

WOOD-sage. See the article **SAGE**, supra.
WOOD-sorrel. See the article **SORREL**, supra.
WOODMEIL, a coarse, hairy kind of stuff, made of Iceland-wool, with which the ship-carpenters, in some of his majesty's yards, line the ports of ships of war. *Blanckley's Naval Expofitor*, in voc.
WOODY-nightshade. See the article **NIGHTSHADE**, supra.
WOOLDING, in the sea language, denotes the winding of ropes, at certain distances, about a mast, in order to strengthen it. *Blanckley's Naval Expofitor*, in voc.
WORM (Suppl.)—Earth-WORM. See the articles **LUMBRICUS**, *Append.* and **WORMS**, *Suppl.*
Golden-WORM, *vermis aureus*, a name sometimes given to the *aphrodita*, a genus of sea insects. See the article **APHRODITA**, *Append.*
Guinea-WORM, or **Hair-WORM**, names used for the *chatia* of naturalists. See the article **CHÆTIA**, *Append.*

Sea-WORM. See the article **LUMBRICUS**, *Append.*
Tape-WORM. See the article **TAPE-worm**, *Suppl.*
WORMING of a dog, is the cutting out a nerve from under his tongue; by which means, it is said, that if ever he runs mad, he will be rendered incapable of biting. Query the fact.
WOULD, a name used sometimes by the farmers for the *luteola*, or dyer's weed. See the article **LUTEOLA**, *Suppl.*
WOUND-wort, the name of a genus of plants, called by botanists *vulneraria*. See the article **VULNERARIA**, *Suppl.*
WOUND-wort is also the name of the *solidago*, another genus of plants, called by Tournefort *virga aurea*, or golden rod. See the article **VIRGA**, *Suppl.*
WOUND-wort of Achilles, a name sometimes given to the *millefolium*, or yarrow. See the article **MILLEFOLIUM**, *Suppl.*
WREN. See **JENNY-wren**, *Suppl.*
WYTHERS, the same with *withers*. See **WITHERS**, *Cycl.*

X.

XIPHOS, *Ξίφος*, among the Athenians, a capital punishment by beheading with the sword. *Potter, Archæol. Græc. Tom. I. p. 133.* See the article **PUNISHMENT**, *Cycl.*

XYLOSTEUM, in botany, the name of a genus of plants, according to Rivinus, but comprehended under the *lonicera* by Linnæus. See the article **LONICERA**, *Append.*

Y.

YAMS, in botany, a name sometimes used for the *rhizophora* of Linnæus. See the article **RHIZOPHORA**, *Append.*
YARD (Suppl.)—The yards of ships are usually fashioned into eight sides in the middle, and from thence taper to the ends in sixteen.
 The top and top-gallant yards are generally made out of Gottenburg, or Norway masts: all which are made of suitable dimensions, both in diameter and length. *Blanckley's Naval Expofitor*, in voc.

YARN (Suppl.)—Marking-YARN, in ships of war. See the article **MARKING**, *Append.*
YARROW, the English name of a genus of plants, called by botanists *millefolium*. See the article **MILLEFOLIUM**, *Suppl.*
Water-YARROW, the English name of the *bottonia*, a distinct genus of plants. See the article **HOTTONIA**, *Suppl.*
YEANING, a term used for an ewe's lambing, or bringing forth a lamb. *Rust. Dict.* in voc.
YEARNING, the same with *earning*. See **EARNING**, *Append.*
YEOMAN of the salt stores. See **ACATERY**, *Cycl.*