domain west of the Mississippi, for the residence of all the tribes residing east of that river, were unable to subsist themselves.

The applicability of this latter precedent to this subject is obviously strengthened by the fact that the reasons which induced that appropriation in the absence of any allegation of the failure of crops or scarcity of provisions, are not so forcible as those now suggested by the indigent and suffering condition of those Indians, who have made reasonable efforts to secure the ordinary means of subsistence; yet whose prospects have been blasted by an agency beyond their control.

For the condition of the Indian trust fund, I respectfully refer you to the annual statement of Godard Bailey, disbursing clerk, from which it will be seen that but few changes have been made since the last report.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

A. B. GREENWOOD,
Commissioner.

Hon. J. THOMPSON,
Secretary of the Interior.

List of documents accompanying the report of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs for the year 1860.

NEW YORK AGENCY.


MICHIGAN AGENCY.


AGENCY FOR THE INDIANS IN THE VICINITY OF GREEN BAY.

No. 3.—Report of A. D. Bonesteel, agent for the Indians in that vicinity.

No. 4.—Report of E. A. Goodnough, teacher to the first Christian party of Oneidas.

No. 5.—Report of David Lewis, teacher to the Oneidas.

No. 6.—Report of Jeremiah Slingerland, teacher to the Stockbridges and Munsees.

No. 7.—Report of Sarah J. Slingerland, teacher to the Stockbridges and Munsees.

No. 8.—Report of Rosalie Dousman, teacher to the Menomonees.

No. 9.—Report of Jane Dousman, teacher to the Menomonees.

No. 10.—Report of L. Goldstucker, teacher to the Menomonees.

No. 11.—Report of Frederick Haas, farmer to the Menomonees.

No. 12.—Report of Samuel T. Litch, miller to the Menomonees.

No. 13.—Report of Harvey Field, blacksmith to the Menomonees.
NORTHERN SUPERINTENDENCY.

No. 14.—Report of W. J. Cullen, superintendent.
No. 16.—Report of John D. Wren, physician to the Chippewas of the Mississippi.
No. 18.—Report of Joseph R. Brown, agent for the Sioux of the Mississippi.
No. 19.—Report of S. Brown, superintendent of schools for the Upper and Lower Sioux.
No. 20.—Report of Jane S. Williamson, teacher to the Sioux.
No. 21.—Report of T. W. Cullen, superintendent of farms to the Lower Sioux.
No. 22.—Report of John Nairn, carpenter for the Upper and Lower Sioux.
No. 23.—Report of Michael Iton, blacksmith to the Lower Sioux.
No. 24.—Report of William Allen, blacksmith to the Upper Sioux.
No. 25.—Report of Charles H. Mix, agent for the Winnebagoes.
No. 26.—Report of A. Coleman, physician to the Winnebagoes.

CENTRAL SUPERINTENDENCY.

No. 28.—Report of A. M. Robinson, superintendent.
No. 29.—Report of A. J. Vaughan, agent for the Blackfeet.
No. 31.—Report of A. H. Redfield, agent for the Yancton Sioux.
No. 33.—Report of J. L. Gillis, agent for the Pawnees.
No. 34.—Report of R. B. Gillis, farmer to the Pawnees.
No. 35.—Report of W. W. Dennison, agent for the Ottoes and Missourias.
No. 38.—Report of Thomas B. Sykes, agent for the Delawares.
No. 41.—Report of Wm. E. Murphy, agent for the Pottawatomies.
No. 42.—Report of Perry Fuller, agent for the Sacs and Foxes of the Mississippi, and the Ottowas and Chippewas.
No. 43.—Report of M. C. Dickey, agent for the “Kaws,” or Kansas Indians.
No. 44.—Report of Seth Clover, agent for the Weas and Piankeshaws, Kaskaskias and Peorias, and Miamis.

SOUTHERN SUPERINTENDENCY.

No. 45.—Report of Elias Rector, superintendent.
No. 46.—Report of Andrew J. Dorn, agent for the Osages, Quapaws, Senecas and Shawnees, and Senecas.
No. 48.—Report of James J. Killebrew, farmer to the Quapaws.
No. 49.—Report of W. H. Garrett, agent for the Creeks.
No. 51.—Report of Samuel M. Rutherford, agent for the Seminoles.
No. 53.—Report of Rev. O. P. Stark, missionary to the Choc'taws.
No. 54.—Report of Rev. C. C. Copeland, missionary to the Choc'taws.
No. 56.—Report of Rev. Allen Wright, missionary to the Choc'taws.
No. 57.—Report of Rev. Cyrus Byington, missionary to the Choc'taws.
No. 58.—Report of C. Kingsbury, superintendent of the Chuala Boarding School.
No. 59.—Report of George Ainslie, superintendent of Koonsha Seminary.
No. 60.—Report of John Edwards, superintendent of Wheelock female Seminary.
No. 64.—Report of F. M. Paine, superintendent of Fort Coffee and New Hope Academies.
No. 65.—Report of Alexander Reid, superintendent of Spencer Academy.
No. 66.—Report of Joseph Dukes, school trustee.
No. 71.—Report of M. Leeper, agent for the Wichita and neighboring tribes.
LIST OF PAPERS ACCOMPANYING THE REPORT.

NEW MEXICO SUPERINTENDENCY.

No. 72.—Report of J. L. Collins, superintendent.
No. 73.—Report of C. Carson, agent for the Indians within the Taos agency.
No. 74.—Report of Silas F. Kendrick, agent for the Pueblos.
No. 75.—Report of John Walker, agent for the Indians within the Tucson agency.

UTAH SUPERINTENDENCY.

No. 76.—Report of A. Humphreys, agent for the Indians within the ‘‘Utah’’ agency.

OREGON AND WASHINGTON SUPERINTENDENCY.

No. 77.—Report of E. R. Geary, superintendent.
No. 78.—Report of M. T. Simmons, agent for the Indians of Puget’s Sound district.
No. 80.—Report of W. B. Kimball, physician to Squaxin reserve.
No. 81.—Report of C. C. Pagett, teacher upon Squaxin reserve.
No. 82.—Report of D. M. Mounts, Nisqually farmer.
No. 84.—Report of R. H. Lansdale, agent for the Klickitat, Wisham, Columbia river, Yakima, and Winatcha Indians.
No. 86.—Report of Daniel Newcomb, agent for the Indians within the ‘‘Siletz’’ agency.
No. 87.—Report of E. B. Ball, teacher at Siletz.
No. 88.—Report of J. B. Sykes, sub-agent at Yaquina bay.
No. 89.—Report of John F. Miller, agent at Grand Ronde.

MISCELLANEOUS.

No. 91.—Office letter to Agent Butler, of November 29, 1859, relative to the intruders upon the Cherokee neutral land.
No. 92.—Office letter to Charles W. Blair, Esq., of March 13, 1860, relative to said intruders.
No. 93.—Office letter to Superintendent Rector, of April 21, 1860, relative to said intruders.
No. 94.—Office letter, of June 4, 1860, to Secretary of Interior relative to said intruders.
No. 95.—Office letter, of same date, to Elias Rector, relative to said intruders.
No. 96.—Letter of Agent Cowart, of November 5, 1860, in regard to his proceedings against said intruders.

No. 97.—Letter of ditto, of November 9, 1860.

No. 98.—Office circular to agents, requiring prompt rendition of their accounts.

No. 99.—Special report of Commissioner Greenwood relative to his visit to the Cheyennes and Arrapahoes.

No. 100.—Official instructions to the newly appointed supervising agents of California.

No. 101.—Office letter appointing John A. Dreibelbis one of said supervising agents.

No. 102.—Office letter appointing J. Y. McDuffie the other supervising agent.

No. 103.—Statement showing action of office relative to applications by Indians for bounty land.

No. 104.—Report of G. Bailey, disbursing clerk, upon the Indian trust fund.

No. 1.

U. S. AGENCY FOR THE INDIANS IN THE STATE OF NEW YORK,
Buffalo, September 29, 1860.

Sir: Since my last annual report I have visited the various bands of the Six Nations of Indians within this State in the discharge of my official duties.

I believe that all of them are making some progress in the scale of civilization.

The Senecas, at Tonawanda reservation, encouraged by a sense of security consequent upon the settlement of their difficulties with the Ogden Company, and by the generous promise of J. H. Martindale to bestow $100 in premiums upon such of the band as should excel in their husbandry, have sown and planted more acres than heretofore, and have made manifest improvement in the tillage of their land. There is reason to believe that this band will hereafter make much better relative progress.

The past year has been very healthy, and the births exceed the deaths by a considerable number.

There has been no change in the number or denominational character of the missionary establishments during the year.

The State of New York has maintained among the various tribes twenty-three schools, at an expense $4,742.88, for the last fiscal year. There are a number of native teachers so useful and efficient as to demonstrate the wisdom of the policy of the department in making allowances for the educational expenses of Indian youth.

The Thomas Asylum, for orphan and destitute Indian children, is entirely successful in all things pertaining to the care and education of the children intrusted to it. But its pecuniary wants are but poorly supplied. The State of New York helps it but little; and the trustees have a grateful appreciation of the allowance of $500 which they