1891 the county of Gates was formed (comprising the towns of Atlanta, Big Bend, Dewey, Lawrence, Rusk, Strickland and Flambeau and the part of township 33 north, range 7 west, lying south of Chippewa river), and remains a part of the Second Assembly district of Chippewa county.]

W. B. BARTLETT (Rep.) was born in Vermont in 1839. Received a common school education. Is a farmer by occupation. Came to Chippewa county, Wis.,
in 1861. Was chairman of his town two years and treasurer two years; secretary of the town school board ten years; was president of the Eagle Point Mutual Fire Insurance company for eleven years and has been secretary of the same company for the last twelve years; has been one of the jury commissioners of Chippewa county ever since the law was enacted creating that position; was elected member of the assembly in 1881 and again elected in 1902, receiving 1,951 votes against 920 for Thomas Emmerton (Dem.).

CLARK COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—25,848.

WILLIAM S. J R VINE (Rep.) was born in Maryland, March 18th, 1851; came with his parents to Wisconsin in 1852, settling in Trempealeau county; received his education in the common schools; removed to Clark county in 1870, and began farming in 1873; represented his town on the county board for 10 years; was assessor four years; appointed tax commissioner for Eau Claire county for 1901; elected to member of assembly in 1902, receiving 2,561 votes against 1,679 for Richard D. Salter (Dem.) and 167 for Wilbur P. Cutts (Pro.).

COLUMBIA COUNTY.


SCOTT F. VERBECK (Rep.) was born in Columbia county, Wisconsin, in 1869; is a physician by profession, graduating from the Bennett medical college, Chicago; was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 1,549 votes against 1,237 for J. G. Sladenmayer (Dem.) and 91 for Harry A. Knapp (Pro.).

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Columbus, Courtland, Fountain Prairie, Hampden, Leds, Lowville, Marcellon, Otsego, Randolph, Scott, Springfield, and Wyocena, the villages of Cambria, Parmelee, and Rio, the west ward of the village of Randolph, and the city of Columbus. Population, 1900—16,004.

DAVID G. WILLIAMS (Rep.) was born in Denbighshire, North Wales, in 1840; was educated in the common schools and is a miller by occupation. In 1862 enlisted in Company F, 22d Regiment, Wisconsin Vol., and served three years; was president of his home village five years; was member of school board six years; a member of the board of supervisors; was elected sheriff of his county in 1885; elected to the assembly in 1902, receiving 1,694 votes against 1,042 for Fayette Foster (Dem.).

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—17,286.

JAMES DINSDALE (Rep.) was born in Yorkshire, England, November 18, 1848; came with his parents to America in 1859, settling in Grant county; taught school a short time and entered the State University; he graduated at Lawrence University in 1875; graduated at Rush Medical College in 1878, and began practicing medicine in Soldiers Grove the same year; has held various town offices and was chairman of the county board of Crawford county one year; was president of the village of Soldiers Grove three years; member of the board of pension examiners ten years; was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 1,808 votes against 1,474 for Thomas Taylor (Dem.).
BIOGRAFICAL SKETCHES.

DANE COUNTY.


MATTHEW S. DUDGEON (Rep.) was born in the city of Madison, Dane county, Wisconsin, June 18, 1871; graduated at Baker University, Baldwin, Kansas, in 1892, and in the law department of the University of Wisconsin in 1895, and became the Junior member of the law firm of Lewis, Briggs and Dudgeon; in April, 1898, he enlisted in the Spanish-American war in Company G, First Wisconsin Volunteers; was elected to the office of district attorney for Dane county in 1898, and re-elected in 1900; was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 3,059 votes against 2,480 for Nels A. Ladd (Dem.).

DANE COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Albion, Bristol, Burke, Christiana, Cottage Grove, Deegfield, Duntkirk, Medina, Sun Prairie, Westport, Windsor and York, the villages of Deerfield, Sun Prairie and Waunakee, and the city of Stoughton. Population, 1900—22,510.

TORGER G. THOMPSON (Rep.) was born in Dane county, Wisconsin, March 9, 1833; was educated in the common schools and Albion Academy; is a farmer by occupation; was school clerk for six years, supervisor two years and chairman of his town three years; has been trustee of the Liberty Prairie church (Lutheran) for fifteen years; was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 2,660 votes against 1,530 for Emanuel C. Alsmeyer (Dem.).

DANE COUNTY.

Third District. The towns of Berry, Black Earth, Blue Mounds, Cross Plains, Dane, Fitchburg, Mazomanie, Middleton, Montrose, Oregon, Perry, Primrose, Roxbury, Rutland, Springfield, Springfield, Vermont, Verona and Vienna, the villages of Black Earth, Dane, Oregon, Mazomanie, Belleville, and Mount Horeb. Population, 1890—22,467.

JOHN S. DONALD, of Mt. Horeb, was born on the farm where he now resides, January 12th, 1869. His education was continued from the district school to the Northwestern Business College of Madison, from which he graduated in 1887. In 1894 he received the degree of B. S. at the Northern Ind., College of Valparaiso and in 1897 the degree of D. D. S. at the Chicago College. In 1892 he served as assessor of his town (Springdale) and was chairman of the board of supervisors from 1899 to 1902. He was elected to the assembly in 1902, receiving 2,174 votes to 1,850 for Edson B. Jackson (Dem.).

DODGE COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Ashippun, Clyman, Emmett, Herman, Hubbard, Hustisford, Lebanon, Leroy, Lomira, Rubicon, Shields, Theresa and Williams- town, the 5th and 6th wards of the city of Watertown, the villages of Lomira and Theresa, the cities of Horicon and Mayville. Population, 1900—23,636.

H. R. MOLDENHAUER (Dem.), of Lebanon, Dodge county, is a merchant in the town in which he was born Oct. 1, 1855, and where he received his education in the district and parochial schools. He grew up on a farm, went into general mercantile business with his father in Lebanon in 1878. In 1888 they engaged in a general butter and cheese business until 1903, when the son purchased the father's share of the business and has since conducted it alone.
He is president of the Northwestern Cheesemakers Mutual Fire Insurance Company and also of the Northwestern Creamerymen's Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Juneau; was elected member of assembly in 1900 and again in 1902, receiving 2,805 votes against 1,829 for William Suitz (Rep.), and 47 for Oliver B. Goodwin (Pro.).

**DODGE COUNTY.**

Second District. The towns of Beaver Dam, Burnett, Calamus, Chester, Elba, Fox Lake, Lowell, Oak Grove, Portland, Trenton and Westford, the villages of Fox Lake, Lowell and Reeseville, the first ward of the village of Randolph, the south ward of the city of Waupun, and the cities of Juneau and Beaver Dam. Population, 1900—22,995.

**DANIEL L. HANNAFIN (Dem.),** of Portland, was born in the town of Portland, Dodge county, Wisconsin, June 12, 1868. He received his education in the common schools of Dodge county and the Waterloo high school. Twelve years of his life have been employed in teaching school. He is a farmer, also secretary and book-keeper for the Waterloo Canning & Pickling Co., and town clerk of the town of Portland, which office he has held the past ten years; was elected to the assembly in 1902, receiving 2,654 votes against 100 for W. W. Williams (Pro.) and 1,780 for Frederick C. Warren (Rep.).

**DOOR COUNTY.**

One District. Population, 1900—17,582.

**CHARLES REYNOLDS (Rep.)** was born in Ireland, November 15, 1839; came to America and settled in Madison, Wis., in 1860; was appointed sergeant-major of the 12th Wis. Vol. Inf., September 27, 1861; was promoted to second lieutenant and mustered as captain of Company A; was appointed assistant adjutant-general on the staff of Gen. Ewing in 1865; was engaged in the lumber business and real estate until 1900; was elected to the assembly in 1902 without opposition.

**DOUGLAS COUNTY.**

First District. The 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th and 6th wards of the city of West Superior. Population, 1900—18,940.

**IRVINE L. LENROOT (Rep.),** of West Superior, was born in Superior Jan. 31, 1869, of Swedish parentage. He was educated in the common schools of Douglas county, is a lawyer and has been official reporter of the superior court of Douglas county since 1893. He has been secretary of the Douglas County Bar association and served two terms as chairman of the republican county committee. He was admitted to the bar in 1897, after an examination before the state board of law examiners. He sought no elective office until 1900, when he was elected to the assembly. He was again elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 1,198 votes against 899 for J. B. Noyes (Dem.), and 113 for Charles A. Roberts (Ind. Rep.), and upon the opening of the session was elected speaker.

**DOUGLAS COUNTY.**


**WALLACE W. ANDREW (Rep.),** of South Superior, was born in Sheboygan county Dec. 23, 1850. Later his parents moved to Oregon, Dane county, and he attended the schools in Oregon. Early in life he engaged in purchasing grain and live stock, which business he successfully followed for twenty years.
He then became interested in the manufacturing business, and in 1894, with his three brothers, went to Superior and established the Duplex Manufacturing company, at South Superior, in which company he has since been interested and of which he is now vice-president. He was elected to the assembly in 1900, and re-elected in 1902, receiving 1,516 votes against 916 for Henry S. Butler (Dem.).

DUNN COUNTY.

One district. Population, 1900—25,043.

OLE G. KINNEY (Rep.), of Colfax, was born June 1, 1858, in Dane county, Wis. He removed to Crawford county in 1860 and from there to Dunn county in 1863; was educated in the common schools; is a general merchant and grain dealer by occupation. He has held the positions of town clerk and chairman of his town, and in 1902 was elected to the assembly, receiving 1,715 votes against 745 votes cast for John B. Dennis (Dem.), and 116 for J. F. Denham (Pro.).

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY.

First District. The town of Seymour, the 1st, 2d, 3d, 5th, 6th, 8th, 9th and 10th wards of the city of Eau Claire, and the city of Altoona. Population, 1900—15,790.

ROBERT A. LANG (Rep.), was born March 22, 1856, in Johnstown, Rock county, Wis. In 1870 he went with his parents to their former home at Ottawa, Canada, where he received his schooling; at the age of twenty-one he returned to his native state, and located in Eau Claire. At present he is a member of the common council of Eau Claire; is a contractor, builder and hydraulic engineer. Was elected member of the assembly in 1902, receiving 1,266 votes against 1,170 for David Douglas (Dem.).

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Bridge Creek, Brunswick, Clear Creek, Drammen, Fairchild, Lincoln, Luddington, Otter Creek, Pleasant Valley, Union and Washington, the village of Fairchild, the 4th and 7th wards of the city of Eau Claire, and the city of Augusta. Population, 1900—15,992.

IRA B. BRADFORD (Rep.), was born in the town of Fulton, Rock county, Wis., June 24, 1851. The same year he went to New Hampshire, the former home of his parents; here he received a common school and academic education. Later he read law in that state and Pennsylvania. In 1873 he returned to this state and was admitted to the bar at Monroe, Wis., in March, and took up his residence at Augusta, where he has continued to reside. In 1878 he established what is now known as the Augusta State Bank of which he is the president. He was a member of the assembly in 1880 and again in 1881, at the latter session of which he served as speaker. In 1885 he was elected the first mayor of the city of Augusta; re-elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 1,354 votes against 595 for Wm. Lediard (Dem.).

FLORENCE, FOREST AND LANGLADE COUNTIES.

One district. Population, 1900—17,146.

ROSWELL J. MORGAN (Rep.), was born in Embarass, Waupec county, Wis., Aug. 20, 1867; was brought up on a farm where he received a common school education; has been engaged in lumbering for several years; was superintendent of the T. D. Kellogg Manufacturing company. Has never sought or held office until elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 1,397 votes against 1,522 for M. W. Miller (Dem.).
FOND DU LAC COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Calumet, Empire, Fond du Lac, Forest, Friendship, Marshfield and Taycheedah, and the city of Fond du Lac. Population, 1900—24,041.

JOSEPH CARBERRY (Dem.), was born in 1855 in the town of Friendship, Fond du Lac county, Wis.; received his education in the common schools of his native town; is a farmer by occupation; was clerk of his town six years and chairman six years; was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 2,667 votes against 2,376 for A. E. Leonard (Rep.).

FOND DU LAC COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Alto, Ashford, Auburn, Byron, Eden, Eldorado, Lamartine, Metomen, Oakfield, Osoeola, Ripon, Rosendale, Springvale and Waupun, the village of Brandon, the north ward of the city of Waupun, and the city of Ripon. Population, 1900—23,848.

JOHN LOEBS (Rep.), was born in the town of Sherman, Sheboygan county, Wis., Sept. 10, 1853; was educated in the public schools; later attended Northwestern College at Naperville, Ill., for two years. In 1877 he came to Campbellsport and entered the general mercantile business as a member of the firm of Saemann, Loes & Knicley, with which concern he has been actively identified ever since. He is also interested in the Plymouth Exchange bank and the First National bank of Campbellsport of which he is vice-president. Has never before sought or held a public office. Was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 2,565 votes against 3, scattering.

GRANT COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Beetown, Cassville, Clifton, Ellenborough, Glen Haven, Harrison, Hazel Green, Jamestown, Lima, Paris, Platteville, Potosi, Snelson and Waterloo, the villages of Cassville, Cuba City, Hazel Green, and Potosi, and the city of Platteville. Population, 1900—20,691.

S. E. SMALLLEY (Rep.), of Cuba City, is a lawyer, born at Marengo, Ill., June 25, 1860; educated in common schools of Grant county and a Detroit, Mich., law school, from which he graduated Oct. 1, 1894. He has been town clerk two years and supervisor for the village of Cuba City five years. In 1900 he was elected to the assembly and re-elected in 1902, receiving 1,940 votes against 1,810 for James Harvey (Dem.), and 104 for Robert A. Wilson (Pro.).

GRANT COUNTY.


JOSEPH P. CHANCELOR (Rep.), of Montford, Grant county, Wis., was born at Monticello, Louisa county, Missouri, Aug. 22, 1840; came to Wisconsin in 1847; has been a resident of Grant county for 56 years; was educated in the common schools and academy of Platteville, Wis. Has always made farming his occupation; was assessor for his town for 20 successive years; has been chairman of board of supervisors and member of county board for the past 5 years and at present is president of the board of education of Montford high school. Was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 2,413 votes against 1,250 for William L. Miller (Dem.), and 105 for John W. Horsfall (Pro.).
BIographical Sketches.

GREEN COUNTY.

One district. Population, 1900—22,719.

ANDREW S. DOUGLAS (Rep.) was born at Havelon, N. Y., June 19, about 1840; came to Portage, Wis., in 1852, later settleing in Milwaukee and Janesville; received a common and high school education; served in the war of the rebellion with Co. A, 40th regiment Wis. Vol. Inf.; was admitted to the bar in 1866 and formed a co-partnership with Judge H. A. Patterson; removed to Brodhead in 1867 and continued the practice of law. Was elected district attorney of Green county in 1869, in which capacity he served fourteen years; served several terms as city clerk of Monroe; was secretary of the Green County Agricultural society a number of years; served on the county board two terms, and is serving his city as mayor at the present time. Was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 2,147 votes against 1,500 for Irn M. J. Cryst (Dem.), and 201 for Joshua H. Berkey (Pro.).

GREEN LAKE COUNTY.

One district. Population, 1900—15,797.

CHARLES H. SMITH (Dem.), of Markesan, was born in the town of Green Lake, June 1, 1863. He was educated in district schools, Berlin high school and Commercial College of Oshkosh. He is a farmer by occupation and is manager of the canning factory of Markesan. He was town treasurer of Green Lake in 1887 and 1888, supervisor of the town in 1890 and 1891, school clerk in the village of Markesan for the past four years; has served on the village board for several years and is now president of the village. He was elected to the assembly in 1902, receiving 1,663 votes against 1,382 for Christian C. Wallenagard (Rep.), and 76 for John H. Nobles (Pro.).

IOWA COUNTY.

One district. Population, 1900—23,114.

ROY C. SMELKER (Rep.), was born in Iowa county, Wis., March 7, 1875; graduated from the Dodgeville high school in 1892 and from the State University in 1897; enlisted in Co. G, 1st Wis. Vols., April 28, 1898, and was mustered out at the close of the Spanish-American war. Graduated from the law school in 1899 and began practicing with his father under the firm name of Smelker & Smelker. Was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 2,601 votes against 1,790 for Edward Duffy (Dem.), and 184 for Fred G. Cork (Pro.).

IRON, ONEIDA AND VILAS COUNTIES.

One district. Population, 1900—29,420.

ALBERT L. OSEBORN (Rep.), was born in Iola, Waupaca county, Wis., Sept. 9, 1858; moved to Oshkosh in 1871 where his education was completed; practiced law until 1884, and later entered the land and lumber business; moved to Hurley in 1891 and became interested in the Montreal River Lumber company, of which he is now president; is a member of the Hurley school board. Was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 2,591 votes against 1,974 for Matthew N. Stapleton (Dem.).
JACKSON COUNTY.

One district. Population, 1900—17,466.

W. S. BRADDOCK (Rep.), was born Aug. 23, 1848, in Philadelphia, Pa., and received his education in the public schools of his native city and at Yale College. In 1869 he removed to a farm in Minnesota, was appointed chief of division in the pension bureau in 1875 and for more than ten years was in the employ of the government, most of the time as law clerk at St. Paul in the military department of Dakota. In 1888 he came to Jackson county, Wis., and engaged in the cranberry business. He was president of the State Cranberry Growers' association several terms, and for the past ten years has been a member of the county board of supervisors of Jackson county. Is in the real estate business at Mather, Wis. He was elected to the Assembly in 1902, receiving 1,693 votes against 501 for Edwin Pierce (Dem.).

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Concord, Farmington, Hebron, Ixonia, Milford, Palmyra, Sullivan and Watertown, the village of Palmyra, and the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th and 7th wards of the city of Watertown. Population, 1900—17,377.

GEORGE J. KERN (Dem.), was born in the town of Herman, Dodge county, April 6, 1850. He is a farmer, educated in public and parochial schools. He moved to the town of Sullivan, Jefferson county, in 1898. He has been assessor of the town of Sullivan two years, supervisor two years and is now in his tenth year as member of the county board. He has been president of the Sullivan Mutual Fire Insurance company several terms, president of the Rome Dairy company two years and its secretary and treasurer five years, school clerk of his district twenty-three years and three times delegate to democratic state convention. He was elected to the Assembly in 1900 and re-elected in 1902, receiving 1,006 votes against 1,421 for Robert Jones (Rep.).

JEFFERSON COUNTY.


LEWIS BENSON (Dem.), was born in the town of Oakland, Jefferson county, Oct. 23, 1850. He received his education in the common schools of his town and the Cambridge high school. He is a farmer, and has always lived upon the farm where he now resides. He was elected supervisor of the town of Oakland in the years 1886-90, and chairman of the town board of supervisors in 1891-5 and 1897-1900; was nominated for member of assembly in 1896, but was defeated by 38 votes. He is chairman of the town of Oakland and was elected chairman of Jefferson county board in 1900. He was elected to the assembly in 1898 and 1900, and re-elected in 1902, receiving 1,827 votes against 1,434 for Theodore B. Roach (Rep.), and 107 for Lewis T. Lickhoefer (Pro.).

JUNEAU COUNTY.

One district. Population, 1900—20,629.

FRANK M. REED (Rep.), was born in Necedah, Wis., Feb. 19, 1861; was educated in the public schools of Wisconsin and Illinois; removed with his parents to Illinois in 1863; entered the lumber business in Dubuque, Iowa, in 1879; returned to Necedah, Wis., in 1881, where he has since resided, continuing in the
BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

lumber business to the present time; was elected town chairman of Necedah in 1901 and again in 1902; served as clerk of school board since 1900; was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 2,341 votes against 1,467 for W. H. H. Cash (Dem.)

KENOSHA COUNTY.

One district. Population, 1900—21,707.

S. DWIGHT SLADE (Rep.), was born Feb. 8, 1849, in the town of Wheatland, Kenosha county, Wis., and was educated in the schools of his native town, the Lake Geneva seminary and the Janesville Commercial school. He is a farmer and conducts a creamery in connection with his farm; was chairman of the town board of supervisors from 1888 to 1890. He was elected to the assembly in 1898 and 1900, and re-elected in 1902, receiving 1,939 votes against 1,700 for William S. Haven (Dem.), and 473 for Courtland A. Durey (Soc. Dem.).

KEWAUNEE COUNTY.

One district. Population, 1900—17,212.

L. ALBERT KAREL (Dem.), was born in the city of Kewaunee April 17, 1875, He received his early education in the public schools of Kewaunee and in Europe, where the family lived for two years. He is a graduate of the law department of the University of Wisconsin with the class of '96. He has not followed the profession but has spent all of his time in the banking business. At the present time he is cashier of the State Bank of Kewaunee and also of the Bank of Green Bay. He received a part of his banking training in the city of Chicago. Mr. Karel has been city attorney of the city of Kewaunee, and for several years has been a member of the county board of supervisors. Was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 1,745 votes against 1,253 for Albert Lietz (Rep.).

LA CROSSE COUNTY.

First District. The town of Campbell and the 1st, 2d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 19th and 20th wards of the city of La Crosse. Population, 1900—21,340.

GEORGE H. RAY (Rep.), of La Crosse, was born at St. Stephens, New Brunswick, Oct. 4, 1847. He was educated in the common schools at St. Stephens, and came to this country at the age of eighteen, residing in Rockland and Gardner, Maine. During his residence at Gardner he served two years in the city council of that place. He came to Wisconsin in 1878, and has, with the exception of a brief period, resided at La Crosse. He served six years upon the county board of La Crosse county, being for two years its chairman, and is president of the State Bank of La Crosse. He was elected to the assembly in 1894 and 1896 and again in 1898, and was unanimously elected speaker of the Forty-fourth Assembly, 1900. In 1900 he was again elected to the assembly. He was elected speaker of the Forty-fifth Assembly without opposition. In 1902 he was again elected to the assembly, receiving 2,027 votes against 1,551 for Walter B. Rose (Dem.), and 106 for Bert S. Steadwell (Pro.).

LA CROSSE COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Bangor, Barre, Burns, Farmington, Greenwood, Hamilton, Holland, Onalaska, Shelby and Washington, the villages of Bangor and West Salem, the 3d, 8th, 17th and 18th wards of the city of La Crosse, and the city of Onalaska. Population, 1900—21,157.

THOMAS JOHNSON (Rep.), was born in Norway, March 16, 1854. Came with his parents to La Crosse county in 1859; received a common school education; held the office of assessor of his town several years, and chairman twelve years;
is president of the Holman Creamery company and secretary of the Scandinavian Farmers' Mutual Insurance company of La Crosse county, and is at the present time treasurer of his town. Was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 1,779 votes against 1,681 for Elias Jones (Dem.), and 103 for John N. Jones (Pro.).

LA FAYETTE COUNTY.

One district. Population, 1900—20,956.

RICHARD E. TARRELL (Rep.) was born in the town of Paris in Grant county May 5th, 1850; educated in the common schools; is a blacksmith by trade, and followed that business for twenty-one years; in the spring of 1878 moved to Elk Grove, La Fayette county; at the age of twenty-four was elected as a member of the board of supervisors and served several terms in that capacity; also elected treasurer of the town and served one term, and was elected as chairman of the board and served two terms, resigning that office, when he was elected sheriff of La Fayette county in 1894; served as sheriff in 1895-96; since that time has been engaged in the furniture and undertaking business. Was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 2,367 votes against 2,125 for Michael A. O'Brien (Dem.).

LINCOLN COUNTY.


EDWARD W. WHITSO, (Rep.), was born in Queens county, N. Y., April 1, 1851, and came to Wisconsin with his parents the same year. They settled in Marquette county, where he grew up and attended the common schools, completing his education in an academy in Madison. After living at other points in Lincoln county some years he settled in Tomahawk in 1889, engaging in mercantile and lumber business. He has been mayor of Tomahawk and a member of the Tomahawk school board five years. Was elected to the assembly in 1900 and again in 1902, receiving 1,870 votes against 1,510 for Robert Thellman (Dem.).

MANITOWOC COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Centerville, Liberty, Manitowoc, Manitowoc Rapids, Meesne and Newton, and the city of Manitowoc. Population, 1900—20,343.

JOSEPH WILLOTT, JR. (Rep.), of Manitowoc, was born June 29, 1855, at Oldbury, Worcester, England. He came to America in 1867 and resided at Mishawaka, Ind., till 1872, when he came to Wisconsin, settling at Manitowoc. He was educated in the common schools of England and America. His occupation is manufacturing edged tools; has been a member of the board of supervisors of Manitowoc county, and alderman of Manitowoc from 1887 to 1899, except the year 1893. He was elected to the assembly in 1898 and 1900, and re-elected in 1902, receiving 1,978 votes against 1,508 for Wm. Brandt (Dem.), and 105 for Walter Reasant (Sec. Dem.).

MANITOWOC COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Cato, Cooperstown, Eaton, Franklin, Gibson, Kosuth, Maple Grove, Mishicot, Rockland, Schleswig, Two Creeks, and Two Rivers, the villages of Kiel and Reedsville, and the city of Two Rivers. Population, 1900—21,918.

NIC. H. TERLENS (Dem.), was born in Mishicot, Manitowoc county, Wis., July 8, 1864; received his education in the common schools of his native village, where he has a thriving hardware business; with the exception of being president of
the school board, has never sought or held office; was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 1,774 votes against 1,526 for John Shamban (Rep.), and 271 for Herman Roebel (Soc).

MARATHON COUNTY.


WILLIS P. LUDU (Dem.), of the village of Mosinee, Marathon county, Wis., was born in the state of Pennsylvania, Tioga county, July 2nd, 1856; came to Wisconsin in 1886 and settled in Marathon county, and was educated in the public schools; is at present engaged in the mercantile business, and has been since 1886; was also engaged in the lumber business from 1888 to 1900. He is at the present time vice-president of the Marathon county Telephone Company, and is also a member of board of trustees of said company; was chairman of the town of Bergen, Marathon county in 1888-89-1900. He was chairman of the committee on printing and stationary of Marathon; was on the executive board of public works of the building of the Marathon county court house and insane asylum; was supervisor of the village of Mosinee in 1893; was elected president of the village of Mosinee in 1900 for the term of one year; was appointed postmaster of the village of Mosinee in 1894, in which capacity he served four years; was chairman of the first assembly district of Marathon county democratic committee for four years; has been a member of the democratic county committee since 1899; has been a delegate to the state democratic convention held at Milwaukee in 1892; and was elected to the assembly from the first district of Marathon county in 1902, receiving 1,028 votes against 1,526 for Geo. Feurich (Rep.).

MARATHON COUNTY.


HERMAN MILLER (Rep.), of Wausau, is a retired hotel-keeper. He is a native of Germany; was born Nov. 11, 1833, and came to Wisconsin April 6, 1855. He received a high school education in Germany and has occupied responsible positions in Marathon county. He was register of deeds from 1865 to 1871, assistant supervisor 1872 to 1889 and chairman of the board of supervisors in 1876. He was assistant supervisor of the Twelfth United States census for the Eighth Wisconsin district in 1900, and was elected to the assembly in 1900, and re-elected in 1902, receiving 2,110 votes against 1,800 for Herbert H. Manson (Dem.).

MARINETTE COUNTY.


EDWARD WEBSTER LEROY (Rep.), was born Jan. 13, 1844, in the city of Marinette. He was educated in the Marinette public schools; held the position of city editor of the Daily Eagle at the time of his election and is now editor of the Daily Star. He never held public office until he was elected assemblyman in 1902, receiving 1,896 votes against 1,022 for Edward Murphy (Dem.), and 98 for C. B. Smith (Pro.).
MARINETTE COUNTY.


FREDERICK M. PRICE (Rep.), was born in the town of Peshtigo, Marinette county, Feb. 10, 1868. He is of German parentage; was educated in the public schools and is a farmer. He has been several years a member of the board of supervisors of the town of Grover, also a member of the school board, and has been deputy game warden two terms. Was elected member of assembly in 1900 and re-elected in 1902 without opposition.

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

First District. The 1st and 18th wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—23,396.

JOSEPH MARTIN CROWLEY (Dem.), was born April 29, 1871, in the city of Milwaukee; he received his education in the public schools and St. John’s Cathedral school; he was for eight years engaged in the abstract of title business in Milwaukee county and he is now secretary of the Mutual Building & Savings association and does a general real estate and fire insurance business. He had neither sought or held any public office until elected as member of the assembly in 1902, receiving 2,146 votes against 1,887 for W. J. Desmond (Rep.), and 430 for Swan Nelson (Soc. Dem.).

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.


CORNELIUS A. SELLER (Rep.), was born in Milwaukee, July 18, 1871; was educated in the public and high schools of Milwaukee and graduated from the law department of the State University in 1899. Was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 2,128 votes against 1,765 for Edward Fuenger (Dem.), 806 for Nicholas Schwinn (Soc. Dem.), and 59 for Michael Gross (Ind.).

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Third District. The seventeenth ward of the city of Milwaukee, the towns of Oak Creek and Lake, the village of Cudahy, and the city of South Milwaukee. Population, 1900—22,226.

HERMAN W. WATERSMAN (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born Jan. 7, 1868, in Portland, Maine; he received his education in the public schools of that state; came to Milwaukee in October, 1889, where he entered the offices of the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance company, taking charge of the photographing department. In August, 1901, was compelled to leave on account of health; at the present time is engaged in the sewer contracting business. He has never been a candidate for any elective office until entering the contest for member of assembly in 1902, receiving 1,025 votes against 1,353 for James P. McGuigan (Dem.), 502 for Herman Hein (Soc. Dem.), and 24 for William Fletsch (Ind.).
MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Fourth District. The 15th and 16th wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—22,348.

FREDERICK C. WESTFAHL, JR. (Rep.), was born in Milwaukee, Wis., Jan. 17, 1876, where he always resided; graduated from the Milwaukee high school in 1895; appointed deputy clerk of the United States courts for the Eastern district of Wisconsin in 1896; and served until 1902; was admitted to the bar in 1897 and began practicing law in 1902; was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 2,742 votes against 1,509 for Thomas J. Kelley (Dem.), and 539 for Jerome Underhill (Soc. Dem.).

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.


FRANK T. HASSA (Dem.), was born June 6, 1873, at Lenox, Mass., and came to Wisconsin in 1879; was educated at St. Stanislaus' Parochial school and the public schools of Milwaukee; has been employed in Allis-Chalmers pattern shop for the past twelve years. Was elected to the assembly in 1902, receiving 1,686 votes against 1,484 for Dr. W. S. Mount (Rep.), and 1,006 for Willis C. Acker (Soc. Dem.).

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Sixth District. The 3d, 4th and 7th wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—23,270.

THOMAS F. TIMLIN (Dem.), was born in Mequin, Ozaukee county, Wis., Sept. 28, 1855, and came to Milwaukee in 1868. He was educated in St. Gall's Academy; after graduating he engaged in the grocery business until 1893 when he was appointed assessor of the fourth assessment district, which position he held until 1900, when he resigned in order to enter the real estate and fire insurance business; was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 2,746 votes against 2,242 for Bart J. Rudef (Rep.), and 834 for Wm. H. Stutz (Soc. Dem.).

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Seventh District. The towns of Franklin, Greenfield and Wauwatosa, and the city of Wauwatosa. Population, 1900—20,646.

FREDERICK HARTUNG (Rep.), of Wauwatosa, was born July 30, 1857, at Wauwatosa, and received his education in the common schools of that town and the German-English Academy in Milwaukee. He is a farmer and was treasurer of the town of Wauwatosa in the year 1888; was elected assessor of said town in 1892-4; elected chairman of the board of supervisors of the town in 1896, and re-elected in 1898-1900. He was elected to the assembly in 1908 and 1900 and re-elected in 1902, receiving 2,057 votes against 1,116 for Henry Schmidt (Dem.).

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Eighth District. The 8th and 23d wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—19,332.

REINHOLD F. THIESSENHUSEN (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born in Milwauk-e Nov. 17, 1864, and was educated in the public schools of that city, which has always been his home. His business is that of a carpenter and contractor. He was elected to the assembly in 1898 and 1900 and re-elected in 1902, receiving 1,750 votes against 1,308 for Hubert Schloemer (Dem.), and 835 for Fred L. Seiling (Soc. Dem.).
MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Ninth District. The ninth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—17,653.

JACOB KEINREIN (Dem.), was born in Kroetzachen, Germany, Dec. 5, 1846; came to America in 1848, and settled in Milwaukee in 1867; received a common school education, and is a teacher by profession; was justice of the peace one term, chairman of his ward ten years; was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 1,045 votes against 1,031 for George Christianson (Rep.), 930 for Edmund J. Berner (Sec. Dem.), and 40 for Louis Ziener (Ind.).

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Tenth District. The 10th ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—17,024.

GEORGE BANKE (Rep.), of Milwaukee, is a house painter and decorator, born in the ward which he was chosen to represent in the assembly Feb. 28, 1867. He was educated in the district school of his own ward, which he also represented on the Republican campaign committee of 1900. Was elected member of assembly in 1900 and re-elected in 1902, receiving 1,283 votes against 868 for William H. Bliss (Dem.), 818 for John Moser (Sec. Dem.), and 21 for Thomas Misnik (Ind.).

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.


FRANK HADERER (Dem.) was born in the city of Milwaukee, Wis., March 1, 1859; received a common school education; is by occupation a hardware dealer; was school commissioner in 1884; was elected member of assembly in 1895, and re-elected in 1902, receiving 1,139 votes against 1,112 for Herman J. Ponsenig (Rep.), 1,065 for Edmund T. Meltsn (Sec. Dem.) and 25 for Joseph Delkert (Ind.).

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Twelfth District. The 19th and 22d wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—20,231.

CHARLES BARKER (Rep.), of Milwaukee, is in the insurance business. He was born at Attleboro, Norfolk, England, Nov. 18th, 1849. For several years he worked at his trade as a miller; came to this country in 1872; from 1877 to 1892 he was a Methodist minister. Owing to ill health he resigned and took up life insurance. He has always been an ardent Republican, taking an active part in political work. He was elected to the assembly in 1900 and re-elected in 1902, receiving 1,240 votes against 1,177 for William A. Yunker (Dem.), and 1,137 for Gustave van Richter (Sec. Dem.).

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Thirteenth District. The 13th ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—17,026.

RUDOLPH W. E. FRITZKE (Dem.), was born in Germany, Oct. 7, 1849, where he received a common school education; came to America in 1867 and graduated from the Teachers' Seminary at Addison, Ill., in 1872; taught school for twenty-seven years in Fond du Lac and Milwaukee; is a coal and wood dealer; was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 1,165 votes against 1,048 for
BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

Henry J. Soltwedel (Rep.), 621 for Richard Flechsig (Soc. Dem.), and 50 for August Schnabel (Ind.).

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Fourteenth District. The 14th ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—20,651.

JOHN H. SZYMAREK (Dem.), was born in Poland March 4, 1876; came to Wisconsin in 1879; was educated in the parochial schools and in Marquette College from which he graduated in 1895; was several years in the employ of the Farmers’ Lumber company of Milwaukee and is city agent for the Milwaukee Brewing company. Was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 1,653 votes against 13 for Carl Bartsch (Ind.), 695 or Constantine J. Matuszenski (Rep.), and 46 for Joseph Lapinski (Soc. Dem.).

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Fifteenth District. The 21st ward of the city of Milwaukee, the towns of Green and Milwaukee, and the villages of East Milwaukee, North Milwaukee and Whitefish Bay. Population, 1900—20,615.

PHILIP H. HAMM (Rep.), was born in Reeseville, Dodge county, Wis., July 5, 1859, where he received his education; removed to Milwaukee in 1886; is a real estate and insurance agent; member of the common council in the city of Milwaukee for four years; trustee of Milwaukee public library two years; deputy game warden one year. He was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 1,259 votes against 1,018 for Henry Schuiz (Dem.), 795 for Anton Palmo (Soc. Dem.), and 41 for Gustav Griebel (Ind.).

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Sixteenth District. The 20th ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—16,863.

FRED B. BREITWISCH (Rep.), was born in the city of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, Jan. 11, 1867; received his education in the public schools of his native city, and is a sign-writer by occupation. Had never held a public office until elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 1,228 against 1,128 for August A. Strelow (Soc. Dem.), 477 for Albert J. Kringel (Dem.), and 19 for George Nowah (Ind.).

MONROE COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—28,103.

GEO. P. STEVENS (Rep.), of Tomah, was born in Washington county, Wisconsin, July 5, 1851. He went to Monroe county with his parents in 1856 and received his education in the common district schools. He has, for the most of his life, lived upon a farm. He served as a member of the county board for six years, and in 1892 he was elected county treasurer for his county. In 1894 he was re-elected to the same office; in 1902 was elected to the assembly, receiving 2,715 votes against 1,838 for J. W. Doyle (Dem.), and 150 for Amasa B. Saxton (Pro.).

OCONEO COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—20,874.

HENRY JOHNSON (Rep.), of Suring, was born in Denmark, Dec. 2, 1854, where he received a common school education, and came to America in 1873,
settling in Oshkosh, where he remained until 1873. He then bought land in the town of How, Oconto county, to which he moved and engaged in farming and lumbering. During the last three years he has also conducted a general warehouse and real estate business at Suring. He has been chairman of the town board two years and town treasurer nine years; was elected member of assembly in 1900 and re-elected in 1902, receiving 2,084 votes against 1,606 for Phillip A. Badour (Dem.).

OUTAGAMIE COUNTY.


WARREN L. ROOF (Rep.), was born in Jefferson county, New York, March 4, 1857; is a farmer and sluiper by occupation; was treasurer of his town from 1864–1869; was town clerk three years, president of Hortonville dairy board of trade five years, and is now president of the Fox River Valley Fair and Driving Association; was a sailor on the Great Lakes ten years and for several years was a commission merchant in Chicago. Was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 2,169 votes against 1,617 for Joseph Mayer (Dem.).

OUTAGAMIE COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Black Creek, Buchanan, Cicero, Deer Creek, Freedom, Hortonia, Kaukauna, Liberty, Maine, Maple Creek, Osborn and Seymour, that part of the Oneida reservation that lies within Outagamie county, the villages of Hortonville and Little Chute, the cities of Kaukauna and Seymour, and the 3d ward of the city of New London. Population, 1900—23,145.

DAVID HODGINS (Rep.), of Hortonville, is a farmer, born in Canada Dec. 30, 1859, educated there and came to Wisconsin in 1865. He has been supervisor of his town four terms and was elected to the assembly in 1900 and again in 1902, receiving 1,721 votes against 1,566 for Theodore Knapestein (Dem.).

OZAUKEE COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—16,363.

NICHOLAS EDWARD BECKER (Dem.), was born August 23, 1842, at Wermelingen in the grand-duchy of Luxemburg and was educated in the boys' school in German and French. He came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1854 and settled on the farm, where he still resides. By occupation he is a farmer; taught school from 1860 to 1882. He was town clerk from 1868 to 1871, and again from 1882 to 1887; chairman of the town board from 1854 to 1900; chairman of the democratic county committee from 1887 to 1900; has been a notary public since 1879 and justice of the peace from 1887 to the present time. He was a member of assembly in 1899, acting county clerk in 1900 and was again elected to the assembly in 1902, receiving 1,518 votes against 1,165 for Louis R. Schroeder (Rep.).

PIERCE COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—23,943.

Freeman H. Lord (Rep.), was born in Hancock county, Maine, March 10th, 1842, removing with his parents to Oshkosh, Wis., in 1851 and in 1853 to Pierce county, which has since been his home. In August, 1862, he enlisted in the 30th Regiment, Wis. Vol. Inf., serving three years. He served two terms as assessor of River Falls town and eleven years consecutively as its chairman, and seven years as president of the River Falls Fire Insurance Company. In
1894 he was elected to the assembly, serving in the session of 1895, and the extra session of 1896. In August, 1896, was appointed a member of the board of regents of normal schools, which position he still holds. Was elected to the assembly in 1902, receiving 1,545 votes against 711 for George T. Hestin (Dem.), and 138 for Beverly White (Pro.).

PORTAGE COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—29,483.

FRED J. CARPENTER (Rep.), of Stevens Point, Portage county, Wisconsin, September 20th, 1871. Attended the common and high schools and graduated from the law department of the University of Wisconsin in the class of 1895. Since his graduation he has been engaged in the practice of law at Stevens Point. Was city attorney for three terms, and is a member of the board of education. During the Spanish-American war he served as first lieutenant of Co. "I," 4th Reg., Wis. Vol. Inf. Was elected member of the assembly in 1902, receiving 2,063 votes against 2,086 for William F. Collins (Dem.).

PRICE AND TAYLOR COUNTIES.

One District. Population, 1900—20,368.

NATHAN E. LANE (Rep.), of the city of Phillips, Price county, was born in the town of Oakes, Waushara county, Sept. 8, 1862. He has held the positions of town treasurer, cashier of the Bank of Dorchester, Clark county, cashier of the State Bank of Phillips, of which he is a stockholder and director, and mayor of the city of Phillips. He is also engaged in fire insurance business. His education was obtained in the schools of Waushara county. Was elected member of assembly in 1900 and re-elected in 1902, receiving 2,155 votes against 1,572 for Philip Creese (Dem.), and 137 for Jos. Gould (Pro.).

RACINE COUNTY.

First District. The 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th and 6th wards of the city of Racine. Population, 1900—24,807.

JOHN DIXON (Rep.), was born in Brighton, Kenosha county, January 31st, 1853, and was educated in the common schools. He removed to Union Grove, Racine county, where he finally engaged in the hardware business. He has held the position of town clerk and was county clerk of Racine county from 1892 to 1898. He is now engaged in the hardware business in the city of Racine. He was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 2,401 votes against 2,360 votes cast for Charles D. Finch (Dem.).

RACINE COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Burlington, Caledonia, Dover, Mt. Pleasant, Norway, Raymond and Rochester, the villages of Union Grove, Waterford and Yorkville, the 7th ward of the city of Racine and the city of Burlington. Population, 1900—20,857.

EDWARD F. RAKOW (Dem.), was born in Burlington, Wis., Aug. 30, 1860; educated in the public schools of that town, after which he learned the trade of a printer; on account of his failing health he was compelled to give up the printing business, and he spent about five years in Colorado and other western states; regaining his health he returned to Burlington, where he has since
resided; was elected town clerk two terms, alderman several terms and was appointed postmaster of Burlington by President Cleveland in 1895 and served four years. In 1901 was elected mayor of the city of Burlington, and re-elected in 1902 without opposition, which office he still holds. Was elected member of assembly at the special election held Feb. 10, 1903, to determine a tie vote cast at the general election in November preceding, and received 1,551 votes against 1,115 for J. H. Kamper (Rep.).

RICHLAND COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—19,483.

J. E. COFPLAND (Dem.), was born in Ohio, 1864; educated in the common schools; moved to Wisconsin in 1887 and engaged in the clothing and furnishing goods business under the firm name of Cofland Bros. Business is still continued under the same firm name. Elected member of the county board, 1895; served on the building committee of the Richland county asylum and is serving the sixth year as trustee of the same institution; was elected mayor of Richland Center in the spring of 1902. Was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 1,040 votes against 1,568 for William H. Thompson (Rep.), and 251 for John W. Grimm (Pro.).

ROCK COUNTY.


ALEXANDER WHITE (Rep), was born in Fifeshire, Scotland, Feb. 5, 1835; but, when seven years of age, came with his parents to America. Since that time he has lived in Porter township, Rock Co., Wis. His mature years have been devoted to the occupation of farming. His education he received in the public schools and at the Albion and Milton academies. In politics he has always been a republican and has held numerous offices. He was for a number of years a member of the school board and frequently filled the position of town clerk, being first elected in 1857. He was chairman of the town in 1863, again in 1876, and in 1890, and with the exception of the year 1890, has held the office continuously since 1894. He is at present chairman of the board of supervisors of Rock county. In 1902 he was elected to the assembly, receiving 1,972 votes against 773 for D. B. Thorp (Dem.), and 164 for William B. West (Pro.).

ROCK COUNTY.


CHARLES L. VALENZINE (Rep.), of Janesville, was born in Genesee county, N. Y., Oct., 1846, came to Wisconsin in 1849 and was educated in the Janesville schools. He is an abstracter of titles, was register of deeds for Rock county twenty years, 1875 to 1895, and secretary of the Wisconsin Commission of Fisheries fourteen years. He was a member of Co. E, Fifth Wisconsin Inf. in the war of the Rebellion and lost his right foot in the battle of Spotsylvania C. H., Va., May 12, 1864. He was elected to the assembly in 1900 and again in 1902, receiving 1,523 votes against 1,089 for Edward H. Ryan (Dem.), and 77 for Hendrick A. Palmer (Pro.).
ROCK COUNTY.


JAMES ALBERT BRITTON (Rep.), was born in Beloit, Rock county, Wis., Jan. 5, 1876; received his education in the Beloit public schools; is a machinist by occupation. Had never held a public position until elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 2,314 votes against 599 for William H. Meyers (Dem.), and 95 for Eugene L. Benediet (Pro.).

SAUK COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Baraboo, Dellona, Delton, Excelsior, Fairfield, Freedom, Greenfield, Merrimac, Prairie du Sac and Sumpter, the villages of Ableman, North Freedom, Prairie du Sac and Sauk City, and the city of Baraboo. Population, 1900—16,903.

FRANKLIN JOHNSON (Rep.), was born in Greenfield, Milwaukee county, Wis., in 1849; was educated in the public schools and the home; taught school several terms. In 1881 he moved to Baraboo and engaged in fruit growing. In 1884 and 1885 he was clerk of the town of Baraboo; was re-elected in 1892, since which time he has held the position continuously. He was elected to the assembly in 1900 and re-elected in 1902, receiving 1,319 votes against 1,098 for Charles L. Pearson (Dem.), and 166 for Charles H. Lee (Pro.).

SAUK COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Bear Creek, Franklin, Honey Creek, Ironton, La Valle, Reedsburg, Spring Green, Troy, Washington, Westfield, Winfield and Woodland, the villages of La Valle and Spring Green and the city of Reedsburg. Population, 1900—16,101.

EYAN W. EVANS (Dem.), is a native of Wales and came to Wisconsin in 1849. He obtained a common school and academic education in Sauk county and is a farmer and dealer in live stock. He was a member of the Sixth Wisconsin Battery Light artillery, from Sept., 1861, to Oct., 1864, and participated in all battles and campaigns in which the battery took part, among them the siege at Island No. 10, siege and battle of Corinth, the Holly Springs and Vicksburg campaigns, the battles at Raymond, Black River, Jackson and Champion Hills, to the final siege and capture of Vicksburg, and Sherman's march to Atlanta. He was a member of the assembly in 1885, 1887, and 1901, and re-elected in 1902, receiving 1,188 votes against 1,139 for Edward C. Gotts (Rep.) and 103 for F. I. Houghton (Pro.).

SHAWANO COUNTY.

One district. Population, 1900—27,475.

MICHAEL J. WALLRICH (Rep.), was born in the town of Brighton, Kenosha county, March 25, 1857; educated in the common and parochial schools in the town of Brighton; entered the state University of Wisconsin in the year 1878. Graduated in the Modern Classical course with the class of 1888, and graduated from the law department of the University of Wisconsin in 1885; located at Shawano, Oct., 1885, where he has practiced law ever since; taught school one year in Kenosha county before entering the University; city attorney of Shawano nine years; district attorney for Shawano county for the years 1889 and 1890; chairman of the Republican County committee nine years; delegate to the Re-
publican State convention of 1886, 1888, 1890, 1892, 1894, 1896, 1900 and 1902; member of the county board one year; president of the Shawano County Agricultural society, 1899 and 1900; mayor of Shawano, 1900, 1901 and 1902; mayor at present; member of the board of public library four years and is a member at present; elected to the assembly in 1902, receiving 2,245 votes against 1,388 for C. H. McDonald (Dem.).

SHEBOYGAN COUNTY.

First District. The town of Sheboygan and the city of Sheboygan. Population, 1900—25,143.

PETER BARTZEN (Dem.), was born in the city of Sheboygan Sept. 8, 1857; he received his education in the common schools of his native county; he is a merchant by occupation; was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 1,777 votes against 1,497 for Martin O. Galaway (Rep.), and 1,296 for John Riedel (Soc. Dem.).

SHEBOYGAN COUNTY.


GEORGE W. KOCH (Rep.), was born Sept. 11, 1871, in Mayfield, Washington county, Wis., and was educated in the public schools and at Janssen’s Institute of Milwaukee. He came to Beechwood in the spring of 1895 and engaged in the manufacture of butter and cheese until the fall of 1902 when he disposed of his interests and entered the general merchandise business and farming. He was elected to the office of chairman of the town board of his town in 1898 and has been chosen to that position each year since; he has also held the offices of justice of the peace and school district clerk since 1896. Was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 2,774 votes against 1,979 for Elmos E. Eastman (Dem.), and 139 for Robert H. Kocher (Soc. Dem.).

ST. CROIX COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—26,830.

JAMES A. FREAR (Rep.), was born at Hudson, Wis., Oct. 24, 1861. Was attending Appleton, Wisconsin, University in 1878, when with his parents he moved to Washington, D. C. Ser ed five years in the U. S. Signal Corps at Fort Myer, Va., Indianapolis and Washington, and graduated from the National Law University, Washington, in 1884. He was admitted to the bar of the supreme court, District of Columbia, the same year and then returned to Hudson, entering the law office of John C. Spooner, with whom he remained for one year. Has held different city offices, including city attorney of Hudson for several years. He was appointed district attorney for St. Croix county by Governor Upham in April, 1896, and was elected for three consecutive terms thereafter. He was appointed on the staff of the governor in 1901 and elected to the assembly in 1902, receiving 2,156 votes against 2,082 for Herman Heebink (Dem.), and 177 for Waldo M. Mosher (Pro.).

TREMPEALEAU COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—23,114.

HERMAN L. EKERN (Rep.), was born in the town of Pigeon, Trempealeau county, Wis., Dec. 27, 1872. He was educated in the common schools at Pigeon and Whitehall and graduated from the college of Law at the University of Wis-
cousin in the class of 1894, and since his graduation has been practicing law at Whitewater, Wis., in co-partnership with H. A. Anderson under the firm name of Anderson & Ekorn. In 1894 he was nominated and elected for the office of district attorney for Trempeleau county on the Republican ticket, and held the office for two terms. He was elected to the assembly in 1902, receiving 2,183 votes against 590 votes cast for Herman E. Simpson (Dem.), and 117 for Wm. H. Gibson (Pro.).

VERNON COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—28,351.

ANDREW H. DAHL (Rep.), of Westby, was born in Columbia county, April 13, 1859, and was educated in the high school at Viroqua and the Northwestern Business college at Madison. Vernon county has been his home since 1864, and he is engaged in dealing in general merchandise. He was supervisor of the village of Westby during 1896 and 1897, and was elected trustee of Vernon county asylum in 1897 and re-elected in 1901. He was president of the village from 1899 to 1902, and was elected to the assembly in 1898 and 1900; was chairman of committee on penal and charitable institutions in the legislature of 1908; and re-elected in 1902, receiving 2,609 votes against 779 for George E. Tate (Dem.), and 180 for Vernon A. Stoddard (Pro.).

WALWORTH COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—29,259.

ALBERT E. SMITH (Rep.), is a mining engineer of wide reputation and extensive experience. He was born at Cape Vincent, Jefferson county, N. Y., in Oct., 1859, came to Wisconsin with his parents soon after, and settled in Walworth county. In 1861 he entered the Union army in Company K, Eighth Wisconsin Inf., and in 1862 was made captain of company B, same regiment, in which capacity he served to the close of the war. He has been elected mayor of Delavan three times, and was elected to the assembly in 1900 and re-elected in 1902, receiving 2,576 votes against 1,257 for John McFarlane (Dem.), and 284 for James Hague (Pro.).

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—23,589.

B. S. POTTER (Dem.), was born in the town of Elba, Genesee county, N. Y., Feb. 3, 1836. He came to West Bend in 1850 and clerked in a general store from that time until 1860, when he engaged in the mercantile business for himself, which business he continued until 1878 when he sold out and became connected with a wholesale grocery house in the capacity of commercial traveler. In 1883 he entered into the milling business and continued in that business until two years ago. He is now engaged in the real estate business in West Bend. He is president of the Advancement association. Had never sought or held office until elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 2,285 votes against 2,110 for Phillip G. Duerrrwaechter (Rep.).

WAUKESHA COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Eagle, Genesee, Mukwonago, Muskego, New Berlin, Ottawa, Vernon and Waukesha, the village of Eagle, and the city of Waukesha. Population, 1900—17,364.

JAMES JOHNSTON (Rep.), of Mukwonago, was born March 7, 1846, in the town of Waukesha, Waukesha county, and was educated in the common schools of his native town and at Milton college. He resided for a time at Palmyra, Jef-
ferson county; was engaged in the hardware business at Mukwonago. He is a
veteran of the war of 1861 to 1865, serving his country in the Thirteenth regi-
ment, Wis. Vol. Inf., from Aug., 1861, to Jan., 1866. He was elected to the as-
sembly in 1898, 1900, and again in 1902, receiving 1,857 votes against 1,566 for
W. H. Twoby (Dem.), and 102 for Valentine Young (Pro.).

WAUKESHA COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Brookfield, Delafield, Lisbon, Monomonee, Merton,
Oconomowoc, Pewaukee and Summit, the villages of Hartland, Monomonee
Falls and Pewaukee, and the city of Oconomowoc.

RODERICK AINSWORTH (Rep.), of Merton, is a farmer, born in Du Page
county, Ill., and came to Wisconsin in 1844, where he obtained his education in
Wisconsin common and normal schools. He has held various town offices and
the secretaryship of the Lisbon insurance-company several years, and has taught
school many years. He was elected to the assembly in 1900 and again in 1902,
receiving 1,853 votes against 1,459 for B. W. Delaney (Dem.), and 55 for W. H.
Lintelman (Pro.).

WAUPACA COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Caledonia, Dayton, Farmington, Fremont, Lind,
Little Wolf, Roynton, St. Lawrence, Scandinavia, Waupaca and Weyauwega,
the villages of Weyauwega, Fremont, Manawa and Scandinavia, and the city of
Waupaca. Population, 1900—16,337.

BARNEY S. PETERSON (Rep.), was born in the town of Scandinavia, May 29,
1853; received a common school education; is a farmer by occupation; elected
sheriff of Waupaca county in 1894 and again in 1898; served one term as under-
sheriff; was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 1,594 votes against
583 for Henry A. Larson (Pro.), and 420 for Herman Lindon (Dem.).

WAUPACA COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Bear Creek, Dupont, Harrison, Helvetia, Iola,
Lebanon, Larrabee, Mattoon, Mukwa, Union and Wyoming, the villages of
Embarrass, Iola and Marion, the city of Clintonville, and the 1st, 2d, 4th and
5th wards of the city of New London. Population, 1900—15,278.

GEORGE E. BEEDLE (Rep.), was born in Shawano, Wis., July 17, 1864; was
educated in the common schools; is a lumberman by occupation; was in the em-
ploy of the C. & N. W. Ry. Co. from 1883 to 1889; was elected member of the
county board of supervisors in 1901, resigning that position to become one of
the first trustees of the Waupaca County asylum, which position he still holds;
was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 1,518 votes against 538 for
Albert Weinmann (Dem.).

WAUSHARA COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—15,072.

DAVID EVANS, JR. (Rep.), of the town of Aurora, Waushara county, was
born Sept. 17, 1848, in Caernarvon, North Wales. He came with his parents to
America in 1853, settling at Strong's Landing (where now is built the city of
Berlin), and was educated in the common schools of the state. He served as a
Vol. Inf., during the war of the rebellion. Since the war he served on the
United States revenue cutter as gunner, and quartermaster on the following
ships and stations: "John A. Dix," Lakes Superior and Huron; "Andrew Johnson," Lake Michigan; "Robert Morris," Mobile bay and Gulf of Mexico; is a member of G. A. R. Post, No. 4, Berlin, of which he has been commander. He pursues dairying and general farming. He is a director of the Berlin National Bank. He was elected to the assembly Feb. 21, 1899, at a special election held to fill the vacancy caused by the death of William Hughes, and was again elected in 1900 and re-elected in 1902, receiving 2,222 votes against 148 for B. T. Davenport (Dem.), and 1 scattering.

WINNEBAGO COUNTY.
First District. The town of Oshkosh and the 1st, 2d, 4th, 5th, 7th, 8th, 10th, 11th and 12th wards of the city of Oshkosh. Population, 1900—20,317.

WILLIAM C. COWLING (Rep.), was born in Oshkosh, Wis., July 2, 1872; he received his education in the public-school of his native city; from completing his course in the high school in 1895 he was city editor of the Oshkosh Northwestern; resigned this position to become clerk of the municipal council; studied law and was admitted to the bar and formed a partnership with R. F. Hamilton of Princeton; in 1891 this partnership was dissolved and he took up the practice of law in Oshkosh; he is a prominent member of many fraternal organizations; was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 2,345 votes against 1,642 for Charles Voigt (Dem.), and 86 for Henry C. Senn (Pro.).

WINNEBAGO COUNTY.

WILLIAM FREDERICK HENRY ARNEMANN (Dem.), was born in Hanover, Germany, Oct. 14, 1850; came with his parents to America and settled in West Bend, Washington county, Wis., in 1855; was educated in the public and private schools of West Bend; in 1872 started a soda water factory at Neenah, Wis., and in 1878 engaged in the ice business at Neenah, both of which he is running at the present time. In 1888 he was elected alderman of the 2nd ward, city of Neenah, and in 1888 elected as mayor and re-elected in 1893 and 1895; served two terms on the school board of the city of Neenah, and the last four years as member of the county board of supervisors of Winnebago county; was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 1,872 votes against 1,653 for Jacob H. Healy (Rep.).

WINNEBAGO COUNTY.
Third District. The towns of Algoma, Black Wolf, Nehimi, Nepcooskun, Omro, Poygan, Rushford and Utica, the village of Osseo, and the 3d, 6th, 9th and 13th wards of the city of Oshkosh. Population, 1900—19,239.

JOHN A. FRIDD (Rep.), was born in Winnebago county, Oct. 23, 1850; received his education in the common schools and in Ripon College; is a farmer by occupation; served his town as school supervisor three years, and as chairman ten years; has been director of the Eureka Canning factory since 1900 and was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 2,187 votes against 1,350 for Fred H. Rinwin (Dem.), and 127 for Eugene M. Mathews (Pro.).

WOOD COUNTY.
One District. Population, 1900—25,865.

FRANK A. CADY (Rep.), is a lawyer by profession, also an extensive dealer in real estate. Was born in the town of Newport, Columbia county, Wisconsin, December 31, 1858. He obtained his education in the common schools, Kilmourn
City high school and the University of Wisconsin, from the law department of which he graduated in 1883. After graduating he located at Marshfield, where he resided until March, 1902, when he removed to the city of Grand Rapids, where he now resides. While living at Marshfield he was a member of the county board of supervisors of Wood county for twelve years, being elected chairman of the county board in 1896; was five years a member of the board of education of the city of Marshfield; was also five years city attorney of the city and was alderman for two years from the fifth ward of Marshfield; was a member of the republican state central committee for two terms, being the four years from 1898 to 1902; was elected member of assembly from Wood county in 1900 and re-elected in 1902, receiving 2,304 against 2,033 for William E. Wheeler (Dem.).

OFFICERS OF THE ASSEMBLY.

CHIEF CLERK.

C. O. MARSH (Rep.), was born in the town of Burnett, Dodge county, in 1859; educated at the Sun Prairie public schools and the University of Wisconsin, from which institution he graduated in the Ancient Classical course in 1883. On graduation, organized the high school at Antigo; was principal of same till 1886; principal of high school at Two Rivers from 1886 to 1892; in business at Antigo the following year; principal of high school at Antigo from 1892 to 1899; city superintendent in 1898 and 1899; county superintendent of schools in Langlade county from 1901 to 1903. In 1899 purchased the Antigo Republican, of which he has been editor and proprietor since; was a member of the board of directors of the Two Rivers Public Library during residence there, and is at present a member of the board of directors of the Antigo Public Library; has served a number of terms on the city council of Antigo and has been a member of the county board of Langlade county; in 1896 and 1900 was president of the Langlade Agricultural society; is secretary of the Langlade County Republican committee; was delegate to both Republican State conventions in 1900; was a member of the Republican Congressional committee of the Ninth Congressional district. Was assistant secretary of the Republican State convention of 1902; is at present a member of the committee to prepare an educational exhibit for Wisconsin for the St. Louis Exposition.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.

A. M. ANDERSON, of Grantsburg, Burnett county, sergeant-at-arms of the assembly in 1901 and 1903, was born in Norway March 23, 1866, and came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1870, when they settled in Racine, afterwards living at different points in the state and settling in Grantsburg in 1879. Since then Mr. Anderson has been a resident of Grantsburg and is in the general merchandising business. He received a common school education and was employed eight years with the St. Paul & Duluth railroad. He was editor and proprietor of the Grantsburg Sentinel six years, was one of the founders of the first bank of Grantsburg and has been secretary of the Grantsburg Starch company since its organization. He had charge of the Document Receiving department of the Republican National committee in Chicago during the campaign of 1900 and is the youngest man ever elected sergeant-at-arms of the Wisconsin legislature and the first man since 1873 to be re-elected to the office.
JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

JOHN B. CASSoday, chief justice, was born in Herkimer county, N. Y., July 7, 1830; removed with his widowed mother to Tioga county, Pa., three years later. His early studies were pursued in the common schools, at the academies in Wellboro and Knoxville, Pa., and two years at the Alfred academy, where he graduated. He spent one year at the Michigan University and then attended the Albany law school; afterward reading in a law office in Wellbro, Pa. In July, 1857, he settled in Janesville, Wis., and continued actively in practice until called to the supreme bench; was member of the assembly in 1865, and again in 1877, when he was elected speaker of that body. In 1880, Nov. 11, he was appointed by Gov. William E. Smith, as associate justice of the supreme court, a vacancy having been caused by the promotion of Associate Justice Cole to the chief justiceship to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Chief Justice Edward J. Ryan. He was elected associate justice in April, 1881, and again in April, 1889, and again in 1899, and is a professor in the College of Law, University of Wisconsin, lecturing on constitutional law. He is the author of "Cassoday on Wills," a law text book published in 1893. He became chief justice upon the death of Justice Orton in July, 1895, by virtue of his seniority in service, and has continued since ever since.

JOHN B. WINSLOW was born Oct. 4, 1851, at Nunda, Livingston county, N. Y. He graduated at Racine college, Wis., in 1871, and entered upon the study of law in the law office of E. O. Hand, and later in the law office of Fuller & Dyer. He finished his course of reading at the law department of the University of Wisconsin, from which he graduated in 1875, and entered upon the practice at Racine. He was for several years city attorney of Racine. In April, 1883, he was elected circuit judge of the first judicial circuit, and entered upon judicial duties in January, 1884, serving in that capacity (being re-elected) until May 4, 1891, when he was appointed associate justice of the supreme court, in place of Hon. David Taylor, deceased. In April, 1892, he was elected to fill the residue of Judge Taylor's term; in April, 1895, he was re-elected for a full term.

ROUET D. MARSHALL was born Dec. 27, 1847, in Nashua, N. H.; was educated principally at the Delton Academy, Baraboo Collegiate Institute and Lawrence University. The Marshalls came to this country from England in 1650 and settled in Boston. The subject of this sketch came to Wisconsin in 1854; resided at Delton, Suik county, until 1872, and since that time in Chippewa Falls; commenced the study of law at the age of 17, which he continued with his school work till he was 24, since which time he has been actively engaged in the profession; as county judge of Chippewa county from 1876 to 1883; member of the board of regents of the University of Wisconsin from 1884 to 1889; elected circuit judge of the Eleventh circuit in April, 1888, and re-elected in April, 1894; was appointed to the supreme bench in August, 1893, and was elected to the supreme bench in April, 1896, for the unexpired term of Chief Justice Orton, deceased; was re-elected April 6, 1897, for a full term.

CHAS. V. BARDEEN was born in Brookfield, Madison county, N. Y., Sept. 23, 1850, removing to Wisconsin in 1855; graduated at Albon Academy in 1869, and entered the law office of J. P. Towne of Edgerton, Wis., in 1874. Finished his studies in the law department of the State University, graduating with class of 1875, and commenced the practice of his profession at Wausau, Marathon county. Was city attorney, district attorney and city superintendent of schools. In April, 1891, was elected judge in the 16th judicial circuit, and re-elected in
1897. Was appointed justice of the supreme court in January, 1898, to succeed Hon. A. W. Newman, deceased. In April, 1898, was elected for the residue of Judge Newman's term.

JOSHUA ERIC DODGE was born Oct. 25, 1854, in West Cambridge (now Arlington), Middlesex county, Mass.; received his education in the public schools of that place, Westford Academy, at Westford in the same county and graduated with the class of 1875 from Iowa College at Grinnell, Ia.; graduated from the Law School of the Boston University in 1877. He was admitted to the bar by the supreme court of Massachusetts in that year; moved to Racine, Wis., in March, 1878, and there continued in the general practice of the law until September, 1893, when he was appointed assistant attorney general of the United States, which position he occupied until July, 1897, when he returned to Wisconsin and engaged in practice at Milwaukee until his appointment as associate justice of the supreme court upon the resignation of Mr. Justice Pinney Nov. 22, 1898; was member of assembly in 1891 and 1892; and was appointed a member of the Board of Commissioners for the Promotion of Uniformity of Legislation in the United States, April 18, 1893. Mr. Dodge was elected to full term on the supreme bench in April, 1901.

UNIVERSITYY DEPARTMENT HEADS.

ACTING PRESIDENT OF THE UNIVERSITY.

EDWARD ASAHEL BIRGE, Ph. D., Sc. D., Dean of the College of Letters and Science, was born Sept. 7, 1851, at Troy, N. Y.; graduated from Williams College in 1873, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and received the degree of Master of Arts in 1876; studied zoology in the Agassiz Museum of Comparative Zoology at Cambridge, Mass., until December, 1875; received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from Harvard University in 1878, and of Doctor of Science (honorary) from the Western University of Pennsylvania in 1897; studied histology and physiology in the University of Leipzig, Germany, during the college year 1880-1; elected instructor in natural history at the University of Wisconsin in 1875; professor of zoology in 1879; and in 1891 received the additional office of dean of the College of Letters and Science and served as acting president 1900-3. He is secretary of the Wisconsin Commissioners of Fisheries, superintendent of the Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey, president of the Madison Public Library, and president of the American Microscopical Society. His papers are on scientific subjects, mainly in the Archiv für Physiologie, the Biologisches Centraalblatt, and the Transactions of the Wisconsin Academy of Sciences, Arts, and Letters.

VICE-PRESIDENT OF THE UNIVERSITY.

JOHN BARBER PARKINSON, A. M., Vice-President of the University, Professor of Constitutional and International Law, was born at Edwardsville, Madison county, Ill., April 11, 1834; graduated from the University of Wisconsin in 1859; was an instructor in the University, 1861-62; County Superintendent of La Fayette county, 1860-64; Regent of the University, 1860-67; was appointed to a full professorship—the first from the alumni—in 1867; held the chair of Mathematics, 1867-72; of Civil Polity and Constitutional Law, 1872-74; was in journalism and president of the Wisconsin State Board of Centennial Managers, 1874-76; Professor of Civil Polity and Political Economy, 1876-93; was appointed Professor of Constitutional and International
Law in 1883, and has been vice-president of the University since 1888. He has thus been connected with the University nearly forty years. Several of his addresses, read before the State Agricultural Society, the Academy of Sciences, Arts and Letters, and other societies, have been published; courses of lectures on International Law, English and American Constitutional Law and Political Economy have been prepared, but not yet published.

WILLIAM ARNON HENRY, Agr. B., Dean of the College of Agriculture, was born at Norwalk, Ohio, June 10, 1850. His early life was spent on a farm in northwestern Ohio. He studied at the Defiance, Ohio, high school, Holbrook normal school, and Ohio Wesleyan University, was principal of the New Haven, Indiana, high school, 1871. Principal of the Boulder, Colorado, high school, 1873–76. Entered Cornell University in the fall of '76, and was graduated from that institution in 1880, with the degree of Bachelor of Agriculture. In the summer of 1897 was with Professor C. V. Riley of the United States Entomological Commission, Washington, D. C. During 1879 and 1880 was assistant in the botanical department at Cornell University. Was appointed professor of botany and agriculture, University of Wisconsin, beginning work in September, 1880. In 1882, was relieved of botanical work and elected professor of agriculture. In 1887, was given charge of the work of the experiment station under the title of Director. In 1891, was appointed Dean of the College of Agriculture; present title, Dean of the College of Agriculture and Director of the Agricultural Experiment Station. Since 1887, has served as staff correspondent for the Breeder's Gazette, Chicago. In 1881–82, under the direction of the legislature, he conducted experiments in the manufacture of sugar from amber cane, and the ensiling of fodder, the report of the work being embraced in two volumes published by the state. The Experiment Station, under his direction, has issued nineteen annual reports and ninety-seven bulletins. He is the author of the chapter on Cattle Feeding in the special report on Diseases of Cattle and Cattle Feeding, published by the Department of Agriculture, Washington. By direction of the legislature of 1893, he prepared a hand-book for the homeseeker, a volume of 200 pages, with nearly 100 half-tone illustrations setting forth the agricultural features of northern Wisconsin. Of this publication 50,000 copies were printed and distributed. In December, 1896, he published a bulletin of forty pages, showing that Wisconsin is adapted to the production of sugar from the beet root, and strongly urged the erection of beet sugar factories in our state. In March, 1898, he published a volume of 601 pages on stock feeding, entitled "Feeds and Feeding; a Hand-book for the Student and Stockman." This work has gone through five editions.

FREDERICK EUGENE TURNEAURB, C. E., Acting Dean of the College of Mechanics and Engineering. Born in Stephenson county, Illinois, in 1866. Received a country school education and attended the Freeport, Ill., high school for a short time. Entered Cornell University in 1885, and graduated from Civil Engineering course in 1889. From 1889 to 1900 he was engaged in railroad engineering in Virginia and Kentucky. From 1890 to 1902 he was Instructor in Civil Engineering at Washington University, St. Louis, and in 1892 was appointed to the chair of Bridge and Sanitary Engineering of the University of Wisconsin. He was also city engineer of Madison from 1900 to 1902, and has been engaged as consulting engineer on municipal work. He is a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers, of the Western Society of Engineers, and of the American Association for the Advancement of Science. He has published as joint author, Modern Framed Structures, 1893, and Public Water Supplies, 1901; besides contributions to the proceedings of various societies, and to technical journals.

RICHARD THEODORE ELI, Ph. D., LL. D., Director of the School of Economics and Political Science, and Professor of Political Economy, was born at Ripley, Chautauqua county, N. Y., April 13, 1854. Columbia College, A. B., 1876; A. M., Columbia College, 1879; Ph. D., Heidelberg University, 1879; LL. D., Hobart College, 1892; Fellow in Letters, Columbia College, 1876–79; student
at the universities of Halle, Heidelberg and Geneva, and at the Royal Statistical Bureau, Berlin, 1877-80; holder of the chair of Political Economy, Johns Hopkins University, 1881-92; secretary of the American Economic Association, 1885-92; president of the American Economic Association, 1899-1901; member of the Baltimore Tax Commission, 1885-86; member of the Maryland Tax Commission, 1886-88; Professor of Political Economy and Director of the School of Economics and Political Science in the University of Wisconsin, 1892. Publications—French and German Socialism in Modern Times, New York, 1885; The Past and the Present of Political Economy, Baltimore, 1884; Japanese translation, Tokyo, 1888; Taxation in American States and Cities, New York, 1888; Japanese translation, Tokyo, 1894; Problems of Today, New York, 1888; Social Aspects of Christianity, New York, 1889; also London, 1904; An Introduction to Political Economy, New York and London, 1801; Japanese translation, Tokyo, Japan, 1900; Dutch translation, Amsterdam, 1897; Outlines of Economics (College edition), New York, 1893, also in raised characters for the blind; Socialism and Social Reform, New York and London, 1894; the Social Law of Service, New York, 1890; Monopolies and Trusts, New York and London, 1900; Italian translation, Turin, 1902; The Coming City, New York, 1902; is editor of MacMillan's Citizens Library of Economics, Politics and Sociology, and a frequent contributor to the North American Review, the Forum, Harper's Magazine, the Century, Outlook, Harper's Weekly, the Independent, etc.

GEORGE CARY COMSTOCK, Director of Washburn Observatory, was born in 1855, at Madison, Wis. Was educated in common schools and University of Michigan, graduating from the latter in 1877. Recorder and Assistant United States Lake Survey, seasons of 1874-77. Assistant in Observatory of the University of Michigan, 1878. Assistant Engineer, United States Improvement of the Mississippi River, 1879. Assistant in Washburn Observatory, University of Wisconsin, 1880-83. Graduated from Law School, University of Wisconsin, 1883. Computer, Nautical Almanac Office, Washington, 1883-84. Astronomer, Washburn Observatory, 1884-88. Professor of Mathematics and Astronomy, Ohio State University, 1885-87. Professor of Astronomy, University of Wisconsin, and Associate Director Washburn Observatory, 1887. Director Washburn Observatory, 1889. Member National Academy of Sciences, 1899. Published five volumes of Publications of the Washburn Observatory; Method of Least Squares, 1889; Textbook of Astronomy 1900; Field Astronomy for Engineers, 1902; numerous scientific papers in the Astronomical Journal, Sidereal Messenger, Astronomy and Astro-Physics, Aerononomische Nachrichten, Astrophysical Journal, etc.

EDWIN EUSTACE BRYANT, Dean of the College of Law, born Jan. 10, 1835, in Milton, Chittenden county, Vt.; received an academic education in the New Hampton Institute; removed to Wisconsin in 1857, admitted to the bar and began the practice of law at Monroe, in 1858. When the rebellion broke out he enlisted as a private in Co. C, Third Wis. Infantry. He was promoted to sergeant-major before leaving the state; served three years as lieutenant and adjutant under Colonel, now General Thomas H. Ruger. In July, 1864, he was appointed commissioner of enrollment for the third district of Wisconsin, and in February, 1865, was commissioned lieutenant-colonel of the Fiftieth Wis. Infantry, and served one year in Missouri. In 1868 he was appointed adjutant-general of the state and private secretary to Governor Fairchild; in 1872, he re-entered the practice of law, in partnership with W. F. Vilas. In 1876, he again was adjutant-general under Governors Luddington and Smith, and continued in office until 1882; was a member of the legislature in 1878, and served as chairman of the committee on revision of the state statutes; was appointed with W. F. Vilas in 1872 to revise and annotate eighteen volumes of the supreme court reports, and reported the thirty-seventh volume. In 1884 was appointed assistant attorney general of the Postoffice Department, and held four years. In 1889, General Bryant was elected Dean of the College of Law of the University of Wisconsin, to which he has since given his entire time and attention. In 1869, associated
with John C. Spooner, he published an edition of Town Laws, with forms
and instructions for town officers. While connected with the postoffice de-
partment he edited the Postal Guide, and compiled a volume of postal laws
and regulations and a manual of instructions to postoffice inspectors; the au-
thor of several works on legal subjects: The Wisconsin Justice, a manual for
justices of the peace (1884), Code Pleadings (1894), Elementary Law (1895),
Code Practice (1898), Annotated Constitution of the United States (1901),
and several books for use of students. His military experiences are recorded
in the History of the Third Regiment Wisconsin Veteran Volunteers, written
by him, published in 1891. In 1896, he wrote a history of the Supreme court
of Wisconsin for the Green Bag, a law magazine published in Boston. He
has been president of the Commissioners of Fisheries since 1893, and is now
President of the Geological and Natural History Survey Commission.
POLITICAL DISTRICT APPOINTMENTS, 1901.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

In accordance with provisions of the Fifty-sixth congress providing for eleven congressmen from Wisconsin, the legislature of 1901 reapportioned the state into eleven congressional districts. The total population of the state is 2,069,042, and the average population per congressional district is 188,094 and 8.11 persons, practically 188,095. By the new apportionment there are six districts with population below the normal, the Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Ninth. The population of the other five districts is above normal. The Second district has the least population, 170,782, or 17,303 below normal. The Eleventh has the largest population, 217,659, or 29,555 above normal, a total difference of 46,858 between the lowest and highest in point of population. In point of population the Tenth district is closest to the normal figure, being but 2,880 above. The apportionment into congressional districts follows: [See map, back of book.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>District</th>
<th>Counties or parts of counties</th>
<th>Population</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FIRST</td>
<td>Green, Kenosha, Racine, Rock, Lafayette and Walworth counties</td>
<td>191,491</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SECOND</td>
<td>Adams, Columbia, Dane, Green Lake, Jefferson and Marquette counties</td>
<td>170,782</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>THIRD</td>
<td>Crawford, Grant, Iowa, Juneau, Richland, Sauk and Vernon counties</td>
<td>150,750</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FOURTH</td>
<td>The 20, 30, 40, 60, 65, 70, 80, 90, 10th, 20th, 14th, 15th, 21st, 22nd, 26th and 27th wards of the city of Milwaukee, the towns of Franklin, Greenfield, Lake, Oak Creek, Wauwatosa, the village of Cudahy, the cities of South Milwaukee and Waukesha, in Milwaukee Co.</td>
<td>183,540</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FIFTH</td>
<td>The 1st, 6th, 10th, 13th, 15th, 16th, 18th, 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd and 24th wards of the city of Milwaukee, the towns of Green Lake and Milwaukee, the villages of East Milwaukee, North Milwaukee and Whitefish Bay, in Milwaukee county, and the county of Waukesha</td>
<td>181,768</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SIXTH</td>
<td>Dodge, Fond du Lac, Ozaukee, Sheboygan and Washington counties</td>
<td>184,537</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SEVENTH</td>
<td>Buffalo, Clark, Eau Claire, Jackson, La Crosse, Monroe, Pepin and Trempealeau counties</td>
<td>183,459</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EIGHTH</td>
<td>Calumet, Manitowoc, Portage, Waukesha, Waushara and Winnebago counties</td>
<td>194,654</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NINTH</td>
<td>Brown, Door, Kewaunee, Marinette, Oconto and Outagamie counties</td>
<td>179,097</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TENTH</td>
<td>Ashland, Florence, Forest, Iron, Langlade, Lincoln, Marathon, Oneida, Price, Shawano, Taylor, Vilas and Wood counties</td>
<td>190,975</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ELEVENTH</td>
<td>Barron, Bayfield, Burnett, Chippewa, Douglas, Dunn, Pierce, Polk, St. Croix, Sawyer and Washburn counties</td>
<td>217,659</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total population: 2,069,042

SENATORIAL DISTRICTS.

[Average population per district, 62,598 8.33. See map, back of book.]

The apportionment of the state, by the legislature, into thirty-three senatorial districts, following each federal and state census of population, is in accordance with constitutional provision. By the census of 1900 the total population of the state is 2,069,042. Hence the unit, or normal for senatorial districts is 62,598 8.33, or practically 62,598½. In the following table the districts are numbered in the apportionment act, and the actual population of each is given, also the excess of population above the normal figure in those districts having an excess, and the deficiency, or number under the normal, in those below the normal figure. The basis for this figuring is 62,598 even, not taking into account
the fraction of one-fourth of a person to each district. This prohibits an exact balancing of the totals in the excess and deficiency columns by 8, the total of one-fourth of a person to each district.

The table shows a total of twenty districts, each having an excess above the normal, and thirteen each below the normal. The greatest difference in population of any two districts is between the Fourteenth, Outagamie and Shawano, with 73,722, an excess of 11,024, and the Thirteenth, Dodge, with a total population of 46,631, or 16,067 below normal, a total difference between them of 27,091. The table shows the excess or deficiency in each district, the list of districts, as constituted, following the table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>District No.</th>
<th>Population</th>
<th>Above normal</th>
<th>Below normal</th>
<th>District No.</th>
<th>Population</th>
<th>Above normal</th>
<th>Below normal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>65,617</td>
<td>3,919</td>
<td></td>
<td>18</td>
<td>62,388</td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>67,233</td>
<td>4,653</td>
<td></td>
<td>19</td>
<td>65,225</td>
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<td>4,473</td>
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<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>65,351</td>
<td>4,651</td>
<td></td>
<td>20</td>
<td>66,703</td>
<td>4,010</td>
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<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>61,025</td>
<td>1,663</td>
<td></td>
<td>21</td>
<td>61,605</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,600</td>
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<td>5</td>
<td>63,199</td>
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<td></td>
<td>22</td>
<td>61,023</td>
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<td>2,176</td>
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<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>71,771</td>
<td>9,073</td>
<td></td>
<td>23</td>
<td>64,018</td>
<td>1,305</td>
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<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>65,823</td>
<td>9,355</td>
<td></td>
<td>24</td>
<td>64,729</td>
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<td>8</td>
<td>64,423</td>
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<td>25</td>
<td>60,685</td>
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<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>61,478</td>
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<td></td>
<td>26</td>
<td>64,127</td>
<td>1,429</td>
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<td>10</td>
<td>50,753</td>
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<td>11,295</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>47,834</td>
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<td>14,184</td>
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<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>61,618</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,054</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>52,460</td>
<td></td>
<td>9,158</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>45,431</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,462</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>53,835</td>
<td></td>
<td>8,688</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>73,122</td>
<td></td>
<td>11,024</td>
<td>30</td>
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<td>58,167</td>
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<tr>
<td>15</td>
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<td>32</td>
<td>58,167</td>
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<td>3,375</td>
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THE SENATORIAL DISTRICTS.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dist. No.</th>
<th>Counties or Parts of Counties</th>
<th>Population</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Door, Kewaunee and Marinette</td>
<td>65,617</td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>Brown and Oconto</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>Kenosha and Racine</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>Milwaukee 1st—The 1st, 15th, 16th and 21st wards, city of Milwaukee, towns of Grunville and Milwaukee, villages of East Milwaukee, North Milwaukee and Whitewater Bay</td>
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<td>5</td>
<td>Milwaukee 2d, The 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th wards, city of Milwaukee</td>
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<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Milwaukee 3d, The 10th and 11th wards, city of Milwaukee, towns of Franklin, Greenfield, Lake, Oak Creek, and Watertown, villages of Cudahy, cities of South Milwaukee and Wauwatosa</td>
<td>63,858</td>
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<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Milwaukee 4th, The 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th and 13th wards, city of Milwaukee</td>
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<td>8</td>
<td>Milwaukee 5th, The 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th and 12th wards, city of Milwaukee</td>
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<td>Adams, Marquette, Waukesha and Wood</td>
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<td>Green, Iowa and Lafayette</td>
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<td>Fond du Lac and Green Lake</td>
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<td>29</td>
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<td>30</td>
<td>Florence, Forest, Iron, Langlade, Lincoln, Oconto and Vilas</td>
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<td>31</td>
<td>Jackson, Juneau and Monroe</td>
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<td>32</td>
<td>La Crosse and Trempealeau</td>
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<td>33</td>
<td>Washington and Waukesha</td>
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Total ........................................................................................................ 2,082,842
ASSEMBLY DISTRICTS.

(Average population per district, 20,690 42-100. See map, back of book.)

The apportionment of the state into 100 assembly districts on a basis of the population of the state, as ascertained by the Federal census of 1900, is in accordance with constitutional provisions. The total population as a basis is 2,069,042, hence the normal average of population per district is 20,690 42-100 persons. The assembly districts, numbered as to population, follow:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>District</th>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Population</th>
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<td>Portage Co.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Burnett and Polk Cos.</td>
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<td>Racine Co.</td>
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<td>Oconto Co.</td>
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<td>Milwaukee Co., 7th.</td>
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<td>Juneau Co.</td>
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<td>20,623</td>
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In the apportionment adopted there were forty-eight districts, each with a population above the normal and fifty-two with population each below normal. The forty-eight above normal have a total population of 1,143,807, a total of 150,667 above normal. Their average population is 23,829 15-48 each, or an average of
3,139 each above normal. The other fifty-two districts have a total of 925,235 population. Their average population per district is 17,793, an average of 2,597 each below normal. Under this apportionment forty-eight members of the assembly will represent 55 28-100 per cent. of the people and fifty-two members will represent 44 72-100 per cent. of the people of the state. The district with the highest excess above normal is that constituted by Portage county with an excess of 8,703. The one least above is the second district of Racine county, with an excess of only 158. The fourteenth district of Milwaukee county is but 37 below normal, while the second district of Marinette county is 6,008 below normal. There are sixteen districts practically within 1,000 of the normal figure; numbers 43 to 58, inclusive, and twenty-five are within 1,500 of the normal figure. A complete list of the assembly districts as constituted by the apportionment of 1901 is as follows:

SINGLE COUNTRY DISTRICTS.

ASHLAND COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—20,176.
BARRON COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—23,677.
CALUMET COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—17,078.
CLARKE COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—25,848.
CRAWFORD COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—17,286.
DOOR COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—17,583.
DUNN COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—25,043.
EIXEN COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—22,719.
GREEN LAKE COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—15,797.
IOWA COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—23,114.
JACKSON COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—17,466.
JUNEAU COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—20,629.
KENOSHA COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—21,767.
KEMOUL COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—17,212.
LA FAYETTE COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—20,050.
LINCOLN COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—13,209.
MILWAUKEE COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—28,312.
MONROE COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—20,874.
OCONTO COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—16,363.
Pierce County, one district. Population, 1900—23,943.
PORTAGE COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—29,453.
RICHLAND COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—19,483.
SHAWANO COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—27,475.
ST. CROIX COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—28,350.
THORP COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—23,114.
Vernon County, one district. Population, 1900—23,591.
Walworth County, one district. Population, 1900—29,259.
Washington County, one district. Population, 1900—23,590.
Waukesha County, one district. Population, 1900—15,972.
Waukesha County, one district. Population, 1900—23,365.

DISTRICTS EMBRACING TWO OR MORE COUNTIES.

ADAMS AND MARQUETTE COUNTIES, one district. Population, 1900—19,650.
DAVENPORT, SAWYER AND WAUSAU COUNTIES, one district. Population, 1900—
23,505.
BUFFALO AND PEOPLES COUNTIES, one district. Population, 1900—24,670.
BROOKFIELD AND POOLs COUNTIES, one district. Population, 1900—23,279.
FOREST, FLORENCE AND LANGLEY COUNTIES, one district. Population, 1900—
17,146.
IRON, ONTARIO AND WILSON COUNTIES, one district. Population, 1900—20,420.
PRICE AND TAYLOR COUNTIES, one district. Population, 1900—20,368.
DISTRICTS, TWO OR MORE IN A COUNTY.


BROWN Co., Second Dist.—The towns of Altoona, Bellevue, Depere, Eaton, Glenmore, Green Bay, Holland, Humboldt, Lawrence, Morrison, New Denmark, Preble, Rockland, Scott and Wrightstown, the village of Wrightstown, the city of Depere, and that part of Ouelia reservation within the county of Brown. Population, 1909—22,987.

CHIPPEWA Co., First Dist.—The towns of Edson, La Fayette, Siegel, Tilden, and Wheaton, the third, fourth, fifth, sixth, eighth, ninth and tenth wards of the city of Chippewa Falls, the city of Stanley, the villages of Boyd and Cadott. Population, 1909—15,676.

CHIPPEWA Co., Second Dist.—The towns of Anson, Arthur, Auburn, Bloomer, Big Bend, Cleveland, Colborn, Dewey, Eagle Point, Flambeau, Lawrence, Sampson and Strickland, the village of Bloomer, and the first, second and seventh wards of the city of Chippewa Falls. Population, 1909—17,361.

By act of legislature in 1901, the county of Chippewa was formed (comprising the towns of Atlanta, Big Bend, Dewey, Lawrence, Bush, Strickland and Flambeau and the part of township 33 north, range 7 west, lying south of Chippewa river) and remains a part of the second assembly district of Chippewa county.


COLUMBIA Co., Second Dist.—The towns of Columbus, Courtland, Fountain Prairie, Hampden, Leeds, Lowville, Marcellon, Otego, Randolph, Scott, Springvale, and Wyocena, the villages of Cambria, Fardeville, Rio, the west ward of the village of Randolph, and the city of Columbus. Population, 1890—16,004.


DANE Co., Third Dist.—The towns of Berry, Black Earth, Blue Mounds, Cross Plains, Dane, Fitchburg, Mazomanie, Middleton, Montrose, Oregon, Perry, Primrose, Roxbury, Rutland, Springdale, Springfield, Vienna, Vermont, and Verona, the villages of Belleville, Dane, Oregon, Mazomanie, and Mount Horeb. Population, 1909—22,457.

DODGE Co., First Dist.—The towns of Ashippun, Clyman, Emmett, Herman, Hubbard, Hustisford, Lebanon, Leroy, Lomira, Rubicon, Shields, Theresa and Williamstown, the villages of Lomira and Theresa, the cities of Horicon and Mayville, and the fifth and sixth wards of the city of Watertown. Population, 1909—22,636.

DODGE Co., Second Dist.—The towns of Beaver Dam, Burnett, Calumet, Chester, Elba, Fox Lake, Lowell, Oak Grove, Portland, Trenton and Westford, the villages of Fox Lake, Lowell and Reesville, the east ward of the village of Randolph, the cities of Juneau and Beaver Dam, and the south ward of the city of Waupun. Population, 1909—18,295.


EAU CLAIRE Co., Second Dist.—The towns of Bridge Creek, Brunswick, Clear Creek, Drammen, Fairchild, Lincoln, Ladington, Otter Creek, Pleasant Valley, Union and Washington, the village of Fairchild, the fourth and seventh


FOND DU LAC Co., Second Dist.—The towns of Alto, Ashford, Auburn, Byron, Eden, Eldorado, Lamartine, Metomen, Osceola, Oakfield, Ripon, Rosendale, Springvale and Waupun, the village of Brandon, the north ward of the city of Waupun, and the city of Ripon. Population, 1900—23,848.

GRANT Co., First Dist.—The towns of Beutown, Cassville, Clifton, Ellinorborough, Glen Haven, Hazel Green, Harrison, Jamestown, Lima, Paris, Platteville, Potosi, Smeizer and Waterloo, the villages of Cassville, Cuba City, Hazel Green and Potosi, and the city of Platteville. Population, 1900—19,694.

GRANT Co., Second Dist.—The towns of Bloomington, Boscoel, Castle Rock, Fennimore, Hickory Grove, Lancaster, Liberty, Little Grant, Marion, Millville, Mt. Hope, Mt. Ida, Muscoda, Ratchet Grove, Waterstown, Wingville, Woodman and Wyunion, the villages of Bloomington, Fennimore, Montfort and Muscoda, the cities of Boscoel and Lancaster. Population, 1900—19,837.


JEFFERSON Co., Second Dist.—The towns of Astalan, Cold Spring, Jefferson, Kooshkonong, Lake Mills, Oakland, Summer and Waterloo, the villages of Lake Mills and Waterloo, the cities of Fort Atkinson and Jefferson. Population, 1900—17,412.

LA CROSSE Co., First Dist.—The town of Campbell, the first, second, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, ninth, tenth, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, nineteenth and twentieth wards of the city of La Crosse. Population, 1900—21,840.

LA CROSSE Co., Second Dist.—The towns of Bangor, Barre, Burns, Farmington, Greenfield, Hamilton, Ixeland, Onalaska, Shelby and Washington, the villages of Bangor and West Salem, the third, eighth, seventeenth and eighteenth wards of the city of La Crosse, and the city of Onalaska. Population, 1900—21,157.

MANTITOWOC Co., First Dist.—The towns of Centerville, Liberty, Manitowoc, Manitowoc Rapids, Meeme and Newton, and the city of Manitowoc. Population, 1900—20,343.

MANTITOWOC Co., Second Dist.—The towns of Cato, Cooperstown, Eaton, Franklin, Gibson, Kossuth, Maple Grove, Mishicot, Rockland, Schleswig, Two Creeks, and Two Rivers, the villages of Kiel and Reedsville, and the city of Two Rivers. Population, 1900—21,018.


MILWAUKEE Co., First Dist.—The first and eighteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—23,396.


MILWAUKEE Co., Third Dist.—The seventeenth ward of the city of Milwaukee, the towns of Oak Creek and Lake, the village of Cudahy, and the city of South Milwaukee. Population, 1900—22,236.

MILWAUKEE Co., Fourth Dist.—The fifteenth and sixteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—22,346.
MILWAUKEE CO., FIFTH DIST.—The fifth and twelfth wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—23,247.

MILWAUKEE CO., SIXTH DIST.—The third, fourth, and seventh wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—23,270.

MILWAUKEE CO., SEVENTH DIST.—The third, fourth, and seventh wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—23,270.


MILWAUKEE CO., NINTH DIST.—The ninth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—17,623.

MILWAUKEE CO., TENTH DIST.—The tenth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—17,924.

MILWAUKEE CO., ELEVENTH DIST.—The eleventh ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—21,903.

MILWAUKEE CO., TWELFTH DIST.—The twelfth and twenty-second wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—20,231.

MILWAUKEE CO., THIRTEENTH DIST.—The thirteenth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—17,026.

MILWAUKEE CO., FOURTEENTH DIST.—The fourteenth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—20,651.

MILWAUKEE CO., FIFTEENTH DIST.—The twenty-first ward of the city of Milwaukee, the town of Grand Chute and Milwaukee, the villages of East Milwaukee, North Milwaukee, and Whitefish Bay. Population, 1900—20,613.

MILWAUKEE CO., SIXTEENTH DIST.—The twentieth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—16,803.


OUTAGAMIE CO., SECOND DIST.—The towns of Black Creek, Buchanan, Clermont, Deer Creek, Freedom, Hortonia, Kaukauna, Liberty, Malone, Maple Creek, Osborne and Seymour, the villages of Little Chute and Hortonville, the cities of Kaukauna and Seymour, the third ward of the city of New London, and that part of Oneida reservation that lies within Outagamie county. Population, 1900—23,145.

RACINE CO., FIRST DIST.—The first, second, third, fourth, fifth, and sixth wards of the city of Racine. Population, 1900—24,807.

RACINE CO., SECOND DIST.—The towns of Burlington, Caledonia, Dover, Mt. Pleasant, Norway, Raymond and Rochester, the villages of Union Grove, Waterford and Yorkville, the seventh ward of the city of Racine, and the city of Burlington. Population, 1900—20,537.


SAUK CO., FIRST DIST.—The towns of Baraboo, Delano, Denton, Excelsior, Fairfield, Freedom, Greenfield, Merrimac, Prairie du Sac and Sumpter, the villages of Ableman, Merrimac, North Freedom, Prairie du Sac and Sauk City, and the city of Baraboo. Population, 1900—16,905.

SAUK CO., SECOND DIST.—The towns of Bear Creek, Franklin, Honey Creek, Ironton, La Valle, Readesburg, Spring Green, Troy, Washington, Westfield, Winfield and Woodland, the villages of La Valle and Spring Green, and the city of Readesburg. Population, 1900—16,101.

SHEBOYGAN CO., FIRST DIST.—The town of Sheboygan, and the city of Sheboygan. Population, 1900—25,149.


WAUKESHA CO., Second Dist.—The towns of Brookfield, Delafield, Lisbon, Menominee, Merton, Oconomowoc, Pewaukee and Summit, the villages of Hartland, Menominee Falls and Pewaukee, and the city of Oconomowoc. Population, 1900—17,865.

WAUPACA CO., First Dist.—The towns of Caledonia, Dayton, Farmington, Fremont, Lind, Little Wolf, Royalton, St. Lawrence, Scandinavia, Waupaca and Weyauwega, the villages of Weyauwega, Fremont, Manawa and Scandinavia, and the city of Waupaca. Population, 1900—16,337.

WAUPACA CO., Second Dist.—The towns of Bear Creek, Dupont, Harrison, Helvetia, Iola, Lebanon, Larabee, Matteson, Mukwa, Union and Wyoming, the villages of Embarrass, Iola and Marion, the city of Clintonville, and the first, second, fourth and fifth wards of the city of New London. Population, 1900—15,278.

WINNEBAGO CO., First Dist.—The town of Oshkosh, the first, second, fourth, fifth, seventh, eighth, tenth, eleventh, and twelfth wards of the city of Oshkosh. Population, 1900—20,317.

WINNEBAGO CO., Second Dist.—The towns of Clayton, Menasha, Neenah, Vinland, Winchester, Winneconne and Wolf River, the village of Winneconne, and the cities of Menasha and Neenah. Population, 1900—18,670.

WINNEBAGO CO., Third Dist.—The towns of Algoma, Black Wolf, Nekima, Nepeskin, Omro, Poygan, Rushford and Utica, the village of Omro, and the third, sixth, ninth and thirteenth wards of the city of Oshkosh. Population, 1900—19,238.